HISTORY OF THE 318th INFANTRY REGIMENT

OF THE EIGHTIETH DIVISION

1917-1919

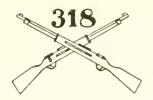


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Book 33







HISTORY

OF THE

318th INFANTRY REGIMENT

OF THE

80th DIVISION

1917 - 1919.



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Foreword



E PUBLISH this, the History of the 318th Infantry Regiment of the 80th Division, some weeks after the members of the regiment have scattered to take up again the pursuits of civil life.

The regiment is, indeed, no more.

"The war drums cease their throbbing and the battle flags

are furled."

Yet an intangible something remains, product and result of some twenty-one months of the closest and most intimate contact in camp and bivouac, in billet and trench, in training and battle, in life and in death. Perhaps one can name it rightly only by the phrase of our Allies, *csprit de corps*; and this spirit lives and will live as long as men take pride in love of country and in duty well performed.

The seeds of this spirit are to be found in the fighting stock from which the regiment sprang. At its organization in September, 1917, the eastern counties of Virginia furnished to the regiment its entire enlisted personnel, sturdy sons of the men who bore the brunt of the fighting under the Stars and Bars.

Many changes in the regiment's personnel occurred during the months of training at Camp Lee, so that when the regiment sailed for France in May, 1018, its membership embraced men from practically every State in the Union, with Virginia and Pennsylvania predominating; and here it is well to record that the sons of these two States fought as heartily together as ever their fathers fought against each other. And, from the association together of their sons, the two States will derive a better appreciation and understanding, each of the other, making the Mason and Dixon line a still more imaginary boundary than heretofore.

The regiment has been through nearly every experience which falls to the lot of the soldier; the first awkward days of readjustment to the ways of army life; the long and, at times, bitterly cold months of training at Camp Lee, supposedly located in the "Sunny South"; the voyage "Over There" on the U. S. S. Leviathan; the days of training and of experience in trench warfare with the British; the heart-rending assaults on the Bots des Ogons, where our sacrifices seemed vain; the triumphant advance from Brzyncy to Yonco, where we swept everything before us; the winter in the Department of Yonne, while awaiting our return to the United States; and the return to the States aboard the U. S. S. Maui, followed by immediate demobilization.

We entered the army, an untrained, incoherent mob; we leave it, soldiers, proud of our uniform, our regiment and the cause for which we fought.

* * * * * * * *

We have endeavored, in this little volume, to be historically accurate, but the reader is reminded that, prior to November 11, 1918, the regiment was engaged solely in making history, not in writing it. This record, compiled since that date, has been written largely from memory.

The appendices contain rosters of the officers and men of the regiment, official reports of the battle operations, and maps of the regions where the regiment was engaged.

The editor desires to acknowledge here his indebtedness to the many who have rendered effective assistance in the preparation of this volume.



To Our Immortal Dead Fallen on the Field of Battle 1918

" Dulce et Decorum est pro Patria Mori"

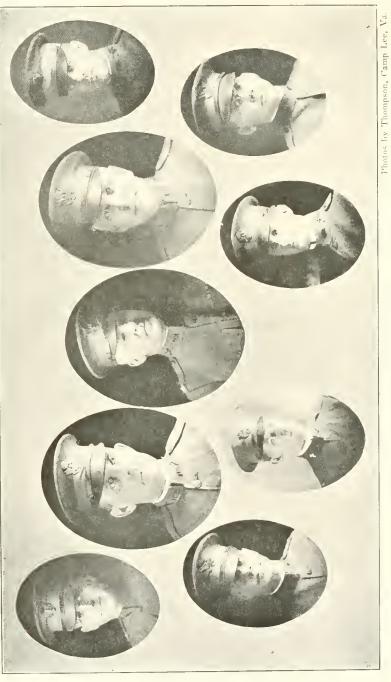
The Roll of Honor

Private Joseph Angelo Private William S. Ashbrook Bugler LAWRENCE G. BARGER Bugler WILLIE R. BARRETT Private CLAYTON W. BARTLESON First Lieutenant Lames D. Bebout Private Charles D. Benton Private First Class Estel G. Bloxom Private William H. Boyd Private Van Bradshaw Private Tognetti Bruno Private William H. A. Butler Corporal John J. Buyalos Corporal Lycob S. Carter Private Frank B. Cassell Sergeant Allen B. CLARKE Second Lieut. JAY F. CLEMMER, IR. Sergeant John P. Clingempell First Lieutenant G. FRANK COBLE Private First Class Emmett Cole Private First Class James M. Cole Private Fred. H. Colley Private RAYMOND R. COLLINS Second Lieutenant Byron P. Croker Corporal Frank S. Crosby Private 1st Cl. Ronald E. Crowder Captain John Crum First Lieut, Tingle W. Culbertson Private Archie Cummings First Lieutenant Joseph M. Davidson Private 1st cl Franklin L. Dawson Private Ralph Dismario Corporal George B. Dyer Private LAWRENCE P. EGLI Private Guido Faggiana Private 1st cl Theodore W. Fisher Private Gerald W. Fox Private James V. Frada

Private Albert Fullington Sergeant William D. Garland Private Joseph L. Gaskins Private Albert M. Getz Private WILLIAM A. GIBSON Private First Class James II, Gomer Private CHARLES V. GRIMME Corporal CHARLES GRIMSLEY Private Iulius B. Hagman Sergeant Samuel I. Haynes Private First Class WILLIAM HAYNES Private EMMET V. HEFLER Private Kennie Heflen Sergeant Charles E. Heishman Private FRED W. HETZEL Private Allen Higginbotham Sergeant Curtis R. Hood First Lieutenant NATHANIEL H. HORT First Lieutenant Samuel H. Hubbard Private William K. Hughes Private John W. Ingersoll Private EDWARD T. JENKINS Private Evert E. LIVIDEN Private Loyal G. Johnson Private First Class George M. Joy Private 1st Class CHARLES O. KERSEY Private Andrew H. Klein Private Alexander Knight Private Charles E. Koehler Private MIKE KORCH Private First Class Harvey Lambert Private George M. Lang. Sergeant CHARLES W. LEWIS Private Tomasco Lucia Private John J. Luckham Corporal Joseph Mardl Private Samuel Martello Private Thomas I. Martin

Private First Class John F. Massie Sergeant Everett T. MATTHEWS Private 1st Class Herbert L. Mauch Private John H. McQuiston Sergeant Clifton L. Melton Private FRANK MIESKI Private HARRY B. MILES Private Willis P. MITCHELL First Lieutenant CLOVIS MOOMAW Private Charles W. Moore Private John H. Morgan Private First Class WILEY S. NEAL First Licut, William O. Neubauer Private James L. Nevlox First Lieutenant MAURICE P. NIVEN Private Bruce M. Noble Private Roy Norcutt Private John L. Palmer Private John E. Penn Private Clufton L. Perkins Private Thomas J. Perry Private James F. Porter Private DAVID W. POWERS Private Nathan Pride Private EDGAR I. OUINN Private William F. Ramsey Sergeant RAYMOND W. RECTOR Private William R. Roberts First Lieut, CHARLES A. ROBERTSON Sergeant Thomas B. Sale Private Pierce S. Salver First Sergeant George C. Schutte

Corporal Kirby S. Selden Private Charles T. Sheets Corporal Jesse T. Shilled Corporal Whaliam M. Sims Private 1st Cl George F. Sengleton Private First Class Algie H. Slovy Private First Class Frank L. Smriii Sergeant Fred B. SMITH Private JESSE F. SMITH Corporal John E. Smith, Jr. Private Howard A. Stahl Private 1st Cl Harry A. Steinbough Private James L. Stephens Corporal Joseph A. Stephens Private James M. Stewart Private William A. Sublett Private First Class John H. Sullivan Private First Class Jesse M. TANNER Private LONNIE H. THOMPSON Private Walter Turbis First Lieutenant Lymes A. Turner Private HENRY F. VEITH Private GIOVANNI VITTARIELLO Pvt. 1st Cl. Wilton T. Wanwright Corporal OLIVER E. WARD Private William J. Ward Private ARTHUR J. WHITE Corporal Oscar W. White Sergeant Archibald Whittle Corporal Herbert J. Whitzgall Private Arthur C. Woestehoff Private CECIL WYNTT



CAPTAIN RAYMOND MAJOR DOCKERY

LIEUT.-COL. LOVE MAJOR SWEENY

COLONEL WELLS

COLONEL WORRILOW CHAPLAIN BROWN

CAPTAIN NUNN MAJOR WISE

CHAPTER I

Organization



HE 318th Infantry Regiment was organized at Camp Lee, near Petersburg, Va., in September, 1917, Colonel Briant H. Wells, commanding, and, with the 317th Infantry and the 313th Machine Gun Battalion, was assigned to the 150th Infantry Brigade, commanded by Brigadier-General Charles S. Farnsworth, the 150th and 160th

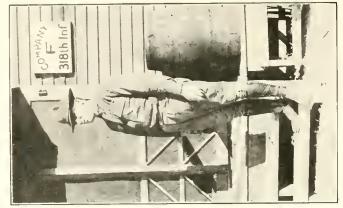
Brigades comprising the infantry of the 80th Division, Major-General Adelbert Cronkhite commanding.

The 150th Brigade was known from the first as a Virginia organization, from the fact that the enlisted personnel of the two infantry regiments was originally drawn entirely from that State, the 317th from the western, the 318th from the eastern counties, although the officers came from all sections of the United States.

The enlisted personnel of the 80th Division, as a whole, was drawn from Virginia, West Virginia and the western counties of Pennsylvania, giving the division the name of "The Blue Ridge Division." The designation was a happy one, for the three States have been bound even more closely together by their association in the 80th Division than they are by the famous ridge.

All the officers assigned to this regiment at its formation, with the exception of Colonel Briant H. Wells, Lieutenant-Colonel James M. Love, Jr., and Major Albert B. Dockery, of the Regular Army, were graduates of the First Officers' Training Camp at Fort Myer, Virginia, and represented nearly every State in the Union. The majority of the officers had received no military training other than that gained as members of the Provisional Training Regiments at Plattsburg in the summers of 1015 and 1010 and from attendance at the Training Camp at Fort Myer. There were, however, a few notable exceptions.

Major Charles Sweeny, at one time a student at West Point and a sometime member of Madero's Army in Mexico, came to the regiment after serving through two and one-half years of the European War as a member of the French Foreign Legion. During his service in the Foreign Legion he rose from the ranks to a captaincy and won the decorations of the Legion of Honor, the Military Medal, and the Croix de Guerre. He came to the United States in the spring of 1917 as a member of the Mission headed by Marshal Joffre. In May, 1917, he was commissioned à major in the Infantry Section of the Officers' Reserve Corps, United States Army.



CAPTAIN CRUM



COLONEL WELLS



MAJOR SWEENY

Captain John Crum, a former member of Villa's Army in Mexico, came to the regiment after serving some two years with the British Expeditionary Forces on the Western Front.

In addition to these two officers there were a few officers who had served one or more enlistments in the Regular Army and had been commissioned at Fort Myer, Virginia. Still others had served one or more years in National Guard organizations, of whom some had seen recent service on the Mexican Border.

The Officers' Training Camp at Fort Myer sent out its graduates on the 15th of August, 1917, and the officers of the Third and Fourth Companies were assigned to the 318th Infantry, with orders to report for duty at Camp Lee on the 27th of August. In compliance with these orders, the officers arrived at Petersburg on a fearfully hot, windy day, detraining in a sandy desert, where they were met by Lieutenant-Colonel Love, who directed them to the area assigned to the regiment.

It is safe to assert that the first impressions of the camp that were formed by these officers were far from pleasing ones. The camp was still in process of construction and many days were to clapse before it reached completion. As a result, the period between the arrival of the officers and that of the first contingent of the draft which was to form the nucleus of the regiment, was spent in endeavoring to speed up the carpenters and plumbers and in attending schools on the Infantry Drill Regulations and the Field Service Regulations with the officers of the 317th Infantry, which schools were conducted by Brigadier-General Farusworth, commanding the 150th Brigade. Many officers had fondly imagined that their period of study had ceased on August 15th. Such illusions were speedily dispelled. Late in November an officer was heard to remark: "Schools? I'm only in the Third Grade—and you have to take a college degree in them!"

On September 4th, word having been received that the first group of enlisted men would arrive that night or the following morning, the regiment was organized, per General Order No. 1, Headquarters 318th Infantry, as follows:

Colonel Briant H. Wells, Commanding,
Lieutenant-Colonel James M. Love, Jr.
Major Albert B. Dockfry, Commanding 1st Battalion,
Major Charles Sweeny, Commanding 2nd Battalion,
Captain Henry H. Burdick, Commanding 3rd Battalion,
Captain Senius J. Raymond, Adjutant,
Captain Ernest L. Nunn, Supply Officer,
Captain Paul D. Connor, Commanding Headquarters Company,
Captain Robert J. Halpin, Commanding Machine Gun Company,
Captain Clarence E. Goldsmith, Commanding Company "A,"
Captain Herbert R. Rising, Commanding Company "B,"
Captain Clinton D. Winner, Commanding Company "C,"

Captain THOMAS J. ECHOLS, Commanding Company "D."

Captain Edward II. Little, Commanding Company "E." Captain John Crum. Commanding Company "F." Captain Charles C. Griffin, Commanding Company "G." Captain Gulian V. Weir, Commanding Company "H." Captain Robert C. Powfll, Commanding Company "I." Captain Robert M. Dashfell, Commanding Company "K." Captain Albert T. Griffin, Commanding Company "L." Captain Louis J. Koch, Commanding Company "M."

Lientenant-Colonel Love was made Chief Mustering Officer for the regiment,

and everything was ready to receive the new arrivals.

The military authorities had decided that the drafted men would be sent to camp in the approximate ratio of 5 per cent, the first week, 15 per cent, the second week, 25 per cent, the third week, and the balance the last week, and had asked for volunteers for the first 5 per cent. Strenuous efforts had been made to have accommodations ready for the first arrivals; but, in spite of everything, the plumbing was not completed and messing facilities were not installed when the men arrived, and bedding was received at the same time as the men.

On the late afternoon of September 5th the first group arrived and were rapidly sent through the Mustering Office, then sent to "A" and "E" Companies for rations and quarters. It had been determined that, rather than distribute through the fifteen companies the 350 or more men who were received in the first 5 per cent., "A" and "E" Companies would be brought up to the then authorized strength of 150 men each, and the balance sent to "I" Company.

In accordance with this scheme, "A" Company received its full quota and was mustered in on September 7th, the first company of the regiment to be mustered into the service, and, it is believed, the first company to be mustered into the National Army. "E" Company received its quota and was mustered in on the following day, and the balance of the men, some fifty in number, were

assigned to "I" Company.

The new arrivals were rapidly introduced to the rigors and intricacies of army life. Men were at once detailed to install kitchen equipment, to go considerable distances in search of water, which, prior to the completion of the plumbing system, was very scarce, and to receive, store, and issue quartermaster property and ordnance property; and be it known to all that quartermaster and ordnance supplies embrace practically every item of equipment needed to convert the civilian into the soldier. While company commanders were busily engaged in supervising the above activities, lieutenants found their hands full in the effort to teach the recruits the fundamentals of soldiering as embodied in that well-known document, the "Infantry Drill Regulations," Chapter I, entitled "The School of the Soldier."

It is perhaps not amiss to mention here that the majority of the members of this regiment had been brought up and spent most of their lives on farms, and they were at once given an opportunity to use this experience to good advantage. The drill field which had been assigned to the regiment was completely covered with fully grown corn, and, to those officers who had not had the benefit of a farming career, presented almost insurmountable difficulties in preparing it for drill purposes. But someone had a bright idea. The farmer army was turned loose and in twenty-four hours there was no corn in sight. The time would have been appreciably less had it not been for the great number of rabbits whose homes were destroyed during the process. It should, however, be recorded as a matter of history that the rabbit stood as much chance as the proverbial snowball, and rabbits and corn disappeared simultaneously. Thereafter it was a matter of only a few days until the steady tramp, tramp of drilling hosts levelled the furrows and gave us a first-class drill field.

In the latter part of October the regiment reached its full quota of officers and men. Before that, however, the War Department had changed the tables of organization for practically all units in the army, increasing the authorized strength of infantry companies from 150 to 250 men, with the officer personnel increased to one captain, three first lieutenants and two second lieutenants. This necessitated a reassignment of barracks, the 2nd Battalion as a whole moving to a new section. Other units remained in their old barracks, taking over the vacated barracks for their additional personnel.

In the early days of November, sufficient opportunity having been given to know the men, the majority of the non-commissioned officers were selected and the regiment gradually assumed the aspect of an organization instead of a mob.

CHAPTER H

Training "Over Here"



11E training of the regiment began simultaneously with the arrival of the first contingent on September 5, 1917, and continued without interruption until the regiment was disbanded. The notes of Reveille, at first received with inherent aversion, soon became no more abhorrent than the music of the familiar alarm clock; and it

was not long before the slouch of the civilian gave way to the erect bearing of the soldier.

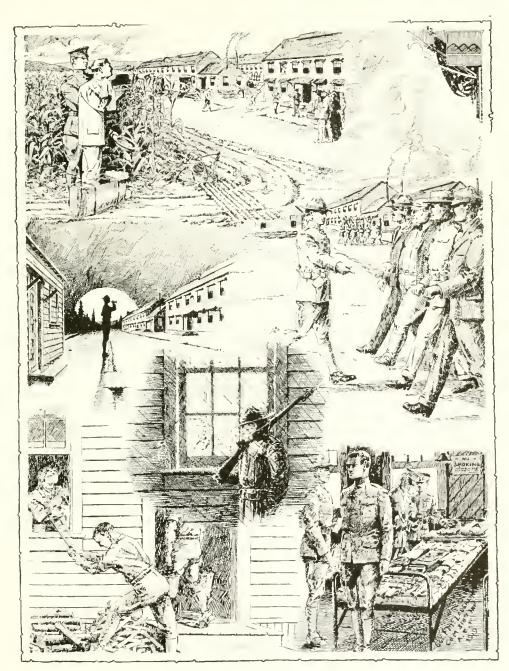
That first month was a strenuous one for all. Work on the drill field continued steadily from 7:30 in the morning until 4:30 in the afternoon, Saturdays and Sundays excepted. But activities did not cease with the sounding of Recall. In the evenings there were schools for the officers, schools for the non-commissioned officers, schools for the illiterates. In the evenings equipment, as it gradually became available, was issued, accompanied by talks and demonstrations on its use and care.

And at all times company commanders were busy breaking in first sergeants, supply sergeants, mess sergeants and company clerks; teaching the elements of personal bygiene and of first-aid treatment; explaining the articles of war and the principles of military discipline and courtesy. At times, indeed, it appeared to company commanders that sleep had been suppressed as a non-essential industry.

And always there was the paper work, unceasing, endless, inexorable. Officers, fresh from civil pursuits, often wondered why all commissions were not reserved for expert accountants.

But order gradually came out of chaos. Material for non-commissioned officers was plentiful and was not long in being discovered; and after the first week or so the men could be relied upon not to put on their leggins upside down. It was more difficult to eatch an entire platoon in step, even when the band was playing; but this also was finally accomplished. And it is remarkable how rapidly the men gained in weight and health by reason of the well-ordered lives they led, the vigorous exercise they took, and the enormous meals they consumed three times a day.

In October, the people of Richmond, Va., having expressed a desire to see a parade of the veterans of one month's training, a provisional battalion, composed of Company "A," 318th Infantry, and a company of the 317th Infantry,



SCENES AT CAMP LEE

under command of Major Jennings C. Wise, commanding the 3rd Battalion since September 17, 1917, was sent to Richmond and made a most creditable showing. Every one was much astonished at the progress which had been made, a progress which would not have been possible, had not the men entered heart and soul into the spirit of the game from the very beginning.

Shortly thereafter Governor Stuart, of Virginia, visited the camp and again the men demonstrated their progress. On this occasion a provisional battalion was formed, each company having 250 men, it being the first time that any officers or men of this camp had ever seen a company of that size pass in review. This battalion was also commanded by Major Wise and was composed of "E" and "F" Companies of the 318th and two companies of the 317th Infantry. Due to the fact that all of the men in the companies were not fully equipped, 100 men from "A" Company were attached to "E" Company and an equal number from "G" Company to "F" Company.

In the meantime the camp had been brought to a state of completion, and the advisability of preserving spare lumber, nails, etc., for a future rainy day had become apparent to all, the result being that an investigation underneath any of the barracks would have disclosed a most remarkable collection of paraphernalia. Unfortunately, some humorous member of the staff issued an order that nothing must be kept under the barracks, and that all lumber and other material then stored there must be neatly piled at the end of and ten feet from the buildings. The result was most astonishing and each company vied with the others to see which one would have the biggest pile.

During the month of November, 1917, the Hon, Newton D. Baker came to Camp Lee and reviewed the entire division. The 2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry, under command of Major Sweeny, was chosen as the guard of honor, to welcome the Secretary on his arrival. It was unfortunately an extremely cold day, with a high wind blowing, which made standing around a rather trying ordeal. The horseless and gunless artillery and the blue denim negro battalion claimed that they carried off the honors of the day, but the infantry admit that never was there a better parade than the exhibition they made; and unquestionably the 318th Infantry, as in everything else, led them all.

It may be remarked as a matter of interest that the papers subsequently stated that Secretary of War Baker reviewed the 80th Division, which filed by with perfect ranks and with all men fully equipped!

About the middle of November the War Department decided to rush certain divisions overseas and, in order to bring them up to war strength, called for detachments from all of the other divisions in the East, with the result that in the end this regiment sent approximately 1,000 men to other organizations. It was, of course, very discouraging to men and officers to see the organizations broken up and scattered to the four winds; and from this time until early in April training was carried on with the companies greatly reduced in strength, averaging, approximately, 175 men.

On November 24th Major Jennings C. Wise was transferred to the 314th Machine Gun Battalion. Captain Henry H. Burdick assuming command of the 3rd battalion. Captain Burdick was commissioned major February 9, 1918, continuing in command of the 3rd Battalion until the regiment was demobilized.

Meantime, the psychiatrists had been given an opportunity to amuse themselves, and officers and men alike had undergone the test for sanity, which consisted of placing the dot in the part of the square which was in the circle, but not in the triangle, or in placing the dot in that part of the triangle which was in the square, but not in the circle; and deciding that very important question of "how many legs has a Korean?"—to which one man replied: "I don't know, but it must be four, otherwise the man wouldn't be such a damn fool as to ask," If you answered all of these questions and some others of a like nature correctly, you got 414, which proved you insane; if you didn't answer any of them you got zero, which proved that you did not have enough brains to be insane. Intermediate ratings showed intermediate degrees of insanity.

Fortunately, none of the men or officers were permanently harmed as a result of this ordeal; but they had scarcely recovered from the effects of this form of diversion when the Government invented a new game, known as the War Risk Allotment. It proved to be a most worthy act of the greatest benefit to all members of the armed forces, but one which, unfortunately, was launched before anybody could be found who understood its operation, as a consequence of which the spare hours of the evening were spent in trying to decide whether you came under Class A, B or C, if you had a stepmother, two sisters, and a stepbrother. In the long run the result was usually determined by tossing up a coin.

About the end of November practically everybody had been War Risked, and all sat back to take it easy—and then along came the Liberty Loan, and the members of this regiment decided that it was up to them to give not only their services but also their money; and, in spite of the fact that the members of the regiment came from a part of the country where money is not plentiful, they succeeded in three days' time in raising a most gratifying sum. A large portion of this represented the purchase by the individual soldier, who agreed to allot to the Government a portion of his pay each month. The regiment may justly pride itself that only one organization in the division exceeded its subscription and that, in that instance, a very large proportion of the amount subscribed was given by a small group of very wealthy individuals.

Shortly before Thanksgiving the War Department sent out instructions that 30 per cent, of the men would be given leaves to go home for this holiday. Those so unfortunate as not to be included in this percentage managed to fare very well in camp, as the company funds of all organizations were called upon to provide a real Thanksgiving Teast.

For some time our energetic and able adjutant, Captain Raymond, had been working quietly but effectively to turn out from the members of the regiment a creditable show, having two purposes in mind; first, entertainment for the members of the regiment; and, second, a means of building up a regimental fund

with which to purchase instruments for the band and athletic equipment for the men. At Thanksgiving time he announced that he was prepared to prove to the people of Richmond and Petersburg that Virginians were not only good fighters, but also good actors. The 318th Infantry Minstrels performed in Richmond on Thanksgiving night to a crowded and most enthusiastic house. It was voted a great success by all and accomplished its objects, proving financially profitable and helping to bring the various elements of the regiment together.

From now on the training was carried on with great difficulty, due to the extremely cold and wet weather; but almost before anyone realized it, Christmas was at hand and again 30 per cent, were permitted to visit their families. The balance of the men were naturally greatly disappointed at having to remain; nevertheless they displayed that splendid spirit of "playing the game," which later on the fields of France through all of the hardships of a most arduous campaign made possible the wonderful success achieved by the 80th Division. These men entered into the spirit of the season and decorated all the barracks, providing Christmas trees, and having a real old-fashioned Christmas in spite of everything.

The pleasure of this holiday season was considerably dampened for the officers and men of the regiment when they found that their much respected and beloved Colonel Briant H. Wells had been ordered to Washington, as a member of the Army General Staff, later to become a member of General Bliss' Staff, which preceded this regiment to France by some five months. It was the first of many such sacrifices which the regiment was called upon to make for the benefit of the army as a whole.

Lieutenant-Colonel Love, who had been on detached service at Fort Sill for some three months, and who was consequently not very well known to the members of the regiment, returned December 20th and temporarily took command of the regiment, pending the opening on January 5, 1918, of the 3d Officers' Training Camp at Camp Lee, of which he was commandant. When Lieutenant-Colonel Love took up his duties at the 3d Officers' Training Camp, Major Albert B. Dockery, the ranking major of the regiment, assumed the duties of regimental commander until the arrival of Colonel Ulysses G. Worrilow, United States Army, who was assigned to the regiment on March 6th, but, being on duty at the 155th Depot Brigade, did not actually assume command until March 10, 1918.

The citizens of Petersburg and the neighboring counties had frequently stated that the winters in this locality, while at times somewhat cold, were practically free from snow, and that snow, if it fell, never remained on the ground for more than twenty-four hours. It may be said, in this connection, that from about the middle of December until the end of January there was at least a foot of ice and snow on the ground almost continuously, and the New Year was heralded in camp by the freezing of nearly all of the water mains, with the thermometer not far from zero.

On the 5th of January the 3d Officers' Training Camp was opened and this regiment sent many non-commissioned officers and privates as candidates to this

school. These were all picked men and their departure was a big loss to the regiment, although it afforded an opportunity for many men to develop under the added responsibility which was placed upon them.

Due to the excessively cold weather and the unusual amount of snow, the training during the months of January and February was considerably retarded, and consisted mainly of brisk hikes under full equipment, and munerous conferences indoors, interspersed with bayonet work on the outside. Later, as spring came on, the division started the construction of a divisional trench sector and much time was spent by the regiment in the construction and occupation of these trenches. The principal part of the remaining time was devoted to musketry training and firing on the range.

About the first of April the new draft was received and sufficient men allotted to the regiment to bring it up to war strength, 114 officers and 3,720 enlisted men, these figures including medical and ordnance detachments. Nearly all of this draft was from Pennsylvania and naturally looked upon the older men as veterans of long standing. In order not to retard the instruction of the older men, the new draft was put in separate barracks and given special instruction under selected officers and non-commissioned officers. These men showed the same spirit the original draft had displayed and, by the end of a month, were considered to have progressed far enough to permit their being absorbed in the companies of the regiment.

For some time now there had been constant rumors of the division leaving for "Over There." Finally, in the early part of May, orders were received to be prepared to move on short notice. The time thereafter was spent in checking and re-checking and checking again to see that every man in the organization was fully equipped for overseas duty. Company property was carefully marked and labeled and for many days the regiment was "on its toes" awaiting the signal to move, until all began to fear that someone had cried "Wolf!" Many, indeed, felt "all dressed up and no place to go!"

However, they awoke one morning to find that part of the 100th Brigade had already entrained; and, shortly thereafter, orders were received for the 318th Infantry Regiment to leave, and on the 20th of May at 1 P. M. the regiment entrained for Hoboken, N. J., all eager to get away.

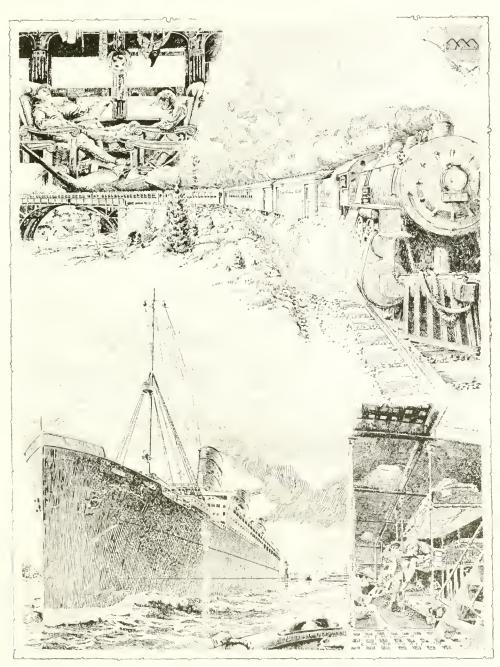
Many changes had occurred in the personnel of the regiment since it was first organized, and on the day of the departure from Camp Lee the staff officers were:

Colonel Ulysses G. Worrilow, Commanding, Lieutenant-Colonel James M. Love, Jr. Major Charles Sweeny, 2nd Battalion. Major Henry H. Burdick, 3rd Battalion. Major Robert J. Halpin, 1st Battalion. Major Clyde W. Sample, Medical Officer. Captain Senius J. Raymond, Adjutant. Captain Corvan Fisher, Personnel Officer. Captain Ernest L. Nunn, Supply Officer. First Lieutenant Reginald Davey, Intelligence Officer.

The company commanders were:

Headquarters Company—Captain Charles J. Houser.
Machine Gun Company—Captain Louie A. Cuthbert.
Company "A"—Captain Clarence E. Goldsmith.
Company "B"—Captain James S. Douglas.
Company "C"—Captain William A. Taliaferro.
Company "D"—Captain Vivian T. Douglas.
Company "E"—Captain Edward H. Little.
Company "F"—Captain John Crum.
Company "G"—Captain Charles C. Griffin.
Company "H"—Captain Grover E. Moore.
Company "I"—Captain Richard P. Williams, Jr.
Company "K"—Captain Robert M. Dashiell.
Company "L"—Captain Lincoln MacVeagh.
Company "M"—Captain Louis J. Koch.

Appendix No. 1 contains a roster of all officers who have served with the regiment, showing in each case the officer's rank and date of assignment, as well as date of transfer, if any. Appendix No. 2 contains roster, by companies, of all enlisted men who sailed for France as members of this regiment.



EN ROUTE FOR "OVER THERE"

CHAPTER III

Dodging Porpoises

HE regiment left Camp Lee in five sections, at fifteen-minute intervals, all sections coming together again just outside of Washington, D. C., where the Red Cross provided everybody with hot coffee, biscuits and cakes.

It was the first experience the men had had of traveling in troop trains; and, while at this time many thought it a rather lonesome trip and that sleeping in a day coach with three men to seats designed for four people was pretty tough, subsequent experience with cars labeled "40 Hommes of 8 Chevaux" made this trip seem like unadulterated luxury.

On the morning of May 21, 1018, the regiment pulled into Jersey City, immediately detrained and marched aboard several waiting ferry boats. Persistent inquiry of every one who would listen failed to disclose the length of our stay in the ferryslips, so the various company mess sergeants were sent on a still hunt for food for the hungry mob. In due course this was obtained and the danger of famine averted.

About () A. M. orders were received for all hands to be aboard, and shortly thereafter we started up the Hudson. For most of the men it was the first glimpse of New York City and all were carefully giving it the once over. The enthusiasm of all was considerably dampened by the terrific driving rain which accompanied us up the river.

After the ferry boats had proceeded but a short distance a large number of transports came into view. Every one immediately forgot the discomforts of the rain, while speculation ran rife as to which vessel the regiment would draw; and from all sides were heard remarks to this effect: "Ya, the big guy is that old German boat. Gee! wish we'd land her!" or "Look at that little Shrimp! Oh, boy! won't she roll!"

The boats now pulled into a pier once belonging to the North German Lloyd Line and all disembarked in short order, and sat around an unbearably long time inside, waiting further orders. Finally, about 2:30 P. M., we were told that we were fortunate enough to draw the LEVIATHAN, formerly the VATERLAND, the biggest, fastest, and at one time the most luxurious liner afloat.

Shortly before Uncle Sam entered the war, the Germans damaged the machinery, especially the boilers, of this ship (as they thought, permanently), but it had been repaired by the navy, and was now operated by the navy and used for the transport of troops. Prior to this time it had made but one trip as a transport.

This regiment was assigned to that portion of the boat known as F, G and H decks. It might be remarked here, that A deck is that portion of the ship nearest heaven; nobody knows how far down the lowest portion of the boat's anatomy is, but G and H decks represent that intermediate state between heaven and hell which is fringed by the water line and damnably unpleasant.

The boat remained at the dock until 3 P. M. the following day, taking on ammunition, supplies and more troops. These troops, while unquestionably most excellent men, were naturally of inferior quality to the 318th Infantry, and were therefore assigned to that section of the ship still nearer hell and high water.

At 3 P. M., May 22, 1018 with much tooting of whistles, and under the guidance of some three sturdy tugs, the big boat slowly backed out into the middle of the river and started on its long trip, with some 10,000 odd troops, and several thousand sailors aboard, in addition to the crew, a grand total of about 13,500 men and women; for, as luck would have it, there were some 200 nurses aboard.

Now some genius, presumably working in the Middle West, had evolved the idea that, in order to prevent the Huns' agents from knowing that the Leviathan was transporting any troops, it was necessary to keep all troops below deck until the Statue of Liberty had been passed—this, in spite of the fact that for days the big boat, with its load of human freight, could be clearly seen by anyone not too fazy to look. At any rate, it would have been a strategic triumph, if the Huns had all been blind, and it resulted in the first sight of the statue being from off Staten Island.

The first twenty-four hours spent aboard the Leviathan were as hectic as the first days at Camp Lee. The companies, each under the direction of one officer, went on board by one gang plank, while the other company officers and the first sergeants boarded ship by another route. As a consequence much time was consumed before officers were able to locate their men; and when they had succeeded in working their way by devious routes to the distant compartments, many were completely lost in trying to get back to their own quarters.

And while this confusion was at its height, mess call sounded. All officers had been furnished a copy of "How to Get to Mess and Back Again" (the latter proceeding not the least difficult). Unfortunately, few officers had had a chance to study this document carefully—and one could not digest its contents hurriedly. Therefore, one saw "confusion twice confounded"—and darkness had settled over the troubled waters long before the harried officers got their men fed and back to quarters.

But the worst was not yet. While in harbor, the water-tight compartment doors had stood open, facilitating traffic to a great extent. On weighing anchor, these doors were kept hermetically sealed, increasing the perplexities of guides fourfold. On the night of the 21st a talk had been given to the officers, explaining the intricacies of the messing system, after which they had gone over the route, guide book in hand. But, in spite of all efforts, difficulties arose at the first meal at sea, on the evening of May 22nd, when we encountered the water-tight doors for the first time.

All went well going to the mess hall, but alas, ye return! Lines passed from the mess hall northeast to stairway number 4, thence up to deck B, thence southwest to stairway 12, up to A deck and abaft to stairway 14, down to E deck, forward to stairway 10, and down to G deck. At this point the mystic instructions said: "Troops will then proceed by the nearest route to their respective sectors."

Certainly and admittedly nothing could be simpler or more clearly expressed than that; but, unfortunately, all of the nearest and shortest routes were closed by water-tight doors, before each of which stood a stern and forbidding sentinel. It was quite a predicament for the first arrivals. It became a disaster for those arriving later, who, urged on by the vigilant M. P.'s from the rear, were met in front by the early arrivals trying to get back. Careful search developed the fact that there was but one exit and that there were already four separate lines of men passing through this passage in two directions, which passage was four feet in width.

It may be said, in glossing over the intermediate harrowing details, that company commanders reported (some five hours later) that at o P. M. the last of their men had reached their compartments.

It is a story of fact and on record that one member of this regiment, unable to find his way back, passed through the mess hall four times, and was compelled by the watchful attendants to eat, much against his desire, four separate meals and, as a result, reached his compartment about 9 P. M. in a somewhat dazed condition.

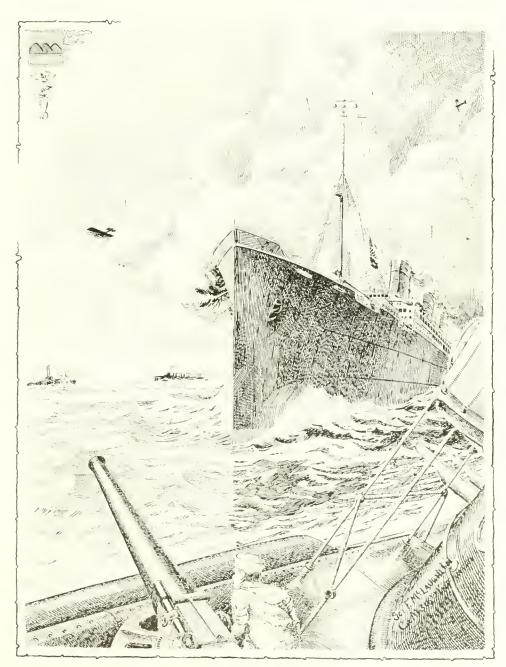
From the time the Ambrose Channel was left until nearing France, there was little of excitement to break the routine. The ocean behaved its very best and it was only by a wild stretch of the imagination that anyone could become seasick. For further details, write to Licutenant Higgins.

A number of men were detailed as guards, mess assistants, etc. The balance of the regiment had a brisk "setting up" drill and an "Abandon Ship" drill daily, and for a portion of the day were permitted to loaf on deck and watch the whales spout and the flying fish skim the waves. "Abandon Ship" drill formed perhaps the most diverting form of entertainment, as all were required to hurry without running and crowd without pushing; but daily practice soon resulted in the breaking of all records, in that it required only eleven minutes from the first call for all men to be at the muster station.

After several days out reports were received of submarines in the vicinity and the course of the ship was constantly changed. Due to the speed of the ship, no destroyers were attached until nearing France. As one man put it: "We don't aim to be bothered with no small fry."

The bands of the 318th Infantry, 131st Infantry and 51st Coast Artillery played daily and most of the officers found time for an occasional waltz or fox trot.

Lights were not permitted after dark except in the innermost inwards of the ship and none were permitted on deck after sundown.



"DODGING PORPOISES"

On the last night out, due to a report of the torpedoing of a merchant vessel nearby, all officers were required to be on the alert throughout the night. But nothing happened and the convoy of destroyers (which had arrived during the

night of May 28th) played about like a lot of happy children.

About noon on May 30th land was reported in the distance and all hands gathered to the rails to see what could be seen. Shortly thereafter there came a sudden "boom" from the forward gun, followed in rapid succession by a number of "booms," and it was evident that there were a number of submarines about. There was danger around in plenty, but all hands conducted themselves with the greatest sang-froid. At the first "boom" one man cried: "Mark number 9!"; another: "Set 'em up on the other alley!" The big boat put on all speed and made for the now distant harbor and the foam began rising over the bows of the convoy. Several conning towers could now be seen with the naked eye, but the transport's speed, the accuracy of the gun crews (picked crews from the navy), and the quick work of the destroyers, prevented any disaster. Though it is not definitely known, it is reported that the destroyers sank two of the enemy, with depth bombs.

CHAPTER IV

Training in the Samer Area



1.30 P. M., after a rather thrilling and certainly a most interesting finish, anchor was dropped in the beautiful harbor of Brest, and the troops had their first glimpse of a French city. The regiment had been lucky in coming on the Leviathan; it was again lucky in seeing the largest of the French naval bases, and one felt at home

at once by seeing practically every ship in the harbor flying the American flag. Another touch of home, especially for the Southerners, was added when presently enormous barges, manned by negroes, came alongside to coal the ship. Owing to her enormous size, she had to anchor in mid-harbor and unload from that point,

The 1st Battalion was assigned the task of unloading the boat and it was no sinecure, with the men working all night in an atmosphere heavily laden with coaldust, stirred up by the negro stevedores.

The regiment disembarked on the morning of May 31, 1018, was carried ashore on lighters, and marched at once some three miles to camp at PONTANAZEN Barracks, built by Napoleon I as a concentration point for his proposed invasion of England. Here life was not at its best. Water was very scarce and cooking facilities were meager. Furthermore, many men, as a result of daily hikes over the hard roads (there were no drill fields), found that garrison shoes were not fashioned for such wear and tear. For some inexplicable reason, all field shoes had been sent ahead in barracks bags to CMAMS; so that, when the men finally got them, many were practically barefoot.

There was, however, a reverse side to the shield. The regiment found itself in a region abounding in the most wonderful strawberries; and it was here that the men were first introduced to two most welcome allies—Vin Blanc and Vin Rouge. And the American soldier here showed his native gift of adaptability. Very few needed an interpreter in their associations with the French, whether it was to win a smile from a charming demoiselle or to purchase of some shopkeeper a souvenir, for which the soldier has a mania.

But do not imagine that the regiment's stay near Brest was one of unadulterated leisure. Various and sundry details were constantly called for to dig water mains, to unload and sort out baggage at the docks, to do guard duty and to perform the thousand and one other little tasks which mark the inevitable routine of camp life.

All told some four or five days were spent at this not unpleasant location, and departure was made by battalions with attached units as follows:

Regimental Headquarters |Left Brest June 2nd, arrived Calais June 4th.

Supply Company |Left Brest June 5th, arrived Calais June 7th.

Machine Gun Company |Left Brest June 5th, arrived Calais June 7th.

Headquarters Company |Left Brest June 5th, arrived Calais June 7th.

This was the first experience with "40 Hommes of 8 Chevaux," and the novelty helped to tide over the many discomforts of French railway travel. There was considerable discussion as to how everybody, plus rations and equipment, could be placed in the allotted space, but after many trials, men, rations and equipment were comfortably piled on top of each other and the various sections departed. It being the first experience of this kind, a journey which otherwise would have been a tiresome one, was made interesting by speculation as to the regiment's destination.

It is believed that a careful survey of the railroad embankment by geologists would lead them to conclude that glass either formed one of the main constituents of a railroad embankment or at least tended to grow in that vicinity, for it must be remarked that "many a redskin hit the dust" between Brest and Calais.

After a journey of some forty-eight hours the various units arrived at Calais and marched through the city to a British camp known as West Camp No. 6. This camp, located on the English Channel, was a small city of tents and the grounds were covered with sand from three to six inches deep, giving it the appearance of a young Sahara. Sand bags were carefully arranged about the tents to a height of two feet, to afford some protection from air raids, which were unpleasantly frequent in that locality.

Each unit remained at this camp about three days, during which time the barrack bags, containing many personal and cherished articles, were evacuated to an unknown storage depot, along with much extra equipment. Rifles and bayonets were turned in and replaced by British ordnance, and British gas masks and steel helmets were drawn. Company commanders and supply sergeants, who remembered all too clearly their frantic efforts during the last month at Camp Lee to fully equip their organizations, stood by in dumb and impotent astonishment at this ruthless confiscation of so many of the fruits of their toil.

Later, officers who had been authorized and practically required to bring to France 250 pounds of personal baggage, found themselves confronted by an order stating that they would be limited to 50 pounds, exclusive of what they carried on their persons; and it is believed that that section of France has scarcely a home which failed to obtain souvenirs of "The Mad Americans" in the shape of discarded cots, folding chairs, bed sheets and the many other articles which would have seemed incongruous in a dugout. Had it not been for the generous forethought of the divisional staff in obtaining a storage warehouse in Boulogne

for surplus baggage, all officers of the division would have sustained a considerable financial loss.

The 80th Division, less its artillery, had been assigned to the 2nd American Corps, to be trained by British training cadres. These cadres were made up of officers and non-commissioned officers whose original units had been practically annihilated as the result of their many severe campaigns. The division was assigned to the SAMER Area to be trained by the 16th (Irish) Division, B. E. F.

On June 7th the movement by train from the city of Calais to the SAMER Training Area was begun as indicated below:

Unit.		LEFT CALAIS.	Arrived Samer.		
Regimental Headquarters 1st Battalion Supply Company	·)	June 7th	June 8th		
3rd Battalion Machine Gun Company	}	June 10th	June 10th		
2nd Battalion Headquarters Company	}	June 10th	June 10th		
After a brief stop in the British Rest Camp at SAMER, the units marched from six to ten kilometers to their new areas as follows:					
Charles and the state of the st					

Regimental Headquarters Headquarters Company Supply Company	<u> </u>	Bernieulles
1st Battalion Headquarters A, B, C and D Companies	<u> </u>	Cormont
2nd Battalion Headquarters G and H Companies	}	Rolet
E and F Companies		Bout de Haut
3rd Battalion Headquarters Land K Companies	}	Enguinehaut
L and M Companies		THUBEAUVILLE
Machine Gun Company		Hubersent

This area had previously been occupied by the Portuguese. After their famous charge near MERVILLE in March, 1918, they had retired to this region for "rest and recreation,"

Intensive training under the direction of the 10th (Irish) Division, and later the 34th British Division, was at once begun. The training given by the British was thorough and comprehensive. The training system for infantry devoted itself principally to close order and disciplinary drill, gas instruction, bayonet exercises, and small arms practice, including grenade instruction, from all of which the regiment derived great benefit, though we did not at the time, perhaps, appreciate fully the benefits which this association with veteran British troops afforded us. After the long months of training at home, all were eager for a more active part in the war. Rumors constantly came in of the formation of the American Army in Eastern France—and we felt that nothing would satisfy us until we could train and fight as a part of that organization. As a consequence the wonderful organization and discipline of the British Army were not at the time fully appreciated. As a rule, the American soldier came to esteem his British cousins more highly as his experience of war enlarged.

In this area the regiment was equipped with the Lewis gun and two squads per platoon were given intensive instruction in their use and care. Here also the regiment drew its full allotment of transport. Rolling kitchens, G. S. (General Service) wagons, G. S. limbers, Maltese carts and water carts, all of British pattern, were issued, with the full complement of animals. In this connection it is not inappropriate to state that the wonderful success achieved by the 80th Division in the 1st Corps and 1st Army horse shows in February, 1919, was the direct result of the instruction in the care of animals and transport received from the British in June and July, 1918.

It was during the stay in this area that there began the famous series of maneuvers and terrain exercises which continued without interruption, save during actual battle, until the regiment passed to the command of the S. O. S., in March, 1910. The motto of the various staffs in the A. E. F. seemed to be: "When in doubt, maneuver."

This area was about ten kilometers from ETAPLES and BOULOGNE, both British bases, which received almost nightly visits from Boche raiders. All lights were screened at night and all troop movements were carefully planned with a view to possible trouble from above. It was a long time, however, before all men overcame the conviction that each passing plane was hovering directly overhead.

On June 20th the regiment passed in review before His Royal Highness, The Duke of Connaught, and made such an excellent showing that the following order was published:

150th Brigade, France, 30th June, 1918.

It is with great pleasure that the Brigade Commander announces to the Brigade the fact that his Royal Highness, the Duke of Connaught, commented most favorably on the showing made by the Brigade in the review of the 20th instant, and that he desired an expression of his gratification communicated to the officers and men of this Brigade.

By command of Brigadier-General Jamerson:
R. W. HARDENBERGH,
Major, Infantry R. C., Adjutant.

Because of this review, gossip (without which there is no army) had it that we must be going to fight with the British, otherwise so important a personage as the Duke would not have reviewed the regiment. All ranks felt that after the long period of training at home they were prepared for service "up the line," and were very anxious to get a chance at the Boche.

While in this area many changes were made among the officer personnel, the beginning of a series of shifts which were eventually to leave the regiment with very few of its original officers. Lieutenant-Colonel James M. Love, Jr., was relieved as second in command of the regiment in June and assigned to H American Army Corps as adjutant-general. July 1, 1018, Captain Senius J. Raymond was relieved as regimental adjutant and appointed regimental operations officer, Captain Clarence E. Goldsmith succeeding to the duties of regimental adjutant on the same date. On the same date Captain Robert M. Dashiell, commanding Company "K" since its formation, was relieved of assignment to the regiment to organize Replacement Company "B," 80th Division.

In this area the British established officers and non-commissioned officers' schools at Bott Di. HAUT, to which many members of all companies were sent. In addition numerous local schools were inaugurated; while the American schools at Langres and elsewhere received their quota of students. Often companies were reduced to one officer and a handful of non-commissioned officers present for duty.

It is believed that the army earned its salary in this area, even though it did not fire a shot in anger.

CHAPTER V

Training in the Bonneville Area



July 5, 1918, the regiment, less the Machine Gun Company, which was left at Hubersent for further training, marched to Samer and entrained for a 24-hour trip to a new and more advanced training area. The detraining point proved to be Candas and the various units were billeted as follows:

Regimental Headquarters Headquarters Company 2nd Battalion	ļ	 ٠.	 		. Bonnfyilli
1st Battalion		 	 	. ,	. Montrelet
3rd Battalion Supply Company	}	 	 4 6		. Fierfes

From the date of arrival in this area until July 22, 1918, the regiment pursued very much the same course of training as that adopted in the SAMER area, under the supervision of a training cadre from the 19th Battalion, King's Regiment, 60th (British) Division, a most efficient and delightful set of instructors.

Circumstances differed to some extent, however, from those previously encountered. The regiment was well within sound of the guns, whose distant rumbling could be heard every night and, at times, during the day; and air raids were of no less frequent occurrence than in the Symer area. On the night of July 12th, a hostile airman, attempting to destroy the railroad passing through Fieffes, bombed the 3rd Battalion Transport, killing twelve of their horses. This was the first personal call by an enemy bomber on the 3rd Battalion, and, though no men were hurt, the explosions, coming as they did in the "wee sma" hours of the night, took them somewhat by surprise and caused a panic in the breast of one man. An English sentinel apprehended him a few minutes later, several miles away and still going strong.

On the night of August 10th, a monster new type of German bombing plane, driven by three powerful engines and carrying fifteen men, raided DOULLESS and made a direct hit on the headquarters of the 159th Brigade. Fortunately, only one officer was in the building at the time and he miraculously escaped injury. The only casualty was a sentinel at the gate, wounded in the knee by a machine gun bullét.

As the Hun was trying to escape, the searchlights caught and held him in

their lights and he was shot down by a British plane, falling in flames near Regimental Headquarters at Rubempre. There are in the regiment enough aluminum rings, fashioned from various parts of the plane, to stock a large jewelry store.

Upon arrival in this area, closer association than had hitherto existed was established with British higher headquarters, the regiment coming under the orders of the 5th Corps of their 3rd Army, holding the front in the vicinity of Albert. To conform more closely to the British scheme of organization and thereby ensure complete harmony, seconds in command were appointed in each battalion, the following officers being designated:

1st Battalion—Captain James S. Douglas, Jr. 2nd Battalion- Captain Edward H. Little. 3rd Battalion Captain Richard P. Williams, Jr.

A few days later, Division Hendquarters ordered the addition to each brigade staff of an assistant to the brigade-adjutant to correspond to the British staff captain. Captain Williams was, accordingly, relieved from duty with the regiment and attached to the 150th Brigade Headquarters, Captain Louis J. Koch becoming second in command, 3rd Battalion. Captain Lincoln MacVeagh was transferred from "L" Company to duty at Division Headquarters, July 20.

The British, to avoid a possible repetition of the disaster encountered in March, 1018, had constructed five elaborate systems of trenches extending, in the 5th Corps Area, to a depth of some 10 kilometers in rear of the front lines. These systems, within the 5th Corps zone, extended almost due north and south. For purposes of convenience the British designated them as follows: The Green Line; the Purple Line; the Brown (Corps) Line; the Red (Army) Line, and the Brown (G. H. Q.) Line.

The Green Line was the outpost line, nearest to the enemy, and, within the Corps sector, passed just west of Benumont Hamel, just east of Mesnil and Martinsart, just west of Albert.

The Purple Line was the line of principal resistance in case of a general attack and ran just east of MAILLY-MAILLET, ENGLEMBLAFE and BOUZINGOURT.

The Brown (Corps) Line skirted Beaussart on the east, passed east of Forceville, west of Hedauville and east of Warloy.

The Red (Army) Line passed east of Louvencourt, Lealvillers and Harponville.

The Brown (G. H. Q.) Line ran just east of Beauquesne and west of Puchevillers and Rubempre.

The Green Line was expected to stop any local attack. In case of a general attack, the garrison of the forward zone was to punish the enemey severely, though the main resistance would be offered by reserves in the Purple system, with the other three lines in rear ready as rallying points in any emergency.

In accordance with this general scheme of defense and upon the arrival of the 318th Infantry within its sector, the 5th Corps issued order G. X. 3817, 5th July, 1918, relative to the action of this regiment in case of an attack. The following extracts from this order are quoted:

* * * * * * * * *

- 1. In case of attack on Third Army front the 318th American Regiment will be prepared, on receipt of orders from V Corps H. Q. to:
- (i) Occupy Alarm posts in the G. H. Q. (Brown) Line, allotted by V Corps. (See Para, 5.)
 - (ii) Support the Third Army (Red) Line.
 - (iii) Occupy any portion of the Third Army (Red) Line.
 - (The above will be within the V Corps boundaries only.)
- 2. The 318th American Regiment will reconnoitre the ground in preparation for above. (Para. 1.)

The reconnaissance will be carried out in the following order:

- (i) The G. H. Q. Line.
- (ii) The area between the G. H. Q. (Brown) Line and the Army (Red) Line.
- (iii) The Army (Red) Line

* * * * * * * *

- 5. (a) In case of attack on the Third Army front, the 318th American Regiment will, on receipt of orders from V Corps Headquarters, occupy Alarm Posts in Tactical localities in the G. H. Q. (*Brown*) Line within the V Corps boundaries with—
 - (i) One Battalion in each (British) Divisional sector.
 - (ii) 3 Companies of each Battalion in the line and one Company in reserve.

* * * * * * * *

(b) The route for 318th American Regiment from Billets will be: Bonneyille-Valheureux—Fmi, by Rosel Cross Roads, thence,

(a) LE VAL DE MAISON.

Or (b) Brauquesne.

Dry weather tracks will be used as far as possible.

- 6. 318th American Regiment will carry out the reconnaissance of the G. H. Q. (Brown) Line for Para. 5 above as soon as possible and will report—
 - (a) Which of the Battalion Headquarters shown on map it will occupy.
- (b) Time which units would take to complete the move into position from the time the leading unit crosses the main AMENS-DOULLENS Road.

* * * * * * * * * *

On receipt of this order, great activity commenced, and Battalion and Company Commanders spent days making reconnaissances and working out defense schemes. When it is realized that each battalion was assigned a sector of the G. H. Q. line normally occupied by a division, the often expressed hope that the Boche would never advance that far may be appreciated.

But the regiment did not devote its entire time during their period to defense schemes. Schools for teaching the tactical use of all weapons in the attack continued and all training aimed at keeping the aggressive spirit in the ascendancy. The idea of an American Army being thrown on the defensive seemed to occur to no one,

In accordance with a G. H. Q. Order, Sunday, July 14th, Bastille Day, was announced as a day for competitive platoon drill within the regiments. After an all-day competition in the rain the following platoons of this regiment were declared winners in their respective battalions:

1st Battalion—3rd platoon of Company D. 2nd Battalion—2nd platoon of Company H. 3rd Battalion—4th platoon of Company M.

Further competition among these three proved M Company the winner.

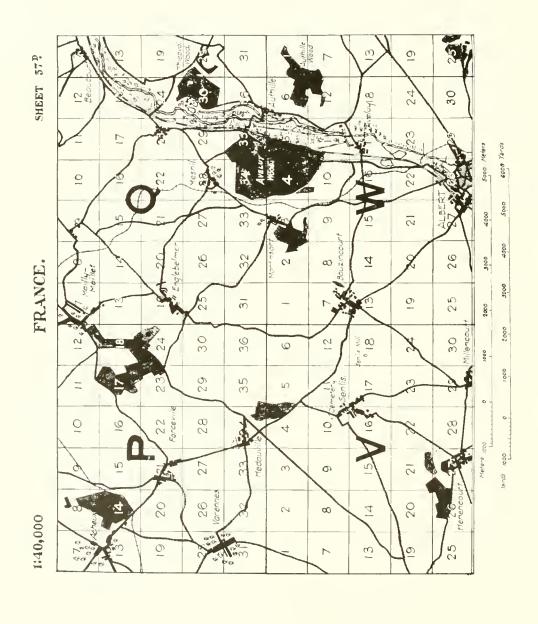
On July 19th the Division held a field meet north of DOULLENS, in which all units of the division had contestants. In the competition between the best platoons of each of the twelve infantry battalions of the division, this regiment's entries finished in the following order:

3rd Platoon of D Company - Second. 2nd Platoon of H Company - Fourth. 4th Platoon of M Company - Twelfth.

The transport of this regiment took second place.

There were other interests also to break the monotony of training. The Yanks and the Tommies soon became on the best of terms, and entered into competition in many sports. Amongst others, the 5th British Corps staged a boxing contest at TOUTENCOURT, in which this regiment took third place in spite of the handicap of boxing under regulations very different from those to which our men were accustomed.

Changes in the officer personnel of the regiment continued. Major Halpin, commanding 1st Battalion, was assigned to the duty of Assistant Division Quartermaster. Captain Raymond was relieved as Regimental Operations Officer and placed in command of the 1st Battalion. Captain Fisher, Personnel Adjutant, was transferred to Headquarters 2nd Corps, Captain Vivian T. Douglas left on detached service at the Army General Staff College. Captain Nunn was relieved as Supply Officer to become Personnel Adjutant of the Regiment. In the army all officers come to feel like "the rolling stone, which perhaps may gain no moss, but certainly acquires a lot of polish!"



CHAPTER VI

"Up the Line"



IHE regiment passed at last on July 22, 1018, from the long period of training in back areas to its first experience in the front lines. The transition was effected gradually. In general terms the training of American combat units serving with the British in France was divided into three phases, as follows:

Phase "A"—Training behind the lines.

PHASE "B" = Training in the lines by attachment of individuals, of platoons, and of battalious, to British units.

PHASE "C"—Training in the lines by attachment of regiments to British units. Phase "C" was never carried out by this regiment, as the division was withdrawn from the British before Phase "B" was completed.

The following extracts from a letter to Commanding-General, 80th Division, from the Adjutant-General, II American Corps, dated July 15, 1018, outline the conditions of the service of this regiment in the line with the British from July 22nd to August 10th, on which date the division was returned to the control of the Commander-in-Chief of the American Expeditionary Forces:

* *

It is contemplated that the units of your Division, in case there be no further interruption, will complete the first phase of training with the British (Phase "A") on July 22nd.

Under present agreements between British and American General Headquarters, the tactical control of your organizations will rest with the British commanders of higher units during Phases "B" and "C" and at any time in case any emergency arise. In brief, Phase "B" covers service in the line by battalions, and Phase "C" by regiments. In view of the situation now existing on your front, the exact time and method of passing from Phase "B" to Phase "C" cannot be laid down, and detailed arrangements as to the service must be determined to a considerable extent by circumstances as they arise. It is understood between these Headquarters and the British authorities that in general American organizations shall serve with their organization complete and in accordance with the general principles established by American methods of training and tables of organization. The regiment when serving as an organization will have with it its Headquarters, Supply and Machine Gun Companies. All units will invariably serve under the command of their own officers.

The normal method of attachment in the line will be by first sending up officers and enlisted men for short periods of about 48 hours; then by complete platoons for

periods not exceeding three days; then by complete companies for similar periods; and finally by battalions and regiments, the total time to aggregate from five to six weeks. It is, however, desirable that if conditions permit the attachment by platoon be limited to tours of 48 hours, the attachment of companies be eliminated, and that Periods "B" and "C" be merged where practicable. The situation at the time may be such that variation from either of the above methods will be advisable, in which case the question shall be taken up with these headquarters.

It is probable that all your units may not be in the line at the same time and that in executing the part allotted to you of the defensive scheme of the British Army to which you are attached, it will be necessary for you in case of a hostile attack to utilize under your command a part or all of your Division, depending upon the disposition of your units at the time. A representative from G-3, these Headquarters, will, in consultation with your Headquarters and the Headquarters of the Third British Army, arrange the necessary details for the inauguration and carrying out Phases "B" and "C."

Upon completion of Phases "B" and "C," the Division will be at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief, American E. F., and instructions concerning it will be issued later.

In accordance with this general plan for the employment of the 80th Division, the 5th British Corps, to which the 318th Infantry was attached issued, on July 21, 1018, Order G. T. 70, which follows:

* * * * * * * * *

- 1. Phase "A" of the training of the 80th Division, American Expeditionary Force, will be completed on July 22nd and Phase "B" will commence on July 23rd.
- 2. During Phase "B" the training of American units in the line will be carried out as follows:

Period (a) By individuals.

Period (b)—By complete platoons.

Period (c)—By complete battalions.

3. For Phase "B" the following units and formations of 80th American Division will be attached to 17th Division for periods (a) and (b). The Division to whom they will be attached for period (c) will be notified later.

318th American Regiment.

314th Divisional Machine Gun Battalion.

318th Machine Gun Company.

- 4. The programme for periods (b) and (c) will be arranged so that units of only one Infantry Battalion are in the line at the same time. The remaining 2 Battalions in the event of attack will occupy the G. H. Q. Line in accordance with orders already issued (V Corps G. X. 3817 dated 5th July, 1918).
- 5. Period (a) above will start on 23rd inst, and will be completed on 27th inst, during which time parties of officers, N. C. Os and selected enlisted men will be attached to units in the line in accordance with Table "A" attached.

American Officers and O. R. will proceed to line fully armed and equipped and with 2 days' rations.

^{*}Table "A" will be found at the end of the chapter.

- 6. (a) Lotries and busses will report at Bonniville at 1 P. M. 23rd inst. for American personnel (see Table "A") and will proceed via American personnel (see Table "A") and will proceed via American-Heristone Tourisant to Headquarters 17th Division Toutencourt (to arrive at Toutencourt at 3 P. M.).
- (b) A similar number of empty Lorries and busses will be at the disposal of 318th American Regiment on 25th inst. for the second party for attachment.
- (c) 17th Division will make all arrangements for the Lorries and busses to proceed from Toutexcourt to the debussing point, and will supervise the debussing on both dates and the embussing of the returning party on 25th inst.
 - 7. Period (b) will start on 28th inst, and should be completed by 7th August.

During period (b) each platoon of each American battalion will be attached as a platoon to a Company of 17th Division.

These attachments will be synchronised as far as possible with British reliefs except that no American plateon will be in the line for more than 4 days.

8. All arrangements for period (to) will be made by 17th Division direct with 318th American Regiment.

Period (c) will commence immediately on completion of period (b). During this period each American Battalion will do a tour of duty in the line as a battalion, its moves being synchronised as far as possible with the normal reliefs of British battalions.

- o. Details will be issued later regarding the attachments for period (c).
- to. Machine gun units have not yet arrived in V Corps area. The attachments will be carried out in a similar manner and for similar lengths of time as for the Infantry Details will be issued later.
- (1). (a) Pioneer platoons of the Regimental Headquarters Company will be attached during period (b) to Field Companies R. E. of 17th Division, under arrangements to be made between 17th Division and 318th American Regiment direct.

17th Division will make similar arrangements for the attachment of the American Stokes Mortar Battery, signallers and one-pounder battery.

- (b) 17th Division will arrange direct with 318th American Regiment for the attachment of American Regimental Headquarters to Brigade Headquarters for a period.
- 12 (a) 318th American Regiment less detachments in the line will be located from the 24th inst. as under—

Regimental H. Q. and I battalion at RUBEMPRO

- r battalion in the vicinity of VALDE MAISON
- a battalion at Beytonisxe
- (b) G. Os. C. Supporting Divisions will get into touch with the Regimental Commander 318th American Regiment and will give all assistance as regards training of units when out of the line, including the allotment of training grounds and ranges.

They will also assist in the preparation of any training programme or schemes and arrange for units of the American Regiment to co-operate in the tactical schemes to be carried out by their own units.

- 13. The 66th (British) Division and its Battalion Cadres cease to be affiliated to the 86th American Division from July 21st.
 - 14. Please Acknowledge.

T. V. LEAHY. Major for B. G. G. S. V. Corps. In accordance with this order, the regiment moved to the forward zone of Rubembre and vicinity and, for the first time, entered the Precautionary Gas Zone (in which the gas mask must always be kept on the person). The locations of the units were:

Regimental Headquarters)
Headquarters Company	/RUBEMPRE
3rd Battalion	Rubempre
1st Battalion	le Val de Maison
	Beauquesne
Supply Company	attached to units.

Officers and men arrived in the forward zone in high spirits, feeling sure that at last they were to have a chance at the Boche and to do their share towards bringing the war to an end. Hardened by the strenuous training of the previous two months, the arrival at last of the day of action was welcomed with enthusiasm.

Period (a) Phase "B" of the British training program was carried out according to the schedule already referred to; and the regiment was fortunate enough to go through this four-day period without casualties.

Meantime, on July 26th, the Machine Gun Company arrived in this area from Hubersent, detraining at Doullens and proceeding to Puchevillers where they were attached to the 314th Machine Gun Battalion for training in the line.

On July 27th Major Charles Sweeny was relieved from command of the 2nd Battalion and assigned to duty as Regimental Operations Officer. Major Jennings C. Wise was reassigned to the regiment on the same day and placed in command of the 2nd Battalion.

Upon the completion of period (a), Phase "B," on July 27th, period (b), Phase "B," was at once commenced in accordance with the following instructions from the 17th British Division:

- 1. Period (b) will start on 28th July and will be completed by 7th August.
- 2. During this period, each Platoon of each American Battalion will be attached to a Company in the line.
- 3. Particular attention will be paid to instruction in patrolling; patrols from American troops will be sent out with experienced men from British troops.
 - 4. Each American Platoon will bring 2 Lewis Guns.
- 5. Pioneer Platoons of the Regtl. H. Q. Company will be attached to Field Coys., R. E., under arrangements to be made between C. R. E and O. C. 1st Bn., 305th American Engineer Regt.
- 6. The Sappers and Bombers Platoon of H. Q. Company, 318th Inf. Regt. (corresponding to British Light Trench Mortar Battery), will be divided into two parties of 1

Officer and 24 O. R. One party will be attached to 50th T. T. M. B., and one party to 51st L. T. M. B., from 28th July to 7th August.

No Stokes Mortars will be brought.

In accordance with this program, units of this regiment were attached to British front line divisions as follows:

10 plate ons of 2nd Battalion
32 men from signal platoon
Bn. Me lical Detachment
16 platoons of 3rd Battalion
32 men from signal platoon
Bn. Medical Detachment
10 platoons of 1st Battalion
32 men from signal platoon
Bn. Medical Detachment
10 platoons of 1st Battalion
32 men from signal platoon
Bn. Medical Detachment
11 platoons of 1st Battalion
32 men from signal platoon
Bn. Medical Detachment

The Machine Gun Company was attached by platoons to the 38th Battalion, British Machine Gun Corps, on the night of August 12th-13th, remaining in line until August 10th. Prior to that time, from August 4th to August 10th, numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4 of each gun team of the Machine Gun Company had been attached to the 38th Battalion, British Machine Gun Corps, each team for a period of two days.

The Trench Mortar Platoon was attached to the 17th Division in AVELUX Woods from July 27th to August 4th.

The 37-mm, Cam Platoon during this period remained in BONNEVILLE for further training.

The 2nd Battalion, the first unit of the regiment to enter upon period (b) of Phase "B," was attached, on the night of July 27th-28th, by platoons to the trench garrison of the 17th British Division, holding a sector of the line along the Ancre River between Mariasart and Bouzircour, in front of Therpyal Ridge and the town of Albert, the platoons being attached as follows:

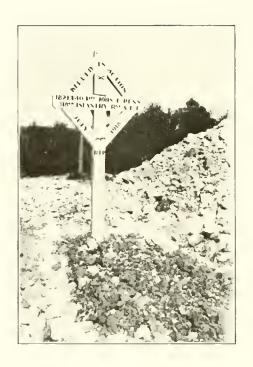
Four platoons to the 50th Brigade, Brigadier-General Gwynne Thomas, conmanding, comprised of the 6th Dorsets, West Yorks and East Yorks.

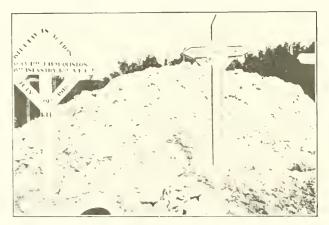
Six platoons to the 51st Brigade, Brigadier-General Dudgeon, commanding, comprised of the 7th Lincolns, 10th Sherwood Foresters and 7th Borderers.

Six plateons to the 52nd Brigade, Brigadier-General Allasson, commanding, comprised of the 16th Lincolnshire Fusiliers, 12th Manchesters, and 0th Duke of Wellingtons, or West Ridings.

The units during the period remained in the trenches until August 1st, and during that time witnessed a very heavy artillery concentration by the British on the enemy's trenches and lines of communication. During its period of attachment, the 2nd Battalion had four men killed, and five men wounded.

On the withdrawal of the 2nd Battalion, the 3rd Battalion was also attached





GRAVES OF THE FIRST TO ANSWER THE FINAL CALL

to the 17th Division for the period from July 31st to August 4th. During this attachment, Second Lieutenant J. F. Clemmer, Jr., was mortally wounded while conducting his platoon into the line and died the following day in the Canadian Hospital in Doullers. The battalion also lost one enlisted man killed and seven wounded.

From August 8th to 12th the 1st Battalion was attached by platoons to the 38th (Welsh) Division, which had relieved the 17th Division in the line on the night of August 5th-6th, eight platoons being attached to the 113th Infantry Brigade and eight to the 114th Infantry Brigade. During this period, the battalion had one officer and two enlisted men wounded.

Prior to the completion of the period of attachment by platoons, the British 5th Corps on August 2, 1018, issued Order G. T. 70-13, relating to the attachment of this regiment by battalions to British units in the line. Extracts from this order follow:

- 1. 38th Division on relieving 17th Division will take over from 17th Division the duties connected with the attachment of units in V Corps area of 80th (American) Division for the remainder of the attachments in the line of Phase "B" of Training.
- 2. (i) The 3rd Battalion 3(8th (American) Regiment will complete period (b) (complete platoon attachment) on August 4th.

The 2nd Battalion has already completed period (b).

- (ii) The 1st Battalion 308th (American) Regiment will not commence period (b) until the 2nd Battalion has completed period (c), (complete Battalion attachment).
- (iii) The 2nd Battalion 3(8th (American) Regiment will be available to commence period (c) from 5th August, inclusive.
- 3. All arrangements for the completion of Phase "B" will be made between 38th Division and 3(8th (American) Regiment direct, subject to the following restrictions:
- (i) 2 American Battalions and 2 Machine Gun Companies, excluding the company of 313 American Machine Gun Battalion, will be available for manning rear defenses in accordance with V Corps Defense Scheme, Section XIII.
- (ii) For period (c), the American Battalion will be regarded as a Battalion of 38th Division, for its period of attachment, and will carry out the normal period in the line as for British Battalions.
- (iii) One American Battalion will not relieve another American Battalion in the front line.
- (iv) The 1st Battalion 3(8th (American) Regiment will not commence period (c) immediately on completion of its period (b) attachment.

Instructions issued later provided for the attachment of the units of this regiment as follows:

2nd Battalion—August (2th-18th (completed).

3rd Battalion August 18th-24th (not carried out).

1st Battalion August 24th-30th (not carried out).

Pioneer Platoon—August 12th-3oth—attached to 10th Welsh Regiment (GLAMORGAN Pioneers) until relieved.

Signal Platoon—32 men attached to each battalion.

Medical Detachment Battalion detachments with battalions.



THE CHAPLAIN'S NINE POINT TWO

The One-Pounder Platoon remained at Boxxivia.i.e during this period, together with the One-Pounder Platoons of the 317th, 319th and 320th Regiments, under the instruction of First Lieutenant Russell M. Page, of this regiment.

August 11th the 2nd Battalion marched to billets in Varennes, from which reconnoitering parties preceded it to the Aveluy Wood Sector, held by the 38th (Welsh) Division. The 2nd Battalion was now attached to the 113th Infantry Brigade and on August 12th at 7 P. M. marched from Varennes five miles into the trenches, relieving the 14th Royal Welsh Fusiliers at 11 P. M. Companies E and G were assigned to the forward zone in Avelua Wood on the right and left of the sector, respectively, while Companies F and H were in the secondary line, one kilometer to the rear. At daybreak on the 13th heavy hostile artillery fire fell upon the left of the battalion sector, resulting in casualties. During the next few days repeated efforts were made by the battalion and associated British units to force reconnaissance parties and combat patrols across the Angre, strongly held below Thereby at Ridge.

The battalion sector extended from the southern edge of AVELUY Wood north to a point approximately 700 yards southeast of MESNIL, a total front of about 2,200 yards. The sector was nearly due west of, and about 2,000 yards from THIFPYM. Ridge.

The enemy had just retired across the ANCRE, having destroyed all bridges and concentrated machine guns on possible crossings. As a consequence the patrols were unable to force a passage of the river. A series of outguards held the railroad paralleling the river, which, because of direct hostile observation, could be approached only at night.

During its tour of duty the 2nd Battalion performed the usual trench duties, including the digging of trenches, the erecting of wire entanglements and the constant and vigilant patrolling of the area, suffering the loss of one man killed and one officer and eighteen men wounded. The battalion was relieved the night of August 18th, bivouaced that night at VARENNES, and reached their billets in BEAUQUESNE on the 19th.

The 3rd Battalion had proceeded to VARENNES on the 18th to occupy a sector in the front line, when orders were received directing them to return to their billets in RUBEMURE.

The service of the 318th Infantry with the British had come to an end. The division was about to join the American Army in eastern France.

⁴Nort.—Appendix 3 contains a list by name of all casualties suffered in the British area.

TABLE "A" (Attached to A Corps G. T. 70).

PRIVE "B" Period (a) BATTALION PERSONNEL

O. C. Bas, cor and in Command) 3 Battins O. C. Bas, cor and in Command) 3 Battins O. C. Bas, C. C. Os 3 O. Os Os Os Os Os Os Os O	From 23rd July to 25th July Office 0.18
Cas N. C. Os. 3 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	6 50
Cooks Cook	
Personnel of Regineral II. Q. Comeana. 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	
REGMENTAL II. Q., STAFE. Staff Capt. (clonel tO, C. Regt.) with Batman. 1 1 Captain (Operations) Affiliated Train Medical Officer 2 8 Pn. M. O. ICoy. (Total 11 132	Officers T. M., N. C. Os. Signallers (N. C. Os.) Ponters (N. C. Os.) Mess Sergt. Cook
	ljutant resonnel Officer 1 edical 2 Total 12



LIEUTENANT-COLONEL MITCHELL

MAJOR SWEENY

CHAPTER VII

We Join the American Army



ELEGRAPHIC instructions from Headquarters, 5th Corps (British), were received August 18th, specifying that all American units in line with the 38th (Welsh) Division would be withdrawn immediately. This made impossible the completion of a trench tour by the 1st and 3rd Battalions as combat units.

The regiment, less the 2nd Battalion, left the Rubempre area on August 19th, and proceeded by marching to the vicinity of Domleger. The 2nd Battalion left Beauguesne on the 20th and proceeded by marching to Bernaville. The several units were now located as follows:

Regimental Headquarters
3rd Battalion Domleger
Headquarters Company
Supply Company Berneuil
2nd Battalion Bernaville
1st Battalion Longvillers

On arrival in this area, all units turned in their British rifles and bayonets, drawing American rifles and bayonets in their stead. To many this was the best possible proof that the regiment would henceforth fight with other Americans—and enthusiasm was unbounded.

After a two-days' stay in this area, the regiment began entraining near Domleger, the 1st Battalion, Headquarters, Machine Gun and Supply Companies leaving on the night of the 21st, and the 2nd and 3rd Battalions on the 22nd.

It was known that we were leaving for the American sector, and, while everybody had begun to appreciate the wonderful work accomplished by the British Army and their most efficient organization, even yet they did not fully appreciate what a wonderful opportunity they had had in obtaining experience, both in actual fighting and in those very important questions of organization, in which the British excelled anything we had experienced to date or were to experience in the future.

They therefore looked forward with great delight and much anticipation to joining the American Army then being formed in the eastern part of France. The trip proved to be a very trying one, taking some two days, and the men,

crowded in the open cars, suffered very heavily from the excessive heat. No one knew for what particular section we were bound, and most of the units detrained in the middle of a very black night in an unknown place, having no maps, not knowing whither they were to go from the detraining point, and with no one around to give them the necessary information. Truly, the first experience with the American Army was not one to arouse much enthusiasm or to offer much hope for the future!

Eventually, the various billeting areas were determined and reached. On August 23rd the 1st Battalion, Headquarters Company, Machine Gun and Supply Companies, having detrained at Poinceon at 4 A. M., marched forty-one kilometers or more to their billets that day, while the 2nd and 3rd Battalions detrained at Charlelon-sur-Seine on the 23rd, and, after spending that night en route, reached their billets the following day. The regiment was now located as follows:

Regimental Headquarters Headquarters Company 1st Battalion RECEY-SUR-OURCE
2nd Battalion Headquarters / GURGY-LE-CHATEAU E, F and G Companies
H Company
3rd Battalion Headquarters ℓ
I and K CompaniesBuxerolles
Machine Gun Company
Supply Company

This particular section of France was by far the most beautiful that had been yet encountered, well wooded, and full of game, and with plenty of room in which to move around. By this time the regiment had had sufficient experience in billeting to be able to settle down in a very short time, and training was immediately taken up to get ready for the action which everyone realized was soon to come. Particular stress was laid on training with the Chauchat rifles, which were now issued to the regiment for the first time. Training proceeded for seven days when, quite unexpectedly, on August 31st, orders were received to proceed by marching to Dancevork with a view to entraining at Latrices for another area.

At DANCEVOR the regiment was camped as a regiment in shelter tents, all units being in sight of each other. It was the first time the regiment had been together since arriving at Brest, and the first experience that it had had camping in the open as a unit. It was a most inspiring sight and seemed like old-time

campaigning before the days when acroplanes turned men into moles and bats burrowing into the ground and flying only by night.

Two days were spent here and on Monday, September 2nd, the regiment broke camp and the various units marched to LATRECEY and entrained for an unknown destination, which later proved to be TANNOIS. The 318th was now in that section of the country which the French had allotted to the American Army, and, except for the French artillery attached to the American Army, only American troops were in evidence.

On August 28th Lieutenant-Colonel Charles L. Mitchell had been assigned to the regiment, joining it at Recey-sur-Ource, prior to its departure for Tannois. On September 2nd Major Charles Sweeny was relieved as Regimental Operations Officer and assigned to the command of the 1st Battalion. Captain S. J. Raymond was relieved of command of the 1st Battalion and placed in command of Company "G." Captain Edward II, Little was appointed Operations Officer.

The regiment remained in bivouac in ravines near TANNOIS from September 2nd to 7th, the men being required to keep carefully concealed during the day from possible aerial observation. During this period training was continued with the automatic rifles upon improvised ranges. The necessity for concealment prevented practically all other training, except what could be done entirely in the woods or at night.

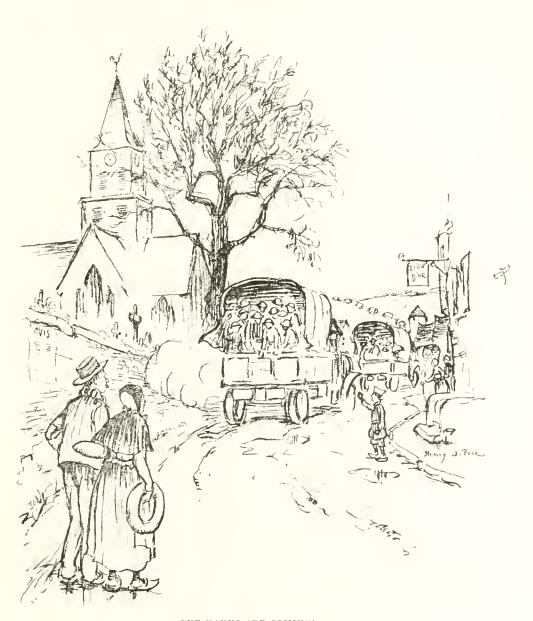
On the evening of September 7th the regiment marched a few kilometers north to another area, the units being located as follows:

Regimental Headquarters	Donner
Headquarters Company 1st Battalion	
Supply Company	
2nd Battalion Machine Gun Company	CITLEY
3rd Battalion	GERY

Training in this area was hamperel as it had been in the preceding one by the necessity for constant precautions against aerial observation. If the Boche had seen the enormous troop concentrations in the American area at this time, he might have inflicted serious losses upon us by aerial bombardments.

For some time it had been rumored that a drive on the St. Miller sahent was imminent. The location of this regiment was southwest of, and about twenty kilometers from the point of the salient, a position from which any part of the sector could be readily reached.

It was at this juncture, apparently in preparation for a hasty reinforcement of the attacking divisions in the St. Mihiel drive, if this should become necessary, that the famous "If we embus" series began. It consisted of hourly bul-



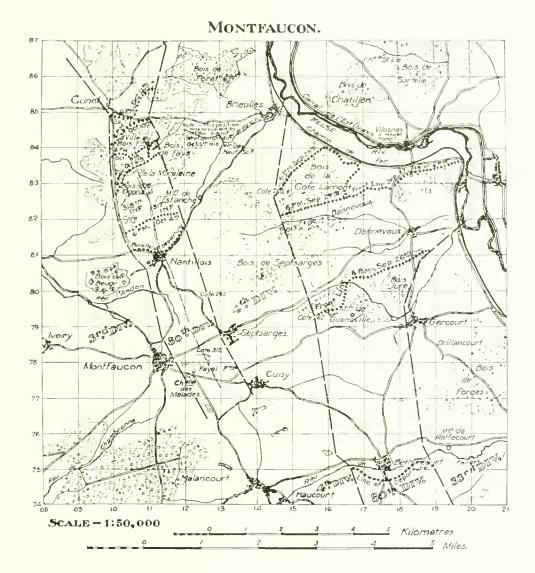
THE YANKS ARE COMING!

letins explaining in fullsome detail the latest and most approved methods of embussing. Towards the end, the game became so fast and furious that the bulletins could not be turned out with sufficient rapidity and were therefore supplemented by personal visits by, and blackboard instructions from, those higher up. It was all new and most interesting (and helped pass the time away pleasantly). Unfortunately actual experience a little later on proved to be entirely different from anything taught in the hereinbefore mentioned series.

On September 12, 1918, the First American Army, under command of General Pershing, launched its first real attack with an assault on the St. Miniel salient, a naturally strong position and one which the Hun, owing to his four years of undisputed control, had greatly strengthened. During this operation, which was successfully terminated by the attainment of the army objective on September 14th, this regiment, with the balance of the 80th Division, constituted the 5th Corps Reserve and were under orders to be prepared to move by embussing on one and one-half hours' notice.

On September 14th, at 7 P. M., the entire regimental field and combat trains left, as part of divisional trains, destination unknown, and on the following night at 7 P. M. the regiment embussed at Culey, destination unknown. After a run of several hours the debussing point was reached and found to be in Relamee Woods, some three kilometers from Souilly.

Four days were spent in this area, when orders came to proceed by marching to Bois LA VILLE, twelve kilometers distant. On this occasion the trains were sent as part of Brigade trains. The troops arrived the morning of the 19th about 4 A. M., having covered the twelve kilometers in seven and one-half hours. This slowness in reaching our destination was due to the frightful congestion of traffic, the almost total lack of guides, the slippery condition of the roads and the blackness of the night. It was a weary doughboy who finally dropped off to sleep in the midst of a pouring rain.



CHAPTER VIII

The First Call



HE Bois LAVILLE, on whose northeastern edge stands bort du Regiet lies six kilometers to the southwest of Verlux and is what the French call a "fortified camp," forming a part of that tremendously powerful defense line which the Boche would have found even more costly to attack than Verbax itself proved to be. In this

woods were now concentrated the whole of the 80th Division, many heavy artillery units and numerous special units. The northern edge of the woods contained a large French ammunition dump, which, together with the many batteries, made attractive targets for Boche airmen. Several bombing raids were made while this regiment was concentrated here, but no casualties resulted.

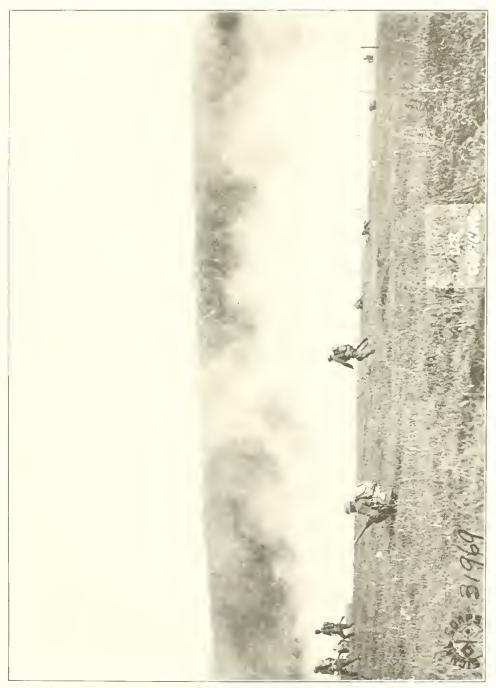
Five days were spent here. During this time many reconnaissances were made by the field and staff officers of the forward zone, held by the French, but soon to be taken over by the Americans for the great assault of the American First Army from the Meuse to the Argonne Forest.

The 80th Division, which had been the reserve of the 5th Corps in the St. Milliel drive, had now been transferred to the 3rd Corps, Major-General Bullard, commanding.

On the night of the 23rd of September orders were received to proceed by marching from the Bois LX VILLE to the Bois DES SATELLES. When all units were ready, the men having their packs on their backs, word was received that the order to move was to be "held in alwayance." No one present knowing just what that meant in military parlance, everybody stood around in a "position of readiness" for some three hours until midnight, when word was received from the division that in this case "hold in abeyance" meant "disregard entirely."

The next night, the 24th, the order to move actually went into effect and the regiment was in bivouac in the new area by midnight.

The following night at 7 P. M. the regiment moved from the Bois des Sartelles to a position south of the Bois Bourrus on the Germonville-Vigneyille road, a distance of five kilometers. The route to this position lay through Fromereville. The traffic jam in this town was simply in lescribable. Everything and everybody was trying to get through town at the same time, infantry, artillery, ammunition trucks, ration trucks, official cars, motorcycles and, apparently, everything else on wheels, and the two poor M. P.'s were swamped. Had the Hun but known and placed a couple of well directed shots in the town, the destruction would have been frightful. But, "The Lord helps those who help themselves"—and all troops were in bivouac by midnight.



318TH INFANTRY ADVANCING BEHIND SMOKE SCREEN

The next day, September 26, 1918, was the date on which the First American Army, in conjunction with the Fourth French Army on the left, was to attack from the Meuse River west to the western edge of the Argonne Forest. The Third Corps held the right of the First Army sector, with three divisions in line, the 33rd on the right, the 86th in the center, the 4th on the left. The Third Corps' front extended from the Meuse River on the right, or east, to Monteaucon on the left, or west. The 86th Division was to attack with the 319th and 320th regiments of the 160th Brigade in line, each in column of battalions, the 159th Brigade (317th and 318th regiments) constituting the divisional reserve.

The axis of the sector assigned to the 80th Division was a general line running northwest from Verdun through Bethincourt, thence north to the east

of Brieulles on the Meuse.

At 11:30 P. M., September 25th, the preliminary bombardment began over a forty-mile front. Guns of all calibres to the number of some 3,700 took part in the rain of steel and high explosive upon the Boche lines. One's heart beat faster, one's breath came quicker, in the presence of the most terrific and aweinspiring bombardment yet witnessed in the annals of war. In comparison, the German reply was negligible. For six hours the fire from all available guns continued, increasing in intensity, if that be possible, as the night wore on until, at 5:30 A. M. on the 20th, the hour when the infantry attacked along the whole front, it seemed that all the guns in Christendom were roaring civilization's answer to Germany's bid for world dominion.

At 3:30 A. M. all battalion commanders read to their troops beneath a sky lit by a brilliant moon and by the flashes of countless guns the following message from the Division Commander:

Headquarters Eightieth Division, American Expeditionary Forces, France, 23rd September, 1018.

To the Members of the 80th, Division:

For over a year we have been learning how to fight,

Within the next few hours, we shall have a chance to apply what we have learned. We form part of a vast army, consisting of over 300,000 Americans and an equal number of our French Allies.

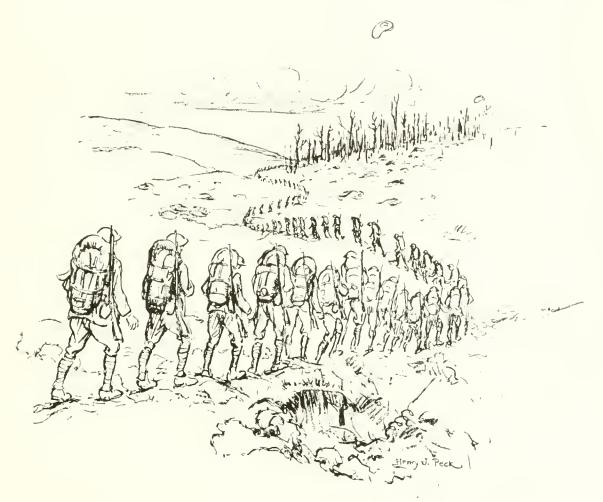
No enemy can withstand you, men from Pennsylvania, and West Virginia and Virginia.

You are fighting for everything that makes life worth living, the safeguarding of your families and homes, and that personal liberty so dearly earned and so tenaciously maintained for over a century.

Go at them with a yell, and regardless of obstacles or fatigue, accomplish your mission.

Make the enemy know that the 80th Division is on the map; make him know, when he faces you in the future, that resistance is useless.

A. CRONKHITE, Major-General.



ON THE WAR PATH!

At 5:30 Å, M. ("H" hour) the infantry along the entire army front advanced under the protection of a combined artillery and machine gun barrage. By 7 Å, M. news arrived that the offensive, with 300,000 American troops in line, was meeting with superb success and that the 100th Brigade had been especially successful.

At 7:30 Å. M. the regiment, which had breakfasted and had been in readiness to move on a moment's notice since "II" hour, received verbal orders from the Brigade Commander to proceed to some ravines slightly northwest of the position then occupied. This was speedily accomplished and the regiment remained there until about 1 P. M., when orders came to proceed to Hill 205, one kilometer south of Bethingourt and almost the same distance north of the famous le Mort Homme ("Dead Man's Hill"). Fortunately, most of the units had managed to give their men a bit of lunch, so the move began under good auspices.

The distance to Hill 205 was only some nine kilometers. There was, however, but one road available, ostensibly a one-way road, which, because of many attempts to make it a four-way road, very soon became a no-way road. The country on each side of this road had been "No Man's Land" for nearly four years and, as a result of much wiring and heavy shelling, was almost impassable. As a consequence, the leading unit, Headquarters Company, did not reach Hill 205 until 5 P. M., the other units some hours later.

During the march to Hill 205 the Hun aviators were very active and aggressive, so much so that the frequently reiterated newspaper assertion of Allied supremacy in the air appeared ludicrous. The Hun brought down four Allied balloons and two Allied aviators before the eyes of the regiment and, flying up and down the line of march two or three hundred feet above the marching troops, turned machine guns upon the columns. That casualties were so few is regarded as little short of miraculous.

The 160th Brigade had made rapid progress during the day, but towards night, found further progress impossible, owing to the inability of the 4th Division on our left to make an equal advance. Higher authorities determined that this regiment should be sent to the assistance of the 4th Division. At 5:15 P. M. a message was received to proceed at once to Bethincourt. Arriving there at approximately 6 P. M., verbal orders were received from the Commanding General of the 150th Brigade to proceed at once to Cuisy, about six kilometers northwest of Bethincourt, where the 4th Division had established its Headquarters.

The usual but, let it be hoped, not inevitable traffic jam existed at BETHIN-court and much valuable time was spent in trying to get through the congested area. Finally Cursy was reached by the leading element a little after midnight on a pitch black, cold, rainy night. The succeeding units arrived at various times up to 3 A. M. The troops were turned off the road into a ravine, to get such rest as might be possible. The Commanding Officer of the regiment reported to the Commanding General, 4th Division, for orders and established his P. C. (Post of Command) on the church steps in Cursy.



DOWN IN FLAMES

It had been a very trying day. The men had been able to get very little sleep the previous night, had marched, all told, some seventeen kilometers, had been under arms almost continuously for fourteen hours and had managed to get only one real meal, namely, breakfast.

Cursy proved to be under almost continuous shell fire and the command suffered a number of casualties during the two days and nights spent there.

On the morning of the 27th orders were issued to the regiment to be prepared to move at any moment. That night numerous orders were received from the Headquarters, 4th Division, only to be countermanded a little later. Finally, about 2 A. M. of the 28th, orders were received attaching this regiment to the 8th Infantry Brigade, 4th Division, and shortly thereafter the Regimental Commander was ordered to send out one company on outpost to the west of Cuisv to cover the left flank of the 4th Division, no information having been received as to the location or progress of the 70th Division on its left. The information obtained by this company formed the first definite news concerning this division which the 4th Division had received.

At about 2:30 P. M. of the 28th the Commanding Officer, 318th Infantry, received verbal orders from the Commanding General, 8th Brigade, to attach one battalion to the 59th Infantry of that Brigade, and to proceed with the balance of the regiment to Septsarges, taking up a position to the north and northwest of that town, with a view to supporting an attack to be launched on the morning of the 29th, and also to resist possible counter-attacks from the northwest, it having been reported that the 79th Division was meeting with very stiff resistance.

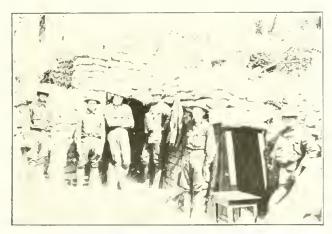
At 3 P. M. the 1st Battalion, under command of Major Sweeny, with two 37-mm. guns and four Stokes mortars attached, proceeded to join the 59th Infantry, at that time located to the east and northeast of Septsarges.

At 4 P. M. during a pouring rain the balance of the regiment proceeded to Septsarges. The 2nd Battalion, with Machine Gun Company attached, took up a position on high ground to the northwest of Septsarges, the 3rd Battalion taking up a position to the north and northeast. The positions were taken up in the dark of an unusually wet and black night, without the advantage of a preliminary reconnaissance, and were consequently slightly modified the following day. Since the 8th Brigade and the 58th Infantry already had their P. C.'s in Septsarges, this regiment's P. C. was established in the only available shelter left, the school building which, being practically intact, offered a most attractive target.

About 2 A. M. September 20th, the attack order of the 8th Brigade was received, extracts from which follow:

^{2.} This Brigade, reinforced by the 318th Infantry and two batteries of the 16th F. A. will pass through the 7th Brigade to-morrow morning (September 29th) and continue the advance to the Army objective. Upon arrival on this line, the position will be immediately prepared for defense.

^{3. (}b) The 50th Infantry, with one battalion 318th Infantry, one company of 12th M. G.



MEDICAL DETACHMENT, FIRST BATTALION



MEDICAL DETACHMENT, SECOND BATTALION



MAJOR SWEENY AND HIS HEADQUARTERS IN THE ARGONNE

Battalion and one battery 16th F. A., will pass through the sector held by the 47th Infantry. It will place two battalions in the front line, one battalion in support, and the remainder of regiment in the regimental reserve.

(c) The 318th Infantry, less one battalion, and the 12th M. G. Battalion, less two companies, will constitute the Brigade reserve. One battalion of the 318th Infantry, and the regimental Machine Gun Company, will follow the 58th Infantry at a distance of one kilometer along the left border of the division sector, prepared to resist hostile attacks from the northwest and west. One battalion, 318th Infantry, will follow approximately one kilometer in rear of the center of the Brigade.

At 5:30 A. M., the attack started, making but little progress because of the very heavy artillery and machine gun fire encountered. Most of the artillery fire came from the heights on the east bank of the Meuse.

The 1st Battalion, attached to the 50th Infantry, had been ordered to follow in rear of the gap between the two battalions of that regiment which were attacking side by side. Due to the failure of these two battalions to make the progress anticipated (the sector of this attack was in a heavily wooded area, known as the Bots Brittfles), the 1st Battalion soon found themselves pushed well to the front, forming the apex of a triangle. Their position was an extremely perilous one, from which the splendid judgment, great coolness and personal bravery of Major Sweeny, the battalion commander, finally successfully extricated them, after they had suffered very heavy casualties.

Meantime the 2nd Battalion, Major Wise commanding, had advanced along the left of the 4th Division's sector in support of the 58th Infantry in its attack on the Bots de Pays. Progressing about one kilometer, it was halted by the failure of the attacking battalions to progress, and was then ordered to organize Hill 205 and cover the gap between the left flank of the 4th Division and the right flank of the 70th Division. For five days the 2nd Battalion held this position on Hill 205, exposed to frontal and enlilade fire from 77s and 5.9s, to say nothing of harassing fire from machine guns. Many casualties were suffered, among them Captain John Crum, who had commanded "F" Company since its organization.

The 3rd Battalion, Major Burdick commanding, being ordered to follow one kilometer in rear of the center of the attacking brigade, moved up into the Bots de Septsarges and came under heavy shell fire which inflicted a number of casualties. The attack of the 8th Brigade having proved unsuccessful, this battalion was ordered back to its former position in front of Septsarges.

The time from September 20th to 8 A. M., October 3rd, was spent in improving positions and in sending out reconnaissance patrols. These patrols gathered much valuable information for the Commanding General of the 8th Brigade, of which he was generous enough to make official mention to the Commanding Officer of this regiment.

While during this period only the 1st Battalion had actual clashes with the Hun, the shelling was so constant and casualties so numerous as to make it a very trying period for the men and officers, without the relief of action and with



little opportunity for rest. The transport personnel during this time distinguished themselves by their devotion to duty, and, by bringing the trains up to the troops (in the case of the 1st Battalion right up to the front line) made it possible for the men to get hot meals.

At 8 A. M., October 3rd, orders were received for the regiment, less the 1st Battalion, to proceed by marching to the trench system some two kilometers southeast of Cusy, a total distance of five kilometers. The necessary orders were issued for the various units to proceed by the most practicable route to the designated area, and at 10 A. M. the Regimental P. C. was moved from September 50 the new area. The various units were all in bivour by 2 P. M. of

the 3rd.

At 1:30 P. M., October 3rd, the Commanding General, 150th Brigade, held a conference with Commanding Officers of 317th and 318th Infantry Regiments and their majors, and verbally outlined a proposed attack to be made by the 150th Brigade on the morning of October 4, 1018, at 5:30 A. M. Due to the scarcity of paper and ink, there was but one map available per regiment, but the majors were instructed to make at once such personal reconnaissances as might be feasible. It being about nine kilometers to NANTILLOIS, reconnaissance before dark was impossible. Meantime, preparations were being made to give the men a hot meal.

The final Division and Brigade orders not having been received by dark, the regiment, less the 1st Battalion (still attached to the 50th Infantry), proceeded to its positions in and about NANTILLOIS. The general understanding was, that the 3rd Division, which had relieved the 70th and was then holding a general line slightly north of NANTILLOIS, was to swing to the west, the 4th Division was to swing slightly to the east, leaving a gap of approximately two kilometers, to be taken over by the 80th Division. This Division had been relieved by the 33rd Division on September 20th, and had been concentrated southeast of CUISY for four days in reserve. The 150th Brigade was to make the attack, with regiments side by side, and the 100th Brigade was to be in reserve.

Many had considered that the violation of the rules of the road and the resultant traffic congestion had reached the acme of perfection, but the performance on the occasion of the march to NANTILLOIS made all former experi-

ences poor runners-up.

The 2nd Battalion, the assaulting unit, left the ravine southeast of CUISV at 8 P. M., and after having covered nine kilometers, managed by much effort to reach Nantillois about 2 A. M., on the 4th, relieving two companies of the 4th Infantry, 3rd Division, and taking up the assaulting position with its right resting on the eastern edge of Nantillois and its left one kilometer to the west, in liaison with the 3rd Division. Company "F," Lieutenant Lakin commanding, on the right and Company "G," Lieutenant Cabell commanding, on the left, comprised the first line along the reverse slope of a slight ridge north of the town, with Companies E and H, Lieutenant Neubauer and Captain Moore commanding, on the right and left, respectively, of the second line. The 3rd Bat-

talion reached the vicinity of NANTILLOIS about 4 A. M. and took up a position as the supporting battalion in rear of the 2nd Battalion. The Regimental P. C. was established at midnight in NANTILLOIS about 300 meters in rear of the "jump-off" position.

At 4 A. M. a conference was held at the Regimental P. C. and final instructions were issued to unit commanders.

The barrage table was changed at the last minute, with resultant misunder-standing, and the attack was twenty minutes late in starting. The barrage was actually laid down at 5:35 A. M. and, some fifteen minutes later, the Hun put down a counter-barrage which made our own barrage seem like the effort of a small boy.

In spite of the inevitable misunderstandings due to lack of orders, maps and personal reconnaissances, the 2nd Battalion went "Over the Top" in good order and, advancing nearly two kilometers, succeeded in pushing their two leading companies into the Bors des Ogons. This proved to be an impossible place to hold, for the following reasons: First, the 317th Infantry was unsuccessful in getting off on schedule time and left our right flank in the air; second, the 3rd Division on our left also failed to advance as expected, leaving our left in the air; third, the exposure of our right and left flanks made it necessary to throw out strong detachments from the support battalion to cover these gaps and involved them in the attack much earlier than should have been necessary; fourth, the failure of flanking units to advance resulted in the two advance companies of the 2nd (attacking) Battalion being fired upon by machine guns from both flanks as well as in front, and, in addition, left them at the apex of a triangle, enabling the Boche to concentrate on them with his artillery. The inevitable result was that the advance elements of these two companies suffered very heavy losses within the first two hours of the fighting, and the companies were compelled to retire about one kilometer to the cover of Hill 274, which position was at once organized for temporary defense, it being planned later in the day to advance again in conjunction with flanking units.

Up to noon of October 4th a total advance of about one kilometer had been made, which advance had cost the 2nd Battalion the loss of all of its company commanders and fully 60 per cent, of the remaining officers in casualties. The 3rd Battalion had also suffered very heavily, having taken up a position on the right of Hill 274 to close a gap between the 2nd Battalion and the unit on its right.

The shelling from the east bank of the Meuse continued throughout the day. It was especially trying to our morale, in that it came from the right flank and right rear and gave the troops the feeling that they were being fired upon by their own artillery.

On the afternoon of October 4th, information was received from the Commanding General of the 150th Brigade that one battalion of the 310th Infantry of the 160th Brigade was attached to our regiment and would make an attack that afternoon under cover of heavy artillery fire. This attack was launched

late in the day. Two companies of the 2nd Battalion, 319th Infantry, succeeded in reaching the Bois des Ogons. These units, together with elements of the 317th and 318th Infantry, found the position untenable and were forced, under cover of darkness, to retire to a position in a ravine south of the woods.

On October 5th the 1st Battalion, 318th Infantry, was relieved from attachment to the 50th Infantry, and put at the disposal of the Commanding General of the 150th Brigade for co-operation in the attack upon the Bois des Ogons.

Shortly after dawn another attack was launched under cover of a heavy artillery concentration on the Ferme de La Madeleine and the intrenched position north of the Bois des Ogons. This attack was to be supported by tanks, which, however, found it impossible to go forward in the face of the heavy hostile fire.

An annising incident occurred at this time. When the tanks were stopped, the crews started rapidly to the rear. Lieutenant Higgins, commanding a platoon of the Supporting Battalion, saw them coming and thought the Boche had broken through, whereupon he at once began to heave hand grenades at them, which, it is reported on good authority, completely deranged what little morale the crews still retained.

On the afternoon of the 5th the 2nd Battalion, 310th Infantry, under command of Major James Montague, launched an attack which, though at first unsuccessful, later under cover of darkness succeeded in getting the troops into the woods and holding the ground gained. The 3rd Battalion, 318th Infantry, supported this attack, the 2nd Battalion remaining in position on Hill 274 to cover the left flank.

Meantime the 1st Battalion (318th), in co-operation with the rest of the 150th Brigade, made an attack through the Bois de Fays from the 4th Division sector with a view to flanking the Bois de Gons from the east. They encountered much hostile machine gun fire from nests which had not been mopped up by the 4th Division, and heavy artillery fire from the front and right flank. However, they gradually worked their way forward, destroying many machine gun nests, and took up a position on the west and northwestern edge of the Bois de Fays, from which they were unable to emerge because of the terrific concentration of hostile artillery and machine gun fire on the fringe of the woods. In this operation Lieutenant Hort was killed. They held this position until relieved by a battalion of the 4th Division the following day and were then ordered by the Commanding General of the 150th Brigade to withdraw to the former position southeast of Cuisy.

Sunday, October 6th, was spent in consolidating the ground gained and in reorganizing the units. Late in the afternoon word was received that the 319th Infantry was to relieve this regiment. At midnight October 6-7 this relief was completed and the regiment returned to the trenches southeast of Cuisy.

Upon the relief of the Brigade on October 7th, the Division Commander sent the following letter to all concerned:

HEADQUARTERS FIGHTIETH DIVISION, American Expeditionary Porces.

7th October, 1918.

To the Officers and Men of the 150th Brigade:

The Division Commander wishes to express his great appreciation of the highly important successes gained by General Jamerson's 150th Brigade and Major Montague's attached battalion of the 310th Infantry.

Continually under effective artillery fire on your flank, as well as machine gun fire from your front and flanks, you nevertheless returned again and again to the attack until your objective was gained and held.

Your success has earned the repeated congratulations of your Corps Commander as well as the thanks of your country.

ADELBERT CRONKITTE, Major-General, Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS 150TH BRIGADE, AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES.

8th October, 1918.

The Brigade Commander desires to add to the above his expression of appreciation of the work accomplished by the Brigade and Major Montague's Battalion, 310th Infantry, during the three-days' fight for the Bots DES OGONS, and his pride in the command of an organization possessed of that iron will and determination which alone could win success in the face of such odds.

G. H. JAMERSON, Brigadier-General, Commanding.

Many recommendations were made for the Distinguished Service Cross, but because of the lack of definite knowledge of how to properly submit these recommendations, very few of them were approved. The regiment takes a just pride in the following awards as published in General Orders from General Headquarters, A. E. F.:

Second Lieutenant Charles K. Dillingham, 318th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Nantillots, France, 6th October, 1018.

Lieutenant Dillingham, on duty as battalion intelligence officer, twice volunteered and led a patrol through woods known to be occupied by hostile machine guns. Working his way through artillery and machine gun fire, he succeeded in ascertaining the position of units on the right and left of his own.

Throughout the action around Nantillois and the Bots DES Ogons this officer was a constant inspiration to his men by his devotion to duty and disregard of personal safety.

Private Eddie Bann, Company "M," 3(8th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action in the Bots DES OGONS, France, 4th October, 1918.

Private Bann was acting as stretcher bearer with another soldier who was shot by a sniper. Going out under fire from the sniper, he captured the latter with the aid of another man. While taking his prisoner to the rear, Private Bann found a wounded man

whom he carried to the aid station under heavy fire, while his companion went on with the prisoner. Upon returning from the aid station he continued his work of rescuing the wounded.

Sergeant William T. Johnson, Company "A," 318th Infantry. For extraordinary beroism in action near Bots of Fays, France, 5th October, 1018.

While leading a patrol Sergeant Johnson encountered terrific machine gun fire, which forced him to order his patrol to cover. He then advanced alone, working his way to the nest which he destroyed, and allowed for the continuance of patrol. Later the same day he braved the perils of an extremely heavy barrage to bring to safety a wounded comrade who was lying three hundred yards in advance of the lines.

The regiment during the period between September 26th and October 7th suffered the following casualties:

	Killed.		d.	Wounded.		Missing.	
Unit.		Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1st Battalion		3	30	8	242	0	2
2nd Battalion		4	40	7	201	0	()
3rd Battalion		0	1.5	5	174	0	0
Machine Gun Co.		()	3	2	40	0	0
Headquarters Co		0	5	()	40	0	0
Supply Co		\cap	0	0	3	0	0
Medical Detachment		()	2	3	8	O	0
						_	_
Total		7	101	25	807	0	2

The complete report of casualties by name will be found in Appendix 4.

The official report on the operations for this period will be found in Appendix 5.



RIFLE GRENADE PRACTICE
STOKES MORTAR PRACTICE

CHAPTER IX

Reorganization



OLLOWING the relief of this regiment on the night of October 6th-7th by the 310th Infantry, the various units reached the designated assembly area southeast of Cuisy about 5 A. M., October 7th, mentally and physically exhausted, and, due to the numerous casual ties among the officers and non-commissioned officers, rather badly

disorganized. From September 26th to October 7th this regiment had been under constant shell fire (part of the time a most concentrated and terrific fire), and had had numerous casualties daily.

October 7th was devoted to resting and reorganization. Revived by a few hours of uninterrupted sleep and three square meals, the morning of October 8th found the men again in good spirits and prepared for any eventuality, though they were greatly in need of a few days' real rest. Orders were received that morning to move to the Bois DE Montfaucon, immediately south of what at one time comprised the town of MALANCOURT, about five kilometers from the existing bivouac. This march was made without interruption and early in the afternoon the men had their "bivies" up. Orders were then received to immediately reequip the regiment and be prepared to move on short notice.

The day after the regiment was relieved, several officers rejoined the regiment from various Army Schools. At about the same time a number of new officers were assigned to the regiment. Even with this addition, the battalions

averaged less than two officers per company.

On October 8th Colonel Ulysses G. Worrilow was relieved from command of the regiment and ordered to Fromereville, Lientenant-Colonel Charles L. Mitchell succeeding to the command.

The regiment's strength was so greatly reduced that companies were at once reorganized on the basis of three small platoons per company, and a certain

amount of drilling was carried on under adverse conditions.

On October 11th at 4 P. M. orders were received to proceed at once by marching, keeping off the road in so far as possible, to the Bois DE Hesse—a distance of some eight kilometers. The regiment was under way at 5 P. M. and in camp at 10:30 P. M., after having made a very strenuous hike across country this area being a devastated No Man's Land, a continuous series of shell holes, destroyed trenches and hidden wire.

The regiment remained in bivonac in the Bois de Hesse until 5:30 A. M., October 14th, at which time it proceeded by marching to Dombasle and there

embussed for the following billeting areas:

Regimental Headquarters Headquarters Company Machine Gun Company Supply Company	\AUBLOURT
1st Battalion	
	Som maisne
3rd Battalion	BEAUZEE

A new issue of clothing with overcoats was received, and Browning automatics and machine guns were also issued. Training was continued and practice held with the new weapons, which at once won the confidence and aroused the enthusiasm of the men. This was particularly the ease with the Browning automatic. The Lewis gun, which had been used in the British area, was too cumbersome a weapon to enjoy great popularity among the infantrymen armed with it; while the American adaptation of the French Chanchat rifle, chambered for American ammunition, was unpopular because of its tendency to jam and to break essential parts. The Browning automatic, on the other hand, combined the merits of lightness with durability and accuracy.

The area now occupied showed the effects of the brief German occupation in 1014 in the shape of many ruined buildings; but it was such a vast improvement over the "abomination of desolation" just witnessed in Bethercourt, Malancourt, Cuisy, Septsarges, Monteaucon, Nantillois and the whole of that devastated area that one barely noticed the mute witnesses of the passing of the Ilun.

The period of ten days spent here proved sufficient to fully re-equip the regiment and to give the men the rest they had so justly earned.

At 7 A. M., October 24th, the regiment was assembled at Pretz and embussed for Islettes les Petites, in the Argonne Forest, arriving there at 14 A. M. It was at once assigned a bivouacing area in the woods, an almost ideal location for camping.

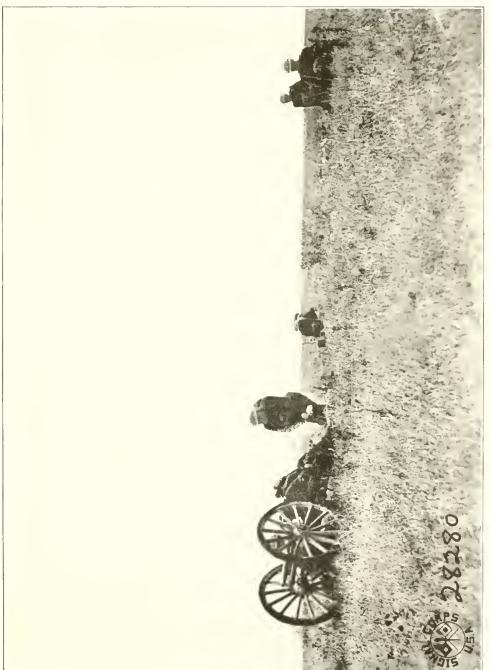
On October 24th the Corps and Divisional orders for the next offensive arrived and preparations were at once made for a quick move. The regiment was on its toes for six days, each day expecting to move the next morning. The air was electric with anticipation of the coming attack which all expected to be even more successful than the drive of September 20th. The Americans had been hammering the Boche now for a month without cessation and the whole battle line from the Meuse to the North Sea was witness to the fact that the Allied forces had gained and meant to maintain the mastery of the situation. While pessimists still existed who foresaw a war lasting until 1920, many were found who were willing to bet that the Hun would capitulate before the year was out.

Meantime, while awaiting the order to move forward for the new attack, the regiment's attack formation was considerably modified. Recent experience had demonstrated that the formations used in the previous drive did not possess sufficient elasticity for the maneuvering requisite to success in the war of movement which had so suddenly succeeded the long period of stationary warfare.

The change involved the reorganization of the platoon as the combat unit. Heretofore, the platoon had consisted of four sections, two of which consisted of automatic riflemen and riflemen, one of rifle grenadiers and one of bombers (hand grenadiers). The new formation provided for a platoon of forty-nine men, divided into two identical half-platoons of three squads each—a rifle squad, an automatic rifle squad, and a grenadier squad. This made the combat unit a half-platoon which, because of its smaller size and its possession within itself of all the infantryman's weapons, gave the regiment an organization superior to the old platoon in the following respects: greater adaptability to changing conditions; greater mobility and maneuvering power; greater susceptibility to control.

At the time this change was adopted, a number of replacements, most of them untrained or at best only partly trained men, were assigned to the regiment. The case and rapidity with which these men were made familiar with the new formation and the commands and signals adopted for maneuver therewith, spoke volumes for its practicability and the regiment awaited further action, confident that great successes would be won with fewer losses.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles L. Mitchell, Major Henry H. Burdick and Captain Edward H. Little developed and worked out the details of this reorganization of the basic combat unit.



37-MM. GUN IN ACTION

CHAPTER X

The Second Call



FTER remaining in a state of uncertainty for nearly a week in the woods near ISLETTES LES PETITES, definite word was at last received that a concerted attack along the whole American front was to be made on the morning of November 1st. With this news came the disappointing intelligence that this Brigade was to be again called

upon to fill the role of divisional reserve, a disappointment to officers and men alike, who felt that the three weeks of rest and reorganization had put the regiment in a state of efficiency unsurpassed by any unit in the army.

Colonel Harry C. Jones was assigned to command of the regiment on October 20th. A number of other officers also reported, giving the regiment almost its entire complement of officer personnel. The regiment was ready for action as it never had been before—and all keenly regreted the passive role allotted for the beginning of the attack.

On October 30th the regiment was ordered to proceed by marching on the following day to a location immediately south of CORNAY, a distance of twenty-five kilometers, via the famous ravine LE FOUR DE PARIS, which the French by a surprise attack had taken from the Boche in 1017.

The march began at 8 A. M., October 31st. The greater part of the march lay through the Foret D' Argonne, the scene of much bitter fighting within the past few weeks. Oreat delay was caused by the crossing of the line of march by the 77th Division, which was to attack on the left of the 80th Division, and the men did not reach their bivouac until 9 P. M. that night, after being under arms some thirteen hours. Camp was made in the open, under cover of rising ground midway between Cornay and Chatel-Chehery.

The roar of the guns continued throughout the night and at 5:30 A. M., November 1st, the attack was launched along the entire front. In the 80th Division's sector, the 310th Infantry attacked on the right in liaison with the 2nd Division, the 320th Infantry on the left in liaison with the 77th Division.

The attack of the 310th Infantry and the 2nd Division made rapid headway during the day, whereas the 320th Infantry and the 77th Division encountered most stubborn resistance and advanced only a short distance, so that at the end of the day the Divisional Front, originally facing almost due north, became greatly extended and faced practically northwest.

Meantime, this regiment had been ordered forward a distance of some five kilometers to a position in some ravines about 500 yards north of FLEVILLE. Due to converging streams and the existence of but one available bridge, it was neces-

sary to adhere to the road; consequently the march, begin at 6 P. M., was ended only at 4 A. M. of the 2nd, seven hours being required to cover five kilometers. The days of traffic jams were not yet past!

To prevent too great an extension of the front held by the 310th Infantry and to relieve the pressure still retarding the 320th Infantry, the Division Commander placed the 317th Infantry at the disposal of the Commanding General of the 160th Brigade and orders were issued that on the morning of the 2nd the 317th Infantry should attack between the 310th Infantry and the 2nd Division, while the 310th, by an attack in an almost due westerly direction, would assist the advance of the units on its left by flanking the hostile positions. When the 317th finally got into position and attacked from the neighborhood of IMECOURT at about 10 A. M. on November 2nd, the following peculiar situation existed: the 317th Infantry was farthest north and was advancing in a generally north-westerly direction; the 320th Infantry was farthest south and was attacking due north; while the 310th Infantry, maintaining contact with the 317th and 320th, was attacking almost due west.

The result was that, as the afternoon wore on, the 317th Infantry gradually extended its front across the entire Divisional sector and by a rapid advance took the town of BUZANCY before nightfall. This result having been anticipated, the Division Commander turned over the command of the sector to the 159th Brigade at 5 P. M., on November 2nd,

Brigadier-General George II. Jamerson, who had commanded this Brigade since April, 1018, had been evacuated, injured, on October 8th. Lieutenant-Colonel Edmund A. Buchanan, at that time the senior officer present with the brigade and attached to Brigade Headquarters, was assigned to the command of the Brigade. Upon the assignment of Colonel Jones to this regiment and the promotion of Lieutenant-Colonel Keller, of the 317th Infantry, the Division Commander assumed command of the 150th Brigade, exercising his command through Lieutenant-Colonel Buchanan as Brigade-Adjutant.

At 11:30 A. M. on the 2nd this regiment was ordered forward about two kilometers to a position just south of St. Juvin. This movement, carried out in a pouring rain, had just been completed at 1 P. M. when orders came, directing the regiment to proceed at once to Sivry-lez-Buzancy, twelve kilometers north. Field officers were to precede the column and make personal reconnaissances but did not reach Sivry until after dark. The troops, much exhausted after the long hike over fearfully congested, very muddy and badly shelled roads, went into bivouac in the pouring rain of an unusually dark night, about 11 P. M., just east of Sivry-lez-Buzancy.

The regimental P. C. was established in the town, as were also those of the 150th Brigade, the 317th Infantry, and the 313th Machine Gun Battalion. With four headquarters in one small town, all available shelter was quickly pre-empted. Consequently, upon the receipt about midnight of the Division and Brigade attack orders for the following day, a conference of officers of this regiment was at



SOLID COMFORT

once held in the only available shelter, a large stable, some thirty yards from Regimental Headquarters.

The Hun had been shelling the town intermittently throughout the evening. While some forty-five officers and men were busily poring over the maps and the orders for the attack, a shell came through the roof and exploded in the midst of the gathering, killing Lieutenant Niven, adjutant of the 3rd Battalion; mortally wounding Lieutenants Coble and Robertson and wounding Captain Taliaferro, Chaplain Brown and Lieutenants Benson, Crutchfield, Dillingham, Kleinsturber, Morrison, Palmer and Turner, all of whom were evacuated excepting Chaplain Brown and Lieutenants Dillingham, Morrison and Turner, who required first-aid treatment but refused to be evacuated. It was a heavy blow to the regiment to have so many officers put out of action on the eve of an attack.

The transport personnel, zealous for the welfare of the combat troops, pushed on over well-nigh impassable roads and brought up the kitchens and ration wagons, ensuring a hot breakfast for all after a night passed in the rain.

At 5 A. M. the attacking unit (3rd Battalion) with attached units (Company B, 3/3th Machine Gun Battalion, two Stokes mortars and two 37-mm, guns) started forward in a northwesterly direction to its position on the left of the 317th Infantry and the right of the 77th Division. The 1st Battalion was in support.

No accurate information as to the exact location of the units holding the line had been secured at this time; consequently, the 3rd Battalion advanced, prepared to be fired upon from Buzancy to Harricouri, some four kilometers northwest of Sivry-lez-Buzancy. The advance was greatly delayed by having to pass, under heavy shell fire, through a deep swamp just south of the Buzancy-Bar road. During this advance an enemy shell killed Lieutenant Turner, Commanding "1" Company, and severely wounded 1st Sergeant Schutte, of the same company.

Once across this swamp, contact was quickly gained with the 310th Infantry between Byr and Buzancy, and with the 77th Division near Hyrricourt; and the battalion's line was established as shown on the Buzancy Map in Appendix 8. From this line, with K Company on the right and M Company on the left, I and L Companies being in support, the 3rd Battalion made a very rapid advance, which at 4:30 P. M. reached the general line of the unimproved road running southeast from St. Pierremont (see the Sommauthe Map in Appendix 8). The battalion was there held up by heavy enemy fire from machine gun nests in the woods to the north.

During the night and early the next morning some of those machine gun nests were destroyed, and the battalion had advanced a half kilometer further and was still advancing when a passage of lines was executed by the 1st Battalion about 8 A. M. The 2nd Battalion thereupon became the supporting battalion, the 3rd Battalion passing to Brigade Reserve.

By thus relieving each battalion after twenty-four hours in the front lines, all troops were enabled to get a good rest and hot food after subsisting on the emergency ration during a period of great strain. Great credit is due the Supply

Company for its success in keeping the troops well supplied at all times during this three-day engagement.

During its advance the 3rd Battalion captured, among other things, a battery of 77's, possibly the battery which had shelled us the previous night. So rapid had been the advance that the Boche Artillery Officers left their mid-day meal set upon a table in a tent back of their guns. Ten machine guns were also captured.

The Regimental P. C. during the day was advanced from Sivry-Lez-Buzancy to Bar, with an advanced P. C. at Fontenoy.

On the morning of November 4th the 1st Battalion, with attached units (Company C, 313th Machine Gun Battalion, two Stokes mortars and two 37-mm. guns), continued the advance with B, C and D Companies in line, A Company being in support. At this time this regiment was considerably in advance of the units on the right and left and, as a consequence, encountered machine gun fire from both flanks, from positions within the sectors of adjacent units. In one case, in order to make further progress, it became necessary to take the town of Sommatthe and the dominating heights of Hill 314 just south thereof, within the sector of the unit on our right. This was done, the town was handed over to

"D" Company of the 317th Infantry, and the advance proceeded.

Slow but steady progress was made throughout the day and towards night-fall the line ran generally east and west a few hundred yards south of La Polka Farm. Further progress was delayed for some time because of the trouble which the unit on the left had in taking the high ground west of La Polka Farm. This height dominated our sector, and by means of direct machine gun fire, the Hun controlled the situation in our front as long as he had observation from this hill. Under cover of darkness, however, the battalion succeeded in getting forward and taking La Polka Farm and the Farm d' Isly in spite of stubborn resistance which was supported by fire from Hill 278 and the heights to the west. From this time until relieved the battalion occupied a line passing north of the Farm d'Isly and bending back on the right to maintain contact with the left battalion of the 317th Infantry. (See the La Polka Farm Map in Appendix 8.)

During its advance the 1st Battalion suffered a number of casualties, among

whom were Lieutenant Davidson, killed, and Captain Winant, wounded.

On the 4th the Regimental P. C. moved forward from BAR to a position on a hill northeast of FONTENOY.

At 5:30 A. M., November 5th, the 2n l Battalion and attached units (Regimental Machine Gun Company, two Stokes mortars and two 37-mm. guns) passed through the 1st Battalion and took up the advance, with the 3rd Battalion in support. The 2nd Battalion had E Company in line on the left, G Company in line on the right, F and H Companies being in support. The 2nd Battalion effected a very rapid advance through the Bois de St. Pierremont, the Bois de la Berliere and the Bois du Grand Dieulet, reaching its original objective along the La Bagnolle-Warniforet road and taking the latter town about 9:30 A. M.

While this position was being organized, an order was received by the regiment to push on to the Yonco-Beaumont Road, with the left of the regiment resting on Yonco and the right on La Harnoterie Farm. The 2nd Battalion consequently resumed its advance, but encountered most determined resistance from machine guns and artillery, chiefly 77's. In spite of this resistance, however, the battalion succeeded in advancing to a position just south of the Yonco-Beaumont Road, with patrols out toward the Meuse and to the west of Yonco on Hill 275. (See the Yonco Map in Appendix 8.)

In this position the battalion was relieved at 6:30 A. M., November 6th, by the 1st Division, after having made an advance of some seven kilometers.

During the advance of the 2nd Battalion the Regimental P. C. moved to Sommauthe, and thence to a position in the Bois du Grand Dieulet, about one kilometer north of Le Gros Faux Farm.

During the three days in line the regiment made a total advance of sixteen kilometers, capturing much valuable material, with the following losses:

	Killed.		Wounded.		Missing.	
	Officers.	Enl. Men.	Officers.	Enl. Men.	Officers.	Enl. Men.
1st Battalion	2	1.2	.5	45	0	()
2nd Battalion	0	3	1	I 1	0	()
3rd Battalion	2	2	1	20	0	()
Machine Gun Co	0	0	1	2	0	0
Headquarters Company	0	1	()	2	0	I
Supply Company	O	0	()	2	0	0
Medical Detachment	1	2	Ţ	2	0	()
	5	20	()	84	0	Ī

It has been authoritatively stated that during the advance of this Brigade from November 3rd to 6th, with the exception of a portion of one day, it was in advance of the divisions on the right and left. The regiment takes pride also in the fact that at the hour of its relief it was further north than any unit on the American front,

Just why this division was relieved on the morning of the 6th has never been clear to us. The 160th Brigade, after being in line for thirty-six hours, had had a three days' rest; whereas the 150th Brigade, although engaged for three and one-half days, had suffered very few casualties considering the results attained. The morale of the division was never higher than during this engagement—and it is believed that we were relieved simply to enable the first Division, which had been the first to come over, to be in line at the signing of the armistice, which was expected momentarily at the hour of our relief. Certain it is that no division had advanced farther or suffered fewer casualties from November 1st to 6th than had the 80th Division.

The following awards of the Distinguished Service Cross were made in this regiment as the result of heroism in this engagement:

First Lieutenant James A. Turner, 318th Infantry (deceased). For extraordinary heroism in action near Buzney, France 2-3 November, 1018. After having been severely wounded during the night of 2nd November, 1018, Lieutenant Turner continued in command of his company. Despite his wounds he led his company in the attack the following day, when he was killed by an enemy shell. He set an example of fearlessness and bravery to his men.

Private W. P. Tignor, Company "D," 318th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near Sommauthe, France 4-7 November, 1018. Acting as a scout, Private Tignor repeatedly went forward and by calling and making noises, drew machine gun fire upon himself in order to locate machine gun nests, which were subsequently put out of action.

The Division, Brigade and Regimental Orders for the attack of November 3, 1018, are to be found in Appendix 6. The Operations Report for the period from November 1st to 6th, 1018, is in Appendix 7. Appendix 9 contains the names of all casualties during this engagement,

CHAPTER XI

The Armistice Comes



RDERS had been received that upon the relief of this Division by the 1st Division, this regiment was to be assembled at Ly Polky Farm, there to await further orders. By noon, November 6th, all units were in bivouac in the woods and rayines about the farm. Shortly after arrival there, information reached us that the Division

would be given a forty-eight-hour period for rest and reorganization, after which it would be considered available for immediate resumption of hostilities. Just how the Division, after sitting still for two days, was to be expected to get close enough to the front lines, fast receding in the north, to resume hostilities was never explained. In view of the absence of railroads and the shortage of motor transportation, this will doubtless remain one of the unsolved mysteries of the war!

Still, not much time was consumed at that juncture in any such idle speculation. Regimental and Battalion Supply Officers got extremely busy, with the result that by 6 P. M., November 7th, all essential shortages had been made good and the regiment was as ready for action as it had ever been.

Then, to everyone's amazement, orders arrived that night directing the regiment to march the following morning, not north to the scene of action, but south to the vicinity of BRIQUEN VV, where a considerable amount of action had been expected late in October.

Army intelligence reports received just prior to November 1st had given this town and a general line east and west thereof as the position on which the Boche had prepared to make a determined stand in the event of his being driven from the line he was then holding, a general line running east and west through SOMMERANCE, some nine kilometers south of BRIQUENAY. Doubtless he had intended to make a stand there; evidences to that effect were found in plenty. It was a naturally strong position, easy to defend, with an excellent field of fire; and the Hun had fortified it as best he could in the short time available after he discovered that "the mad Americans" meant to continue their advance in spite of his well known defensive ability. But the advance that began on November 1st had been too rapid to permit him to carry out his prearranged plans—and the BRIQUENAY position had been taken almost without a struggle.

Amazement was acute on the receipt of the order to march south, but all of us knew the line:

"Their's not to reason why," and the regiment covered the 20 kilometers to Briguenay before noon on the 8th.

On November 9th the march was continued to St. Juvin and Martincourt Farm, a distance of about 11 kilometers.

On the 10th the regiment marched only some 4 kilometers, bivouacing on the same ground occupied on the night of October 31st, along the CORNAY-CHATEL-CHEHERY Road.

On the 11th the regiment marched 25 kilometers to LA CHALADE, arriving about 3 P. M. Here all units had the most comfortable billets they had yet had, occupying old French billets containing electric lights and other little luxuries. This area had been practically undisturbed during four years of war, save for occasional long-distance shelling, and was, consequently, a most desirable location. The men took it as a good omen that we had reached such a haven on November 11th.

Two weeks prior to that date rumor had begun to succeed rumor to the effect that the armistice had been signed or was about to be signed, only to be officially denied a little later. Finally, definite and official news came to the regiment while on the march through the Argonne Forest that the terms of the armistice had actually been signed by the German delegates, to go into effect at 11 A. M., November 11th. Shortly after, a number of French soldiers were passed, capering about joyously and shouting "The war is finished!" One doughboy, speaking from the heart and voicing the sentiments of all, replied: "Well, for the Law'd sake, don't start another one unless you can finish it vourself!"

Quite naturally the enthusiasm was intense and, on arrival in camp, the men began to figure at once on the best way to celebrate. By common consent the discovery of a large amount of pyrotechnics was voted a God-send, and that night the heavens were lit by every conceivable kind of military fire works at once. When one remembers that this was the first night since our arrival in France that no danger was attached to a display of lights and that this was the first night for nearly six months that one did not have to reckon with the possibility of a hostile aerial visitor, the spontaneous, boyish outburst may be forgiven.

Many city councils could have learned valuable lessons that night in the art of celebrating such occasions as the 4th of July.

Upon the suspension of hostilities the Division Commander issued the following general order:

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTIETH DIVISION, AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES,

France, 11th November, 1918.

GENERAL ORDER No. 10.

To the Members of the 80th Division:

The 8oth Division only moves Forward.

It not only moves forward against the *Enemy*, but it moves forward in the estimation of all who are capable of judging its courage, its fighting and its manly qualities.

In the operations for the period November 1st-5th, the Division moved forward fifteen and five-eighths miles in an air line.

It always led.

It captured two Huns for every man wounded.

It captured one machine gun for every man wounded.

It captured one cannon for every ten men wounded, besides large quantities of munitions and other stores.

It accomplished these results, of vast importance to the success of the general operation, with a far smaller percentage of casualties than any other Division engaged.

It has learned by hard training and experience.

The appreciation of the Corps and Army Commanders is expressed in the following:

Telegram from the Commanding General, First Army (dated Nov. 1st).

"The Army Commander desires that you inform the Commander of the 80th Division of the Army Commander's appreciation of his excellent work during the battle of to-day. He desires that you have this information sent to all organizations of that Division as far as may be practicable this night. He fully realizes the striking blow your Division has delivered to the enemy this date."

Telegram from the Commanding General, First Army Corps (dated Nov. 1st)

"The Corps Commander is particularly pleased with the persistent, intelligent work accomplished by your Division to-day. He is further desirous that his congratulations and appreciation reach General Lloyd M. Brett, commanding your Brigade, which has borne the brunt of the burden."

Letter from the Commanding General, First Army Corps:

"I. The Corps Commander desires that you be informed and that those under your command be informed that in addition to other well deserved commendations received from the Army Commander and the Corps Commander, he wishes to express his particular gratification and appreciation of the work of your division from the time it has entered under his command."

It is necessarily a great honor to be allowed to command an organization which earns such commendation.

It is likewise a great honor to belong to such an organization.

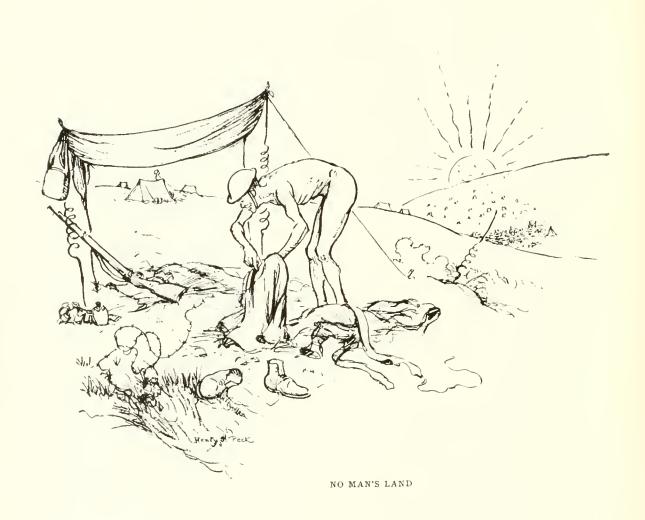
I do not know what the future has in store for us.

If it be war, we must and shall sustain our honor and our reputation by giving our best to complete the salvation of our country.

If it be peace, we must and shall maintain our reputation and the honor of our Division and the Army, as soldiers of the greatest country on earth, and as right-minded, self-respecting men.

The 8oth Division only moves Forward,

A. CRONKHITE, Major-General.



CHAPTER XII

We Take a Walk

WEEK was spent in the pleasant surroundings of L.v. Ch.vi.vid.

To make it more delightful, the sun-decided to shine benignly throughout this period and the air had just the tang needed to put everyone in fine fettle.

On November 12th steps were taken to salvage all surplus property in the area, clear off mud and dirt from clothing and equipment and get everything into good shape in accordance with the high standard of the regiment. This having been accomplished within two days, a regimental review and inspection of troops and transport was held on November 14th. The Division Commander, accompanied by his Chief of Staff, Colonel W. H. Waldron, and Lieutenant-Colonel E. A. Buchanan, of the 150th Brigade, honored the regiment with his presence and gave the assembled troops a brief talk after the review

On November 15th, official sanction having been given for 20 per cent, of the officers to avail themselves of a seven days' leave (exclusive of time of travel), the allotted quota departed. It was the first leave most of the officers had had in a year or more and was therefore most welcome, the more so in that the signing of the armistice marked the successful completion of the job which had called them from their civil pursuits.

The time up to November 18th was spent in further cleaning up and drill, the newer men having scarcely had sufficient time to be assimilated.

On November 18th the regiment began a march which made the famous march of the 10,000 Greeks seem, by comparison, a mere Sunday afternoon stroll. There are two essentials, without which a doughboy, whatever his other qualifications, is a failure: first and foremost, the ability and the eagerness to fight; second, the ability to get anywhere on his own motive power. The regiment, having already demonstrated its possession of the first essential, was now given an opportunity to show what it could do on a real, continuous march.

The march began November 18th and was completed on November 20th, a total distance of 220 kilometers being covered in ten days of actual marching, in accordance with the following march table;

November 18th—Marched from LA CHALADE to BRIZEAUX (20 kilometers). November 19th—Marched from Brizeaux to Laheycourt (10 kilometers). November 20th—Marched from Laheycourt to Robert-Espagne (20 kilometers).

November 21st—Spent in Robert-Espagne.

November 22nd—Marched from Robert-Espagne to Valcourt (20 kilometers).

November 23rd—Marched from VALCOURT to WASSY (15 kilometers).

November 24th—Spent at Wassy.

November 25th—Marched from Wassy to Villiers-Aux-Chenes (19 kilometers).

November 26th—Marched from Villiers-aux-Chenes to Colombe-la-Fosse (17 kilometers).

November 27th—Marched from Colombe-la-Fosse to Champignol (19 kilometers).

November 28th—Marched from Champignol to Pothheres (31 kilometers). November 20th—Marched from Pothheres to Ashieres-en-Montagne (34 kilometers).

This table shows the towns in which Regimental Headquarters was established during the march. Some units, owing to the crowded conditions in certain billeting areas, had to march a considerable distance away from the main line of march to find accommodations. Thus, the total of 220 kilometers falls far short of the distance actually marched by some, if not all, of the men of the regiment.

The march started under almost ideal weather conditions, which continued for several days. Before the march ended, however, this luck had changed and rain set in and continued. Where units had to bivouae for lack of billets, the latter part of the period became a rather trying one.

The Division Supply Department functioned admirably throughout the march in rationing the regiment. The 150th Brigade had advanced parties out at all times, finding the exact billeting possibilities of all towns to be occupied by its units. Each day at 4 P. M. a representative of the regiment reported at Brigade Headquarters, receiving the march order for the following day, with the names of all towns to be occupied and the billeting possibilities of each. It would have been much simpler if the Division could have written one order for the entire march, but this was impossible because of the great numbers of troops moving south simultaneously and the changing instructions received from time to time from higher up. The only thing definitely known throughout the march was that we were headed for the 15th Training Area and that Division Headquarters would be in Ancy-le-Franc.

Everything went smoothly until the regiment reached ROBERT-ESPAGNE, where five hundred and eighty-three replacements were assigned to the regiment, representing every degree of training from a year to a month and every branch of the service from infantrymen to balloon observers. Some came fully equipped, others lacked nearly everything save the clothing on their backs. No service records arrived with any of them. It was an unfortunate deluge to arrive at such a time.

One other serious defect is to be noted in the arrangements for the march. No provision had been made for a resupply of shoes, and the 220 kilometer march over metalled roads played havoc with the shoes which had already seen hard service "up the line." As a result, many men finished the hike with their feet practically on the ground.

The long march was ended by the arrival of the regiment within the 15th Training Area on the night of November 20th. With the exception of a number of the replacements who joined us in poor physical condition, the regiment finished the march in excellent shape.

CHAPTER XIII

In Winter Quarters



${ m CON}$ arrival in the 15th Training Area on November 20, 1918, the
regiment was billeted as follows:
Regimental Headquarters
Headquarters CompanyAsnieres-en-Montagne
Supply Company
1st Battalion (less D Co.)
2nd BattalionSTIGNY
3rd Battalion (less 1 & K Cos.)Arrans
1 and K CompaniesETAIS
Machine Gun Company)VERDONNET
1) Company

On December 5th the following readjustment in locations was made:

Regimental Headquarters (Headquarters Company Supply Company Company Supply Company CRY Supply Company CRY Supply Company CRY
tst Battalion Asnieres-en-Montagne
2nd Battalion STIGNY
3rd Battalion (less K Co)Arrans
Machine Gun Company Verdonnet
K. Company

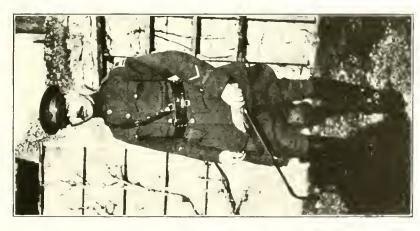
This arrangement was subsequently modified by moving the 3rd Battalion and the Machine Gun Company as follows:

3rd Battalion (less	1. & M Cos.)	Perrigny
L and M Compan	es	Rougemont
Machine Gun Con	pauy	CRY

The regiment was destined to remain for four months in this area. Many conveniences and some necessities of life were lacking on our arrival, but all deficiencies were gradually made good so that, long before our departure, the regiment had become as comfortable as could be expected. The allowance of fuel was not so liberal as in the United States; to offset this, however, there was a very liberal allowance of rain and mud, with some snow and ice. But what-



MAJOR KOCH



MAJOR BURDICK



MAJOR LITTLE

ever the inconveniences to which he is exposed, the soldier has a knack of making himself very comfortable in any situation—and the winter passed more pleasantly than we had anticipated.

On December 6th, Colonel Harry C. Jones was relieved from command of the regiment, Colonel George D. Freeman, Jr., being assigned to the command the same day.

During December many non-commissioned officers returned to the regiment from the Officers' Training School at LANGRES, this school having been discontinued with the signing of the armistice. Many officers and enlisted men who had been wounded were also returned to duty with the regiment.

Many promotions and transfers were made while the regiment was in this area. Lieutenant-Colonel Mitchell was transferred to 92nd Division, January 11, 1910. Major Charles Sweeny was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel, February 24, 1910, and transferred to Headquarters, 1st Corps, March 11th. Major J. C. Wise was transferred to G. H. Q., February 10th. Captain Edward H. Little was promoted to Major, February 24th, and assigned to the command of the 2nd Battalion. Captain Louis J. Koch was promoted to Major, March 20th, and assigned to the 1st Battalion. Captain L. A. Cuthbert succeeded Captain Goldsmith as Regimental Adjutant, March 4th; Captain R. P. Williams, Jr., succeeded Major Little as Operations Officer, March 4th.

For the first week or two in December the men had the restless air of those expecting something to happen at any moment. Just what should happen seemed uncertain, but the whole atmosphere was charged with expectation. Perhaps all felt that by some miracle the 80th Division would start back to the States by January 1, 1010. With the war over except for the signing of the treaty of peace, very few officers or men contemplated remaining in the service—and the one idea of all was: "When do we go home?" As time wore on, however, this restlessness gradually passed away and all settled down to face cheerfully whatever the future might have in store.

In addition to the regular drill periods of some five hours per day throughout the four months in this area, the regiment's time and attention were devoted in very large measure to three quite distinct phases of activity, which may be characterized briefly as follows: First a multiplicity of maneuvers and terrain exercises; second, a large variety of sports, amusements and entertainments; and, third, a lively interest in educational work.

Of these, the first demanded the most time, if not interest. In maneuvers the entire personnel of the unit was present; in terrain exercises, all headquarters down to a battalion were present and all means of communication were in operation, but the troops were merely outlined.

Higher headquarters had determined that all combat troops in back areas should pursue a vigorous course of training between the signing of the armistice and their departure for the United States, having two main purposes in view; to prepare the army for a possible resumption of hostilities; and to keep the men occupied during the trying months of a French winter. Hostilities, at the

present writing, seem unlikely to be renewed, but this regiment can testify feelingly that it was kept healthily busy with practically every known variety of maneuver and terrain exercise except a landing engagement; and it is suspected that if there had been one sizeable pond within our area, skiffs would have been built and the regiment given a chance to fight its way ashore.

Maneuvers and terrain exercises were held under all sorts of weather conditions. Snow, rain and mud had no deterrent effect. Staff officers often longed for an opportunity to fight out the problems around a large table over a map, with the chance thereby to form a mental picture of the situation of all units involved. The system of having the staffs on the ground had the advantage of making them get their heels off their desks and take some exercise; and the various signal units of the division obtained excellent practice in rapid communication throughout the winter. But, with staff officers scattered all over the terrain without troops and without anyone representing the enemy, officers came to the brief critiques held at the conclusion of all exercises, with their ideas very hazy about everything supposed to have happened throughout the exercise, save as it affected their own units.

Before the four months were ended, we had fought about every conceivable kind of battle, from the defense of a well-organized sector to the escort of a convoy through supposedly hostile territory. The Regimental Operations Officer, on whom fell the burden of all these problems, often remarked sadly, "Every little maneuver has a meaning all its own!"

But our time was not all devoted to maneuvers and drill. Efforts were made, with the limited facilities at hand, to get and keep as many men as possible interested in all forms of athletics. Football teams were speedily organized in all companies and after some few weeks of practice, intra-battalion games were played to determine the battalion champions. These having been selected, the regimental championship was fought out. In the final battle, A Company defeated I Company after a gruelling contest by the score of 13 to 6.

Meantime, new interest was aroused in track and field meets. Two meets were held at CRY, February 12th and March 12th, with entries from all units. For these meets, a provisional Headquarters Battalion, composed of the Headquarters, Supply and Machine Gun Companies, was organized and its representatives competed with teams from the three line battalions. In both of these regimental meets the Headquarters Battalion carried off the honors and won the handsome banner donated by Regimental Headquarters.

The regiment wishes to acknowledge its indebtedness to the various societies, especially the Y. M. C. A., the Knights of Columbus, and the American Red Cross, for their efforts, in spite of limited transportation and impossible freight conditions, to keep the men supplied with smokes, candy, games and reading matter. Each town had a building or tent for the headquarters of one or another of these societies, and those were the nearest approach to clubs for the men that could be obtained.

During this period the 150th Brigade Amusement Troupe entered upon a

very active career. Organized the previous August by Captain Raymond, of this regiment, with picked men from the 317th and 318th Regiments, it had to function spasmodically during the period of active operations. With the arrival, however, of the Division in the 15th Training Area, it entered at once upon a program of entertaining the various units of the brigade. The troupe was composed of men of such versatile talent that an entirely new show was presented every two weeks. The idea of a troupe of this sort spread like wild-fire and the regiment soon had troupes of its own performing in the various units.

Dances for the men and dances for the officers occupied an important place in the schedules of all units. Officers' clubs were established in all towns. The Regimental Band traveled continuously from one town to another giving concerts. Many of the men went on leave at one time or another during these four months. Everything, in short, was done with the means at hand to make the winter

pass agreeably.

On Christmas Day the units in each town, forgetting or suppressing their own homesickness, tried to make the day one to be remembered by all the French youngsters. Enormous, well-decorated Christmas trees brought the holiday touch and presents were lavishly distributed among the children. Company funds were drawn upon freely to make the day a pleasant one for all the men and it was a peculiar genius who had a grouch on that day, in spite of his absence from home.

Hand in hand with training and athletics and amusements went education. It was speedily realized that a man could not drill or play all the time, and that a large percentage of the troops would welcome an opportunity to study. With this in view, schools were established in every town, books obtained and instructors selected from the officers and men. How keen was the interest may be seen from the fact that this division far outnumbered the other eight divisions in the 1st Army both in the number of its schools and the aggregate of its students. Working on the theory that "A little learning is a dangerous thing," everybody apparently was trying to get out of danger!

In January began a series of horse shows which were greeted with lively enthusiasm and finally gave the Division an opportunity to prove to the entire army that, in the care of animals and transport, it could not be surpassed. On January 21st, after preliminary battalion shows, the Regimental Horse Show was held at CRY. The show was a great success in every way, and the turnouts of horses and equipment left little to be desired. The results, with the winners

in each event, follow:

CLASS A—Four-Line Teams:
First—Machine Gun Company,
Second—3rd Battalion,
Third—2nd Battalion.



COLONEL FREEMAN, WITH THE CUP WON AT THE DIVISION HORSE SHOW

CLASS B- Pair of Horses or Mules to G. S. Wagons, Limbers or Water Carts:

First—Supply Company.

Second Supply Company.

Third—1st Battalion.

CLASS C-Single Horse or Mule to Machine Gun Cart, Ammunition Cart, or 37-Millimeter Gun:

First--Headquarters Company (37-mm. gun).

Second—Headquarters Company (37-mm. gun).

Third--Machine Gun Company (machine gun cart).

Class D-Single Horse or Mule to Medical or Mess Cart:

First—1st Battalion.

Second—3rd Battalion.

Third--2nd Battalion.

CLASS E-Enlisted Men's Mounts:

First--Regimental Headquarters.

Second—2nd Battalion.

Third—Supply Company.

Class F—Officers' Chargers:

First-2nd Battalion.

Second 2nd Battalion.

Third—Regimental Headquarters.

On Friday the 24th of January, Brigade had their Horse Show and the 318th Infantry came off on top, in accordance with the following awards:

CLASS A-Four-Line Team:

First-2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry.

Second—Machine Gun Company, 318th Infantry.

Third—3rd Battalion, 318th Infantry.

Class 1—Single Horses or Mules to Mess, Maltese or Water Carts:

First—1st Battalion, 317th Infantry.

Second—2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry.

Third—3rd Battalion, 318th Infantry.

Fourth—1st Battalion, 318th Infantry.

Class C-Single Horses or Mules to Machine Gun, Ammunition or 37-mm. Carts:

First-Headquarters Company, 318th Infantry.

Second-Machine Gun Company, 317th Infantry.

Third—Machine Gun Company, 318th Infantry.

Fourth—Headquarters Company, 317th Infantry.

CLASS D—Officers' Chargers and Enlisted Men's Mounts:

First—150th Brigade Headquarters, Second—2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry, Third—2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry, Fourth—2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry,

Class E—Pairs Horses or Mules to Wagen or Limber:

First—Supply Company, 318th Infantry.
Second—Supply Company, 318th Infantry.
Third—150th Brigade Headquarters.
Fourth—Supply Company, 317th Infantry.

JUMPING CLASS:

First Cognac, 2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry. Second Over the Top, 150th Brigade Headquarters. Third Vin Rouge, 2nd Battalion, 318th Infantry. Fourth—Dugout, 150th Brigade Headquarters.

CHAMPIONSHIP CLASS (Suitability for Military Usc): First—Charlie, Machine Gun Company, 3(8th Infantry, Second—Nigger, Machine Gun Company, 3(8th Infantry,

On February 1st the Division Horse Show was held near ANCY-LL-FRANC. The following quotation from the Division Bulletin of February 2nd will perhaps prove interesting:

The Division Commander desires to express his pride and satisfaction in conspicuously excellent showing made by the Division at the Horse Show of February 1st.

The care and handling of animals, the care of harness and vehicles, the skill and attention to details of every kind produced this demonstration of transport efficiency which is of such value and credit to the Division.

Every entry was a prize-winning entry and a marked credit to the organization presenting it; those that did not win prizes, lost with honor and credit by narrow margins in a competition of superexeellence.

In the midst of so much excellence, the 318th Infantry nosed out all competitors and carried off the handsome silver cup for the unit winning the greatest number of points. The Machine Gun Company, Captain Cuthbert commanding, deserves especial mention for their remarkable showing, carrying off first and second places with a total of nine points in the contest between gun teams of all machine gun units. The Headquarters Company, Captain Houser commanding, carried off five points in the 37-mm. gun competition, taking second and fourth places against strong competition. The Supply Company, Captain McBride, commanding, brought up the total to 15 by taking fourth place in the competition between two line teams.



" JERRY "



THE OLD VIRGINIA WAGON

The 314th Field Artillery ran us a close second, with a total of 14 points. In the closing event, which counted no points but aroused keen interest, various units brought out their most comical entries. A little Boche Burro, taken "up the line," wearing a great Iron Cross and a German cap and drawing a little cart on which was mounted an "anti-aircraft rifle," represented the Supply tompany of this regiment and took first place. This team was brought upon the field in the "Old Virginia" Wagon of the 2nd Battalion and was lifted out by hand and set on the ground in front of the judges amid tremendous applause

The 80th Division having selected its best representatives, went to TONNERRI to the 1st Corps Horse Show on February 8th and easily defeated the Corps Troops and the 30th and 78th Divisions. There were thirty-three events with a total value of 201 points. This division took first place in fourteen events and second place in eight events for a total of 102 points. The nearest competitor was the 78th Division with 40 points. The 80th Division got 10 points for having the best entry in the show.

On March 5th at the 1st Army Horse Show at BAR-SUR-AUBL, the 1st Corps was easily victorious, the entries from the 8oth Division making this victory possible.

Horse shows, maneuvers, drill, study and athletics alone, however, did not make the winter noteworthy. The note of distinction, setting us above our fellows, came in January, with the arrival of Miss Catharine Hopkins, of New York, and Mrs. Edna B. Cartwright, of Boston, the two most welcome "recruits" the regiment ever received. Ostensibly, they came as representatives of the Y. M. C. A., but the regiment will take oath that they were ambassadors straight from heaven, come to brighten our lives and to remove the burden of our discentent. Their gracious presence, their ever-ready smiles and their tircless efforts in our behalf brought the spirit of home to men who had begun to suffer from nostalgia. We can never pay the debt of gratitude we owe them, but it gives us pleasure to publicly acknowledge it.

Between the conclusion of the period of horse shows and the date of departure from the 15th Training Area, one event stands out prominently above all others, the inspection and review of the entire Division by General Pershing. This took place on March 20th near the little town of Pinelles within the Divisional Area. A more impressive scene could not be imagined than that of an entire division in march together past its Supreme Commander. The following extract from the Division Bulletin of March 27, 1010, perhaps best expresses the excellence of the review:

The Division Commander desires to express to the Division his great satisfaction gratification and pride in the appearance and performance of the Division at the Review of the Commander-in-Chief. From the beginning of the concentration, through the inspection, the ceremonics, the review, to the return of billets, the work was that of seasoned soldiers and measured up to the highest standards of military efficiency.





The Commander in-Cluef was enthusiastic in his repeated expressions of praise and approval, reverting often, in the progress of his inspection, to the "splendid body of men" and the "fine division."

Perhaps the most impressive single incident of the day was the bringing of all units' colors together before the Commander-in-Chief who affixed to each regimental color a silken ribbon commemorating the engagements in which each had taken part. Upon the ribbon of this regiment is the following inscription:

PICARDY Sector, France, July 23 to August 18, 1918.

MFUSE-ARGONNI Offensive, France, September 20 to September 30, 1918

MEUSE-Argonni Offensive, France, October 4 to October 12, 1018.

MEUSE-Argonni Offensive, France, November 1 to November 6, 1018.

The ribbon was issued in lieu of silver bands, bearing the same inscription, to be given later and affixed to the staff of the regimental color.

On March 20th, the Division passed under the control of the Commanding General, S. O. S. (Services of Supply), under whose direction the Division was to be prepared for its return to the United States. Amountement to this effect had been made on February 27th with the additional information that the Division would sail for the States in May. Wild enthusiasm greeted these announcements and everyone at once made every possible effort to see that nothing should occur to postpone our departure for a single day.

Upon the conclusion of our service as combat troops, the Commanding General, 1st Army Corps, issued the following general order:

HEADQUARTERS FIRST ARMY CORPS, AMERICAN E. F.

18 March, 1919.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 12

The 80th Division, having been instructed to prepare for return to the United States, will pass from the command of this Army Corps on 20th March, 1010.

The 80th Division arrived in France about June 5, 1018. This Division trained with the British Troops and was on active duty with them in the Artois Sector near Arras in July. The Division was in reserve at the battle of St. Mihiel, except the 320th Infantry and 315th Machine Gun Battalion, which took part in the operations of the 2nd French Colonial Corps. From September 20th to 20th, inclusive, the Division attacked at Bethincourt with the 3rd Corps and advanced 0 kilometers in two days. The Division was withdrawn from the line for five days and again attacked on October 4th at Nantillois. In nine days of heavy fighting through the Bois des Ogons an advance of 4 kilometers was made. The Division was withdrawn from the line October 12th for re-equipment and replacements. The Division moved forward on October 20th and 30th and re-entered the line St. Georges-St. Juvin.

The 8cth Division passed under the orders of the 1st Corps on October 23rd in the Le Claon-Le Neufour area, west of the Argonne Forest. On November 1st the Division attacked as the right division of the 1st Corps and in six days advanced a depth of 24 kilometers. The division was relieved from the line on November 6th, with its patrols on the west bank of the Meuse. From the 18th of November to December 1st the Division marched 221 kilometers to the 15th Training Area at Ancy-le-Franc. The artillery of the Division was part of the time detached from the Division and was in action at all times from September 20th to November 11th. The Division has remained in the 15th Training Area until its present order to prepare for embarkation to the United States.

The 80th Division was given difficult tasks on the front line and in accomplishing them made a splendid record. The Corps Commander desires particularly to express his appreciation for the soldierly achievements of this division during the time it served with the 1st Army Corps. After returning to the Training Area where living conditions were not easy and often difficult, the spirit of the division has been excellent and has been manifest at all times. The Division leaves on the first part of its journey with the Corps Commander's congratulations for its excellent record and his wishes for a speedy return to the United States and a successful future.

By command of Major-General Wright

W. M. FASSETT. Chief of Staff.

OFFICIAL

H M NELLY, Lt.-Col., A G D Adjutant

CHAPTER XIV

We Prepare to Go Home



April 2nd and 3rd the regiment entrained at XU118 sot s-RAVIORI arriving at MAYET, south of LE MAYS in the Department of SARIUE on the 3rd and 4th. In this area the regiment was concentrated in MAYET, with the exception of the 3rd Battalion and Machine Gun Company, located at PONTVALAIN, some six kilometers west of

MAYET. To everyone's delight, it proved to be the best billeting area the regiment had yet encountered.

Upon arrival in this region, known as the American Embarkation Center, all units immediately proceeded to make good all shortages in records, clothing and equipment. These labors were not too onerous, for we had reached MANE) with everything in excellent shape.

Reports had already reached us at CRY of the numerous inspections which we would have to undergo in the LE MANS Area--and the rumors were not exaggerated. Preparations to meet these inspections consumed many an hour of everyone's attention—but the results were worth it. On April 21st, the inspectors of the Embarkation Center made their final inspection of equipment. Each company and detachment had required every article to be displayed according to a definite plan. The result was that an observer standing on one flank of a company saw a perfectly straight line of steel helmets, another of mess kits, another of toilet articles and so on. As one wag put it: "The Commanding Officer said: 'Bully Beef Cans, Right Dress!" and you could hear the lids click!"

The following communications from Headquarters, A. F. C. to the Division Commander show the satisfactory nature of the inspections:

- The Commanding General directs that a copy of this report of the Juspect(0) of the A. E. C. be forwarded to you.
- 2. He desires me to say that he notes with satisfaction in this Division the same de or tion to duty and efficiency in the performance of its duties out of the line, as characterized its conduct in active operations. And that such a spirit of co-operation and such efficiency—well worthy of emulation.
- 1. Having completed the clothing and equipment inspections of the 80th Division in the Ecommon Area, I desire to call the attention of the Commanding General to its excellent condition. All instructions that we gave were carried out both in letter and in spirit, and each organization tried to excel in this inspection.
- Their equipment was very clean and most carefully arranged, the greatest attention being paid to minute details. The Brigade Commanders accompanied the Inspectors

and their interest in this work produced the very best results and greatly facilitated the work on our part.

3. The spirit of courtesy and emulation that pervades this division, and the efficient and thorough business methods employed reflect the highest credit upon its entire personnel.

An excellent rifle range with one hundred targets, located some five kilometers east of Mayet, was used continuously for about ten days following our arrival, to give all units a chance to finish the regular target course begun at Cry. At the conclusion of the record practice, it was found that four men had qualified as expert riflemen, thirty-one as sharpshooters, and three hundred and thirty-six as marksmen. The United States Rifle, Model of 1917, was built for combat, not for target practice, especially at 500 and 600 yards; and the number of men qualifying is considered very creditable in view of the rifle used, the haste with which units had to be put through the preliminary instruction practice, and the fact that much of the record practice was fired in the rain.

Our whole time, however, was not devoted to being inspected nor to rifle practice. A very lively baseball league was started at once and competition of the keenest nature was shown in every game. Again, as on a previous occasion for track meets, a Headquarters Battalion, composed of the Headquarters Company, Machine Gun Company and Supply Company, was formed and had a team competing with the teams of the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Battalions. When the last ball had been pitched and the last umpire had escaped with his life, the teams stood as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Percentage.
2nd Battalion	(1	3	.667
3rd Battalion	5	4	-550
1st Battalion	4	5	-4-1-1
Headquarters Battalion	3	0	-333

A basketball league with teams from the 2nd, 3rd and Headquarters Battalions flourished coincidentally with the baseball league and a hard fought series of games resulted finally as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Percentage.
Headquarters Battalion	5	2	.714
3rd Battalion	+	3	.571
2nd Battalion	1	5	.107

To add a little variety to our existence, a platoon competition in close order drill was held at MAYET on April 30th. G Company, proud of its victory over M Company at CRY on March 10th, issued a challenge to any and all platoons to



SECOND BATTALION BASEBALL TEAM, CHAMPIONS OF THE REGIMENT

compete with them. At 1:30 P. M., April 30th, the following platoons entered the contest:

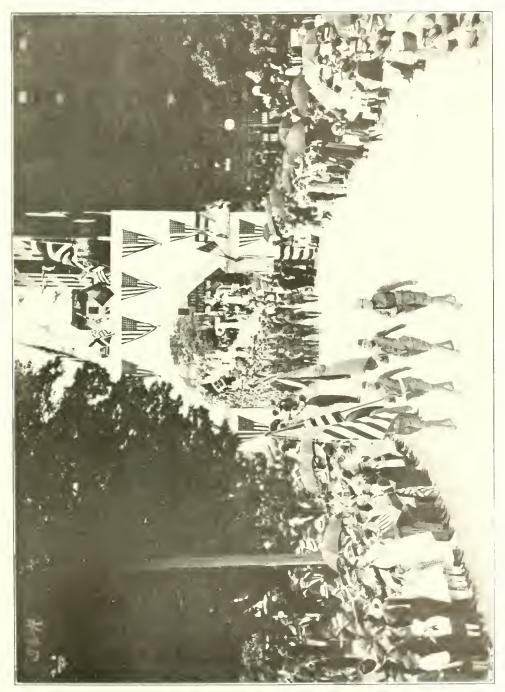
2nd Platoon of C Company. 1st Platoon of D Company. 1st Platoon of E Company. 2nd Platoon of G Company. Provisional Platoon of Headquarters Company.

After an excellent showing by each platoon, the 1st Platoon of D Company, First Lieutenant M. F. Rodgers commanding, was declared the winner with the 1st Platoon of E Company, Sergeant W. L. Phalen commanding, second,

About the middle of April a movement began to form an association of the veterans of the 80th Division. Captain R. P. Williams, Jr., and Sergeant William V. Moseley represented this regiment at the preliminary meetings. The proposal met with great enthusiasm throughout the division and units vied with each other for the highest percentage of enrollments. The executive committee as finally selected, to serve until October, 1020, consisted of two representatives from this Brigade, two from the 100th Brigade, two from the 155th Field Artillery Brigade and two from Divisional Troops. The Division Commander, Major-General Adelbert Cronkhite, was elected president of the association; Colonel W. H. Waldron, chief of staff, vice-president; and Captain Frederick Hickman, adjutant, 310th Infantry, secretary. Captain Reuel W. Elton, 318th Infantry, was selected by the executive committee as resident secretary and treasurer. Pittsburgh was selected for the division's permanent headquarters. At the date of leaving this area, this regiment had enrolled six life members and 2.254 annual members.

On May 8th the entire regiment was inspected and reviewed by Major-General Cronkhite, who had returned to the command of the Division on April 12th after an absence of nearly five months as Commanding General of the 0th Army Corps. This corps had been broken up upon the return of its divisions to the United States.

By great good luck May 8th was a perfect spring day and nothing occurred to mar the impressiveness of the review. Yet through it all there was a touch of sadness in the thought that the regiment was together as a whole for perhaps the last time, a fighting unit assembled to salute its beloved commander on the eye of its return to civil life.



REGIMENTAL COLORS PASSING IN REVIEW, CAPITOL SQUARE, RICHMOND, VA.

CHAPTER XV

Homeward Bound



TER many disappointments, definite orders for our departure for Brest finally arrived and the regiment entrained at MAYET in the following order:

May 13th: 1st Battalion

2nd Battalion (less G and H Companies).

May 14th: G and H Companies.

3rd Battalion,

May 15th: Regimental Headquarters.

Headquarters Company, Machine Gun Company, Supply Company, Medical Detachment,

All units were in camp at Pontanezen, near Brest, by 2 P. M. on the 16th. Our stay was short, but busy. In spite of all the inspections to which we were subjected in the Le Mans area, nobody at Brest seemed inclined to take anything on faith—and a frantic round of inspections began for each unit immediately upon arrival. Furthermore, efforts at Mayer to secure complete equipment seemed, in retrospection, a waste of time, as every man was given at Brest a complete new outfit without requisition. All activities at Brest functioned according to a somewhat complicated but extremely efficient system—and the entire regiment was speedily passed through all tests and declared ready for return to the United States.

Early in the evening of the 10th, only a few hours after the arrival of the last units in camp, a warning order was received to be ready to leave at any hour after noon, May 17th. A shout of joy, audible for miles, went up all through our section of the camp at this unexpected stroke of good fortune. We had arrived expecting to stay at Brest at least a week. To be greeted with such a pleasant surprise was almost too good to be true.

Three very interesting communications reached the regiment on May 16th. Of these, two appeared in the 80th Division Bulletin of May 14th and are as follows:

^{1.} The following letter has been received from Lieutenant-General Robert Lee Bullard, U. S. A., in command of the III Corps, American E. F., during the Meuse-Argonne offensive:

Under the pressure of great events I, at that time commanding the III Corps to which the 86th Division then belonged, failed to cite the gallant conduct of the Division in making three successive assaults with great bravery and finally taking and driving the enemy from the Bois des-Ogons in the great battle of the Meuse-Argonne. I cite it now. It was truly admirable. We see it now more plainly in the light of the results that tollowed.

I ask that this be communicated to your gallant Division.

2. The following letter has been received from the Adjutant-General, G. H. Q. American E. F.:

The 86th Division was the only Division which went into line in the Meuse-Argonne offensive three times.

This fact is now a matter of record and is to be incorporated in the final report of the Commander-in-Chief, American Expeditionary Forces, to the Secretary of War, to be submitted in the near future.

The third appeared in the Division Bulletin of May 10th and is as follows:

1. The following communication has been received from the French Government:

FRENCH REPUBLIC

THE PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL

MINISTIR OF WAR.

Paris, May 13, 1010.

To the Commanding General of the Soth American Division.

My Dear General:

At the time when the 80th Division is preparing to return to its homes, I wish to express to your soldiers the gratitude of the Government of the Republic for the glorious part they have played in the last battles of the great war.

In the Meuse-Argonne battle, in the month of September, the 86th Division was to display its real strength in the attack which took it from the Forges Brook up to the woods of Cote Lemont and Dannevoux.

Several days later, in the hard fighting around the Bois des Ogons and Cunel and on the right bank of the Meuse it gave proof of the same qualities.

From the fourth to the twelfth of October, the Division lost 2,000 men.

November 1st, it took a brilliant part in the attack on Imecourt and Buzancy and in the pursuit of the enemy as far as the Meuse, which the Division reached at LULANE.

I express to the 80th Division my wish for a pleasant voyage and I voice the fervent hope that the blood shed on the soil of France may create an indestructible bond between our two great democracies.

Accept, my dear general, the assurances of my highest esteem.

For the President of the Council and by his order

The High Commissioner of Franco-American War Affairs,

ANDRE TARDIEU.

Early on the morning of May 17th, orders arrived that the regiment, less L. M and Supply Companies, would sail that day on the U. S. S. MACI. Accordingly, at 12 noon the regiment marched out of PONTANEZEN Camp, reaching Brest at 1:30 P. M. Three lighters were at once loaded and put out for the ship, which had reached the harbor only at 1 P. M.

The MAUL is an oil-burning vessel of some 17,000 tons, formerly plying between San Francisco and the Hawaiian Islands. Her ability to make three round trips between the United States and France without replenishing fuel augured well for a swift departure from Brest, and at 4:55 P. M. on May 17th anchor

was weighed and our service overseas came to an end.

Eleven months and two weeks had been passed on French soil—and it was with mixed emotions that we saw the coast of Brittany recede in the distance. Not a man but was keen to set foot on American soil again; but not a man regreted the year spent in France, fighting beside our allies of France and England. A touch of sadness came to many at the thought that the close associations of campaigning days were so soon to end.

A storm of several days' duration caused many to take up and maintain a 'position of readiness' near the rail. But, by May 22nd, the waves had subsided, the steamer rode on an even keel, and the thought that America was soon

to be reached was uppermost in all minds.

On May 27th land was sighted, and by 3 P. M. the ship lay at anchor at

Newport News.

And here we will take leave of the regiment, home again after a year of foreign service. But a few days more and all will have returned to their homes. The State of Virginia, which gave the regiment birth, is to receive the regiment's colors, and it is fitting that this should be so. Two-thirds of the men of the regiment who laid down their lives on the field of battle came from Virginia. In modern war the colors do not go into battle. The day of the bullet-torn, blood-stained banner has passed. Yet, the crimson of our banner seems a deeper red for the blood so freely shed, the white more pure for the holiness of the cause for which we fought; while the stars in their field of blue seem to shine with the light of hope for a world redeemed. Truly, the regiment may say with the great Apostle:

"I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith."

APPENDIX I

Roster of Officers of This Regiment

COLONELS

- Car Briant H. Weils--Assigned Aug 21, 1017 Fransferred Dec. 28, 1017
- Con ULYSSES G. Workthow— Assigned March 6, 1018. Transferred Oct. 11, 1018
- Cot Harry C Jones Assigned Oct. 20, 1018 Transferred Dec. 6, 1018
- Cor Grosof D Prieman, Jr Assigned Dec. 6, 1918

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS

- 1 Cot. James M. Love, Jr. Assigned Aug. 25, 1017, Transferred June 20, 1018
- Cor. Charits L. Mitchell.— Assigned Aug. 28, 1018. Transferred Jan. 11, 1010.
- Lt.-Cot. Emwine A. Buchanas. Assigned Jan. 14, 1010 Transferred Feb. 27, 1010
- Lt.-Cot. Charles Sweens
 Assigned as major Aug 27, 1017
 Appointed heutenant-colonel field 4
 1010.
 Transferred March 11, 1010

MAJORS

- Assigned Aug. 25, 1017 Transferred May 3, 1018
- Pexixos C. Wisi -Assigned Sept 17, 1017 Transferred Nov. 24, 1017 Reassigned July 26, 1018 Transferred Feb 10, 1010
- HENRY H. BURDICK Assigned as captain Aug. 27, 1017 Appointed major Feb. 9, 1018
- From As H. Echols
 Assigned as captain Aug. 27, 1017
 Appointed major Feb. 9, 1018
 Transferred March 1, 1018
- ROBERT J. HATERN Assigned as captain Aug. 27 - 917 Transferred Dec. 11, 1017 Reassigned May 7, 1018. Transferred Sept. 4, 1018
- From vkb. H. 14444) Assigned as captain Aug. 27 (6): Appointed major Feb. 24, 4010
- AUDERT S. GIII. Assigned Jeb. 27, 1010 Transferred March 20, 1010 Attached March 21, 1010
- Louis J. Koch Assigned as captain Aug. 27, 4017 Appointed major March 20, 4010

CAPTAINS

- St. 11 J. RAYMOND Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred Sept. 28, 1018
- Getten V. Weir Assigned Aug. 27, 1017 Transferred May 3, 1018

CAPTAINS—Continued

- John Crum— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917, Killed in action Sept. 30, 1918.
- ROBERT C. POWELL— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Feb. 1, 1018.
- Ebward T. Davant— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred Sept. 14, 1917
- CLARENCE E. GOLDSMITH— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917.
- Benjamin F. Courtwright— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Jan. 5, 1018.
- Herbert R. Risino— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Feb. 17, 1018.
- CHARLES C. GRIFFIN— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017.
- Armistead M. Dobif— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Feb. 21, 1018.
- CLINTON D. WINANT— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Wounded Nov. 4, 1018. Dropped Dec. 13, 1018.
- Robert M. Dashiell.— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred July 1, 1018.
- PAUL D. CONNOR— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred May 3, 1018.
- Thomas W. Reilly— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Sept. 14, 1017 Reassigned July 26, 1018. Transferred Oct. 13, 1018.
- James S. Douglas-Assigned Aug. 27, 1017.
- Ernest L. Nunn— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Nov. 2, 1018.

- Albert T. Griffin— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred March 1, 1018.
- Grover E. Moore— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017, Transferred Oct. 13, 1018.
- Vivian T. Douglas— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred July 24, 1918.
- WILLIAM M. TALIAFERRO— Assigned Dec. 8, 1917. Wounded in action Nov. 3, 1018. Dropped Dec. 13, 1918.
- CORVAN FISHER— Assigned Dec. 0, 1017. Transferred July 22, 1018.
- John W. Gillette— Attached Dec. 16, 1017. Transferred May 3, 1918.
- O. DeW. RANDOLPH— Assigned Dec. 21, 1917. Transferred May 3, 1018.
- LOUIF A. CUTHBERT— Assigned as first lientenant Oct. 3, 1917. Appointed captain Feb. 9, 1918.
- Lincoln MacVeagh Assigned as first lieutenant Sept. 27, 1917 Appointed captain Feb. 9, 1918. Transferred July 26, 1918.
- CHARLES J. HOUSER— Assigned May 3, 1918.
- Richard P. Williams, Jr.—Assigned May 3, 1018.
- JOHN McBride— Assigned as first lieutenant Sept. 4, 1917. Appointed captain July 29, 1018. Transferred March 4, 1010.
- EDWARD II. HART— Assigned as first licutenant Dec. 15, 1017. Appointed captain Sept. 24, 1018.

CAPTAINS—Continued

BASII, M. Dixon-Assigned as second heutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first heutenant leeb, o, 1018. Appointed captain Oct. 28, 1018.

EARL C. SHIVLLY
Assigned as first heutenant Sept. 26, 1017.
Appointed captain Nov. 7, 1018.

HAROLD M. ARMSBY— Assigned as first lieutenant Dec. 15, 1017. Appointed captain Nov. 9, 1018.

Liwis W. Amis, Jr.— Assigned Jan. 14, 1010. Transferred April 18, 1010.

Rondo A. Westbrook Assigned Jan. 14, 1919. Transferred April 18, 1919.

WILFORD ALMON WALKER— Assigned Feb. 9, 1010. How yet Brow -Assigned as first lieutenant Dec 15, 1017. Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1010.

Anoten A. Daty— Assigned as second heutenant Aug 27, 1017.

Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 0, 1018. Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1010. Transferred April 18, 1010.

BACON P. PETIUS— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1917. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 9, 1918. Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1919.

Vincent R. Smith— Assigned as first lieutenant Sept. 26, 1017. Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1010.

RECEL W. ELTON—
Assigned as second lieutenant March 3, 1918.
Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 24, 1919.
Appointed captain April 27, 1919.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS

Frank U. Greff— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017, Transferred Aug. 28, 1018.

WILLIAM F. HOMBERG— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred Sept. 12, 1917.

CHARLES C. HOPKINS— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred May 3, 1018.

ROBERT B. HANDY, JR.— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017, Transferred Aug. 28, 1018.

Grorge A. Euker— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017, Resigned Dec. 1, 1017.

William J. McAvoy Assigned Ang. 27, 1917. Transferred Sept. 6, 1917.

ROSCOF S. CONKLING— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred May 3, 1018. Whilam O Neubaufr— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Killed in action Oct. 4, 1918.

HARRY B. MYTRS— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017, Wounded in action Oct. 4, 1018, Dropped Oct. 22, 1018.

Robert G. Crowder— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Sept. 14, 1017

Grouge Erep Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018. Reassigned Dec. 4, 1018. Transferred April 18, 1010.

ROBERT C. DUVAI Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Wounded Oct. 5, 1018 Dropped Oct. 22, 1018.

A. Romeyn Pherson— Assigned Aug 27, 1917. Transferred March 1, 1918.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS-Continued

- HARRY OLSON— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred April 18, 1010.
- FDWARD BERG— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Feb. 20, 1018.
- JOHN J. RIDGEWAY— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017, Hospital Sept. 24, 1018, Dropped Sept. 28, 1018.
- Fingle W. Culbertson— Assigned Sept. 26, 1017. Killed in action Oct. 5, 1018.
- JOHN D. BARKLEY, JR.— Assigned Dec. 14, 1017, Transferred Jan. 24, 1018
- WILLIAM S. McHENRY— Assigned Dec. 14, 1017. Transferred Aug. 8, 1018
- ARTHUR A. KNOLL— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017.
- WILLIAM E. CROZIER— Assigned Dec. 15, 1917 Transferred Jan. 24, 1918
- ROLAND P. MANUFL— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018.
- RAYMOND E. SKELLEY— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018
- SAMULT H. HUBBARD Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Wounded in action Aug. 0, 1018 Died of wounds Oct. 14, 1018.
- Crovis Moomaw— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Killed in action Oct. 5, 1018.
- WALTER V. WOODIN— Assigned Dec. 15, 1917. Transferred Jan. 24, 1918.
- CHARLES M. AMORY— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred Dec. 22, 1018.

- PHILLIP B. LINVILLE— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred March 1, 1018.
- Cornelius C. Murphy— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018.
- JOHN D. KREGER— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred May 3, 1018.
- Reuben C. Runyan— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018.
- PHILLIP W. RICAMORE— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018.
- Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred May 3, 1018
- STANLEY R. EASTHROPI Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred May 3, 1018
- RAY B. SMITH— Assigned Dec. 15, 1917 Transferred May 3, 1918.
- Thomas Bardon, Jr.— Assigned Dec. 15, 1017. Transferred Jan 24, 1018.
- Benjamin D. Winner— Assigned Dec. 10, 1017. Transferred May 5, 1918
- Walter B. Shefhan— Assigned Dec. 16, 1917. Wounded Oct. 4, 1918. Dropped Oct. 22, 1918.
- Michaff, J. Conflla— Assigned Dec. 16, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018.
- CHAUNCEY MCL. GILBERT— Assigned Dec. 16, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018.
- Dubley C. Smith— Assigned Dec. 16, 1017. Transferred March 1, 1018.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS-Continued

FUMER W. MARSH Assigned Dec. 16, 1017, Transferred Feb. 21, 1018.

JOHN C. BROOKS— Assigned Dec. 16, 1017 Transferred Nov. 26, 1018

WALTER E. SINGLE— Assigned Dec. 17, 1017. Transferred Sept. 13, 1018 Reassigned Jan. 22, 1010 Transferred April 27, 1010.

Rooff L. Moorf--Assigned Dec 25, 1017. Transferred April 18, 1010.

ALAN F. DONAKER-Assigned Dec. 26, 1017. Transferred Jan. 24, 1018

Joseph M. Davinson— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1917.

Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 9, 1918. Killed in action Nov. 4, 1918.

JOHN W. CARTER, JR.— Assigned as second heutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 9, 1018. Transferred Aug. 28, 1018.

HAMILTON HICKS
Assigned as second lieutenant Sept. 26, 1017.
Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 9, 1018

W WERLY C. DEVIN— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 0, 1018

Transferred April (8, 1010)

FRANCIS J. SCARR—
Assigned as second heutenant Aug. 27, 1017.

Appointed first lieutenant Feb. o. 1018. Transferred April 1, 1018

Assigned as second lieutenant Aug 27, 1017.
Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 0, 1018. Transferred April 18, 1010

JAMES B. COTTRILL

City A. Diron-Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1917. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 9, 1018

NATHANDL H. HORT— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 0, 1018 Killed in action Oct. 3, 1018

James D. Bebout Assigned as second heutenaut Sept. 20, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 9, 1018. Killed in action Sept. 20, 1018.

Frank S. Atkinson
Assigned as second lieutenaut Aug. 27,
1017.
Appointed first lieutenaut Feb. 9, 1918.
Transferred Dec. 13, 1018.

Ernist W. Grubb— Assigned as second lieutenaut Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first lieutenaut Feb. 0, 1018

CUARINO W MERRELL— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017 Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 9, 1018 Wounded in action August, 1018.

HENRY F. CABEL— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first heutenant Feb. 0, 1018 Transferred Jan. 21, 1010.

Matter F. Robers -Assigned as second hentenant Aug 27 1917. Appointed first lientenant Feb 9, 1918

Eleward M. Craxii Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 0, 1018

ANDREW J. DAVIS
Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27,
1917.
Appointed first heutenant Feb. 9, 1918
Transferred Sept. 12, 1918.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS-Continued

JOHN C F. BROTI MARKLE-

Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1917.

Appointed first lieutenant Feb. o, 1918. Transferred May 3, 1918.

REGINALD DAVEY-

Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1917.

Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 12, 1018. Transferred Oct. 20, 1918.

Clarence A. Bailey— Assigned March 25, 1018. Transferred Nov. 28, 1018.

LLOYD A. PHARES— Assigned March 15, 1918.

Herbert D. Putnam— Attached March 15, 1018. Transferred May 3, 1018.

RONALD C. CAMPBELL— Attached March 15, 1018. Transferred May 3, 1018.

JAMES A. TURNER— Assigned April 14, 1018. Killed in action Nov. 3, 1018.

Maurice P. Xiven— Assigned April 14, 1018, Killed in action Nov. 3, 1018.

Russell M. Page— Assigned Aug. 8, 1918, Transferred April 23, 1919.

James K. Towers— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27.

Appointed first lieutenant Aug. 10, 1018.

DAVID P. MORAN-

Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 17, 1017.

Appointed first lieutenant Aug. 17, 1018.

Marion S. Boisseau-

Assigned as second lieutenant Dec. 15, 1017.

Appointed first lieutenant Sept. 17, 1918.

ROBERT S. KING-

Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017.

Appointed first lieutenant Sept. 17,

RICHARD W. WHITE— Assigned Oct. 23, 1018.

CHARLES L. FLANAGAN— Assigned Oct. 25, 1918.

DESMOND K. LAUB— Assigned Oct. 20, 1918.

G. FRANK COBLE-

Assigned as second heutenant Sept. 4.

Appointed first lieutenant Oct. 28, 1918. Killed in action Nov. 3, 1918.

WILLIAM D. CAWLEY, JR.—
Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27,
1017.

Appointed first lieutenant Oct. 28, 1918.

R. A. Histans— Assigned as second lieutenant Sept. 4, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Oct. 28, 1918. Transferred Nov. 26, 1018. Reassigned April, 1019.

CHARLES K. DILLINGHAM— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017.

Appointed first lieutenant Nov. 7, 1918.

Ernest S. Merrill.— Assigned as second lieutenant April 14, 1918. Appointed first lieutenant Nov. 7, 1918.

Simon P. Powers— Assigned as second lieutenant June 1, 1018.

Appointed first lieutenant Nov. 7, 1918.

MILLARD F. ULRICH—

Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1917.

Appointed first lieutenant Nov. 7, 1918. Transferred April 27, 1919.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS—Continued

- Samull L. Beracker Assigned as second heutenant Nov. 24, 1917. Appointed first lieutenant Nov. 9, 1918.
- MARVIN E. LISCEUR— Assigned as second heutenant Aug. 27, 1017 Appointed first fleutenant Nov. 0, 1018.
- Daniel G. Morrison— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Nov. 9, 1018.
- JESSE E. WHITT— Attached Dec. 15, 1018.
- Charles J. Schatz— Assigned Jan. 8, 1010. Transferred Feb. 22, 1010.
- Josh L. Barber
 Assigned as second lieutenant Nov. 16, 1018.
 Appointed first lieutenant Jan. 16, 1010
 Transferred April 22, 1010.
- HERBERT C. WENDT Assigned Feb. 5, 1010, Transferred Feb. 27, 1010.
- France R. Hyrokovt
 Assigned Feb. 6, 1919
 Transferred Feb. 27, 1919.
- ROBERT T. HAMILTON— Assigned Teb. 6, 1016, Transferred April 18, 1016.
- Gordon W. Cambron— Assigned Feb. 6, 1010, Transferred April 27, 1010.
- Symusi H. Gisy— Assigned Feb. 7, 1010. Transferred Apr. 18, 1010.
- LEWIS E. GRIVES— Assigned Feb. 7, 1010.
- Leroy F. Vaughx— Assigned Feb. 9, 1919.
- William W. Cox Assigned Feb. 0, 1010.

- Josten E. O'HARA Assigned Feb. 9, 1919.
- Joseph R. Porter -Assigned Feb. 9, 1919, Transferred April 18, 1919,
- Militon Whitney, Jr.— Assigned Feb. 0, 1910
- Oscar L. Mills Assigned Feb. 10, 1910.
- Atonzo Krantt Assigned Feb. 10, 1010 Transferred Feb. 22, 1010.
- HARRY L. ALAFRSON— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 24, 1010.
- ROBERT A. BUTLER— Assigned as second lientenant Aug. 1, 1018. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 24, 1010
- Henry E. McWant -Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1017 Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 24, 1010.
- JESSE B. SPAINHOWER— Assigned as second lieutenant July 17, 1018. Appointed first lieutenant Feb. 24, 1010.
- William F. Hutchinson
 Assigned as second lieutenant Oct. 12, 1018
 Appointed first fieutenant Feb. 24, 1010.
 Transferred March 4, 1010.
- JAMES D. WHLIAMS— Assigned April 26, 1010.
- Harris G. Andrews— Assigned as second lieutenant Aug. 27, 1917. Appointed first lieutenant April 27, 1910.
- EVERFIT S. LAYMAN =
 Assigned as second lieutenant Oct 22,
 1018.
 Appointed first lieutenant April 27, 1010.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS

- 18MAN P. CRUTCHFIELD— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Wounded in action Nov. 3, 1918. Dropped Dec. 13, 1918.
- Robert L. Casler— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917.
- RALPH O. DULANEY— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred Nov. 3, 1917.
- LLOYD C. ENEIX— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017.
- G. AINSLEY NUGENT— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Aug. 8, 1018.
 - JAY F. CLEMMER, JR.— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Wounded in action July 31, 1918. Died Aug. 2, 1918.
 - J. Rives Childs— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917, Transferred Sept. 25, 1017.
 - James A. Crothers— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred Sept. 12, 1017.
 - John H. Cochran— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Aug. 8, 1918.
 - Edwind A. Lakin— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Wounded Oct. 6, 1918. Dropped Oct. 22, 1918.
 - Thomas R. Cochran— Assigned Ang. 27, 1917. Transferred May 3, 1918.
 - ROBERT F. BROWNING— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Wounded in action Oct. 4, 1918. Dropped Oct. 22, 1918.
 - Luther L. Bruker— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Aug. 8, 1018.
 - Byron P. Croker— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Killed in action Oct. 6, 1918.

- THOMAS W. CLARK— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred Sept. 14, 1917.
- Arther H. Crais— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred Oct. 4, 1917.
- William I. Kenly— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Sept. 12, 1017.
- J. Edward Cole— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Sept. 14, 1017.
- CARMEL K. CUMMINGS— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Sept. 12, 1017.
- THOMAS M. THORNHILL— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Sept. 12, 1017.
- George G. Gordes— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Sept. 4, 1917.
- CLIFFORD A. CUTCHINS— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred Aug. 28, 1018.
- EDWIN R. DORRANCE— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Dropped from rolls August, 1918.
- Charles J. Sipe— Assigned Aug. 27, 1917. Transferred May 3, 1918.
- George L. Randall— Assigned April 14, 1918. Transferred Sept. 16, 1918.
- JOHN K. HAMMITT— Assigned April 14, 1918. Wounded in action Oct. 5, 1918. Dropped Oct. 22, 1918.
- Frank Schoble, Jr.— Assigned April 14, 1018. Wounded in action Oct. 4, 1018. Dropped from rolls Oct. 22, 1918.
- Cornelius W. Buchanan—Assigned May 3, 1918.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS—Continued

- ALEXANDER W. BROWNING— Assigned June 20, 1018.
- John Lovell.— Assigned July 10, 1018, Wounded Oct. 4, 1018, Dropped Oct. 22, 1018.
- CARL D. BAGWELL— Assigned Aug. 1, 1918, Wounded in action Sept. 20, 1918 Dropped Oct. 22, 1018.
- Frank J. Donovan— Assigned Aug. 4, 1018
- ROBERT KLIE— Assigned Sept. 10, 1018. Transferred Jan. 10, 1010.
- Frank J. Shawkey— Assigned Oct. 0, 1018. Transferred April 27, 1010.
- WALTER V. DUPLIN Assigned Oct. 0, 1018. Transferred Jan. 31, 1010.
- John Lester Burnett— Assigned Oct. 12, 1018.
- Joseph L. Chymrygne— Assigned Oct. 12, 1018. Transferred March 4, 1010.
- ROBERT G. JENNINGS— Assigned Oct 12, 1018.
- CHARLES A. UNDERHILL— Assigned Oct. 12, 1918.
- ARTHUR R. BENSON— Assigned Oct. 12, 1018, Wounded in action Nov. 3, 1018, Dropped Dec. 13, 1018.
- SAMUEL L. EDGAR— Assigned Oct. 12, 1918, Transferred March 4, 1919.
- GLORGE J. ETHRINGE— Assigned Oct. 12, 1018. Transferred Jan. 31, 1010.
- LeRoy P. Taylor— Assigned Oct 12, 1018. Transferred Jan. 31, 1010.

- WALTER P. BLACKWOOD, JR.— Assigned Oct. 25, 1018
- EDWARD R. MORAN Assigned Oct. 26, 1018
- WALWORTH SIMPSON
 Assigned Oct. 30, 1018.
- A. G. INGRAM— Assigned Nov. 3, 1018, Transferred Nov. 14, 1018.
- A. R. MARSHALL— Assigned Nov. 3, 1018, Transferred Nov. 14, 1018
- J. F. Rogers— Assigned Nov. 3, 1018 Transferred Nov. 14, 1018.
- Roy H. Nevis— Assigned Nov. 5, 1018 Transferred Jan. 31, 1010
- Alfred W. Smart— Assigned Nov. 5, 1918 Transferred Jan. 31, 1919.
- XAVIER F. COURREGES— Assigned Nov. 6, 1018
- Henry C. Cox— Assigned Nov. 6, 1018 Transferred Nov. 14, 1018
- Ronno Hatton— Assigned Nov. 12, 1918. Transferred Nov. 14, 1918
- Allen Miggel— Assigned Nov. 12, 1018 Transferred Nov. 14, 1018
- Thomas L. Parsons— Assigned Nov. 12, 1018 Transferred Nov. 14, 1018.
- Langley Sperry— Assigned Nov. 12, 1918, Transferred Nov. 14, 1918.
- RANDALL M. THOMAS— Assigned Nov. 12, 1018 Transferred Jan. 31, 1010

SECOND LIEUTENANTS-Continued

PAT C DUGAN— Assigned Nov. 12, 1918, Transferred Nov. 14, 1918.

JUSTIN R. STRUNK— Assigned Nov. 14, 1918. Transferred Jan. 31, 1919.

EDWARD G. STOLL— Assigned Nov. 15, 1918.

Albert R. Perkins— Assigned Nov. 15, 1918.

William A. Payne— Assigned Nov. 16, 1918. Transferred March 4, 1919.

REX E. WFLSH— Assigned Feb. 18, 1919. Transferred Feb. 28, 1919.

John H. Williamson— Assigned March 11, 1010.

H. H. Palmer— Attached to regiment. Wounded Nov. 3, 1018. Dropped Dec. 10, 1018.

ROBERICK HUDDLESTON— Attached June 14, 1018. Assigned March 10, 1010.

ROBERT S. ROADCAP— Assigned March 23, 1910.

ROBERT H. WESSON— Assigned March 23, 1010.

Harry N. Ashby— Enlisted. Appointed corporal Oct. 24, 1917. Appointed sergeant Nov. 22, 1917. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1919.

Walter A. Flick— Enlisted Sept. 4, 1917. Appointed corporal Nov. 12, 1917. Appointed sergeant July 24, 1918. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1919. William C. Gallaher— Enlisted Sept. 28, 1917. Appointed sergeant Oct. 19, 1917. Appointed first sergeant Dec. 8, 1917. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1919.

William L. Harrison— Enlisted Sept. 4, 1917. Appointed corporal Dec. 12, 1917. Appointed sergeant Feb. 1, 1918. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1919.

Thomas P. Howard— Enlisted Oct. 0, 1017. Appointed corporal Dec. 13, 1017. Appointed sergeant May 1, 1018. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1010.

Anthony J. Monahan, Jr.— Enlisted Sept. 19, 1917. Appointed corporal Oct. 9, 1017. Appointed sergeant Nov. 6, 1017. Appointed first sergeant April 26, 1918. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1019.

Walter H. Richie— Enlisted Scot. 4, 1017. Appointed sergeant Oct. 1, 1017. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1919.

John W. Snead— Enlisted Oct. 31, 1917. Appointed corporal March, 1918. Appointed sergeant July 18, 1918. Appointed first sergeant Jan. 1, 1919 Appointed second lieutenant March 23,

ROY O WALKER— Enlisted Sept. 21, 1017. Appointed sergeant Oct. 10, 1018. Appointed supply sergeant March 8, 1010. Appointed second lieutenant March 23, 1010.

Charles J. Gose— Assigned April 10, 1919.

RALPH T. POWELL— Assigned April 12, 1919.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS Continued

JOHN GOODRIDGE— Enlisted March 30, 1018. Appointed corporal June 15, 1018. Appointed second licutenant Oct. 31, 1018.

Transferred Nov. 13, 1018. Reassigned April 24, 1010. Harvey B. Booth—
Enlisted Sept. 10, 1017
Appointed corporal Nov. 2, 1017.
Appointed sergeant Sept. 1, 1018.
Appointed second lieutenant Nov. 1, 1018.
Transferred Nov. 4, 1018.
Reassigned April 25, 1010.

MEDICAL OFFICERS

Majors

Clybe W. Sample— Assigned as first lieutenant Dec. 17. 1917. Appointed captain Jan. 3, 1918.

Appointed captain Jan. 3, 1918. Appointed major April 20, 1918. Transferred March 27, 1919.

Harry G. Thomas— Assigned Feb. 1, 1010. Transferred April 0, 1010.

John C. Webster— Assigned as first lieutenant Nov. 14. 1917. Appointed captain April 1, 1918. Appointed major Feb. 17, 1919.

Captains
Samuel L. Wadley—
Assigned Feb. 18, 1018.
Transferred Oct. 13, 1018.

Nicholas B. Cannaday— Assigned as first lieutenant Oct. 25, 1917. Appointed captain April 1, 1018. Hospital—Dropped Sept. 22, 1018.

Ernest E. Archer— Assigned April 11, 1018. Transferred Aug. 25, 1918.

John W. Powers— Assigned Nov. 6, 1018. Transferred Nov. 14, 1918.

Samuel L. Ridge— Assigned Dec. 1, 1018.

LAWRENCE M. FETNER—
Assigned as first lieutenant Oct. 25, 1917.
Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1919.

Frank M. Harvin— Assigned as first lieutenant Feb. 18, 1018. Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1010. Transferred March 6, 1010.

LLOYD M. COOPER— Assigned as first lieutenant May 0, 1918. Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1919. Transferred April 25, 1919.

DeWitt D. Clark— Assigned as first lieutenant Nov. 16, 1918. Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1919. Transferred April 26, 1919.

Eugene Kester— Assigned Feb. 24, 1010. Transferred April 27, 1010.

Creston Sutch—
Assigned as first heutenant Sept. 13, 1917.
Appointed captain Feb. 24, 1910.
Transferred April 26, 1910.

JOHN S. ALLEN— Assigned as first lieutenant Sept. 13, 1017. Appointed captain April 15, 1010.

Hersey E. Orndoff— Assigned March 26, 1010. Transferred April 48, 1910.

First Lieutenants

Alvah Ramsey— Assigned Aug. 28, 1017. Transferred Nov. 10, 1017.

JACOB L. MATHISHFIMER— Assigned Aug. 27, 1017. Transferred 1 co. 18, 1018.

MEDICAL OFFICERS—First Lientenants—Continued

William J. Robbins— Assigned Aug. 28, 1017. Transferred Feb. 18, 1018.

William D. Cawley— Assigned Aug. 28, 1917. Transferred Nov. 19, 1917.

John S. Allen— Assigned Sept. 13, 1017.

Morris S. Avidan— Assigned Oct. 25, 1917. Transferred November, 1917.

Solon L. Rhodes— Assigned Dec. 1, 1917. Transferred Feb. 19, 1918.

Morgan E. Griffith— Assigned Feb. 18, 1018. Transferred March 12, 1018. Charles A. Robertson— Assigned Oct. 26, 1018. Killed in action Nov. 3, 1018.

William O. Kleinsturber— Assigned Oct. 26, 1918. Wounded Nov. 15, 1918.

L. W. BLAKE— Assigned Nov. 6, 1918. Transferred Nov. 14, 1918.

VAN H. BLACK— Assigned Nov. 6, 1918. Transferred Nov. 14, 1918.

Peter J. Barone— Assigned Nov. 16, 1018. Transferred Dec. 27, 1018.

CARL B. HERRMAN— Assigned April 9, 1919.

CHAPLAINS

Arthur H. Brown— Assigned Feb. 12, 1018. Transferred Dec. 16, 1018

REINHOLD E. ZACHERT— Assigned July 5, 1018.

FRANK C. RILEY— Assigned Aug. 28, 1018. Fred H. HILL— Assigned Oct. 28, 1018. Transferred Dec. 10, 1018.

JAMES D. KENNY— Assigned Nov. 1, 1018.

SIGNAL OFFICERS

EDWARD L. MILLIS— Attached July 25, 1018. Relieved Oct. 10, 1018. Jefferson E. Brown— Assigned Oct. 17, 1018. Relieved Dec. 10, 1018.

Y, M, C, A

Henry J. Peck— Joined regiment Sept. 14, 1918.

Benjamin K. Hay— Joined regiment Nov. 13, 1918. Catharine Hopkins— Joined regiment Jan. 21, 1919.

EDNA B. CARTWRIGHT—

Joined regiment Jan. 28, 1010.

APPENDIX II

Roster of Enlisted Men Who Sailed for France as Members of this Regiment

REGIMENTAL SERGEANT-MAJOR—Beale, Guy C.

BAND LEADER— Moore, John W.

Battation Sergeant-Major— Uross, Anthony J. Worthington, Frederick C. Gilman, William H.

First Sergeant—Beardon, Keith L.

Assistant Band Leader— Hoke, Edward L

SURGEANT-BUGLER— Reilly, George F

Color Sergeants— Carrington, Charlie R. Price, Joseph L

MESS SERGEANT—
Joyner, Charles E.

SUPPLY SERGLANT— Harrison, Williams L.

STABLE SERGEANT— Johnson, Grover C

Band Sergiant— Haynan, Frederick J. Hopkins, David J

Sergeants— Murray, Allan A. Cardona, Albert M. Llewellyn, Clay H. Larkin, Francis N. Creech, Linwood H. Candill, Corbett Simmons, Frank M. Swank, Charles S. Driscoll, Thomas R. Motley, John L. Hill, Lloyd G. Brown, Thomas J. Jarman, Robert L. Moseley, William V. Sledd, William E. Howard, Thomas R. Gibson, Walter A. Wagstaff, Samuel T. Heishman, Charles E. Baumann, Robert F.

BAND CORPORALS—
Hovelsrud, Herman A
Hardy, Raymond L.
Cohen, Benjamin
Dick, William A

CORPORAUS--

Joyner, Otis V Burton, George L Brown, Hugh C Drummond, Albert H Johnson, James A Maclaurin, Alger G Sadler, Julian W Perkinson, Frank N Baker, Emmett II Krause, George M Driscoll, Percy R Reese, Raymond E Kelly, James J. Dwyer, James W Pruett, Noel E. Bailey, Grover C Schaus, Karl L. Warren, Charles F Hottle, George H. Spitzer, Clarence M Borgeson, Albert B Burton, Uriah M Dorrill, Cornelius A Fones, Milford G. Hounshell, Edgar 1 McMullen, Evan H

May, Guy B. Poyner, Fred M. Fee, James Swanson, Alfred J.

MECHANICS— Windle, Clarence W. Curtis, Wesley T. Johnson, Joseph S. Hall, William A.

Cooks—
Gray, George A.
Ball, Barnette H.
Lillard, Harry C.
Hicks, Charles H.
Cheatwood, Breckenridge, W.

Horseshoer— Strosnider, Bush

Musicians (First Class)— Williams, Alfred G. Dennis, William B.

MUSICIANS (SECOND CLASS)— Kester, John H. Opalesky, Louis Smith, Don H. Kadlee, Joseph

Musicians (Thero Class)—Rebinchalk, Joseph J. Cave, Millard F. Cooper, George H. Eshelman Thomas Jasper, Ladd Jones, James L. Myers, Raymond C. Pallago, Joseph C. Williams, Raymond G. Shenk, Floyd M. Mays, Julian R. Bennett, Ralph J. Harrison, John W.

Privates (First Class)—
Allen, Levi S.
Bauserman, Fred.
Billips, Charles A.
Booker, Thomas J.
Bowden, Leo W.
Bowles, Harvey L.
Bradley, Walter E.
Brill, Carter D.
Butler, Harry M.
Carpenter, Lee T.

Castles, Earl M Clark, Edward T Coates, Fred 1. Crowder, William J. Cyphers, Farley B. Edwards, Newton H. Eley, Richard E. Ellis, Arthur T Funkhouser, Jasper Gregory, Mark Gutwald, Clyde F. Hall, William W Harmon, Frazier Hinton, William C Hockady, George E. Horan, Charles A. Hottel, John T. Hough, Sherman Hughes, Robert F Jeffries, Charles H. Kingan, Neil M. Latham, Henry L. Lect, DeWitt T. Lect. DeWitt Life, Millard C Loving, Thomas T McChristian, Albert McClanahan, Walter T. Madigan, Martin J. Middleton, Benjamin H. Multerer, John Munday, Burruss Ownes, Leslie H. Palmer, Harry E. Palmer, Luther R. Payne, Bernard C. Perry, Charles F. Rich, Melton W. Russell, Silas E. Sadler, Esmond W Saltzman, Charlie J. Shotwell Kemper Y. Smith, Lacy G. Smith, Norman S. Smith, Sussex H. Spiggle, Samuel L. Spitzer, John D. Thompson, Daniel H. Thornhill, Clinton R.

PRIVATES—
Adams, Aylor B.
Allen, Oscar S.
Almes, George R.
Almond, Arthur H.
Amos, Frank L.
Anderson, Erik A.
Andrews, Arthur W.

Ankers, John N. Axline, Howard D. Bailey, Frederick C Bailey, John W. Barnard, James C Basset, Clarence D. Behrhorst, Walter F. Blackburn, William J Boring, Roy C. Bowman, George W Bradshaw, Lawson I Brahdfass, Joseph F. Breneman, Paul M. Briggs, Robert C Brilliart, Henry B. Brittingham, George W. Brizzi, Primo Brown, Basil A. Buckley, Thomas Cadugan, Harvey Cairns, James A. Calhoun, James M. Carter, Edwin B. Chandler, Edgar F Chitty, Robin B. Clark, Hal F. Clark, William L. Claypool, Ralph C Cloney, Laurence P. Colley, Fred H. Colquit, John C. Comer, Cabell J Conjura, Mike Contas, Dennis Corbin, Russell J. Cox, Foster N Crump, Earl F. Curtis, Robert C DeArment, Vincent F DeButts, Edward II. DeLucca, Guisseppe Dinkler, August Downs, Edward L. Dundlow, Thomas Dunford, Claude F Estep, Charles S. Flanagan, William B. Foltz, Elby A Ford, Harry B. Fraiser, Henry S Funkhouser, Franklin E. Garner, David F. Gibson, Claude D Goggin, Harry S Gray, Henry H Groves, Arvin M Hamilton, Paul S

Hardy, Sterling A. Harlow, Ous Hart, Joseph Hawkins, William F. Herbert, Clinton L. Hofler, Emmett V Hollar, Orland J. Hottle, Kirby B. Hughes, Edward B. Hupp, Russell T Hutter, George J. Jack, Russell F. Jackson, Walter G. Jenkins, Joseph Jolmson, Harry W Johnston, James N Jones, Evan King, Vernon P. Kort, Arthur J. Latts, Harry B. Leake, Ellis W. Lester, James C Lizinger, Phillip P. Loving, James W. McDaniel, Howard Is, Jr. McGowan, William B. Maiden, Charles L. Milgrin, Benjamin F Miller, Andrew F. Miller, John T. Miller, Oliver T. Montgomery, Charles W Munday, Cilbert W. Myers, Harry P. Neal, Stanley I. Needham, Peter J Neel, Gordon T Newman, Joseph A Noce, Samuel B. Oldaker, Guy B Pancoast, Daniel F. Papa, Alfonso Parks, Lester C Phalen, Timothy B Reynard, Perry R. Reynolds, Maxie R. Roberts, Richard B. Robinson, Thomas K Rudolph, Maldon S. Russel, Creed H. Saal, Ralph F Sadler, Joseph P. Scanch, Gny H. Shank, Warren P. Sharp, Fred K. Singleton, James F Smith, Benjamin L.

Smith, Harold C.
Smith, John
Smith, John P.
Spendlove, Frank
Stephens, Carter C.
Stevenson, Hugh T.
Stickley, Mervin J.
Stoneman, Churchwell S.
Strosnider, John E. L.
Tamkin, Elmer
Tarbell, James
Taylor, George W.
Teachay, Mossette L.
Thomas, Odolph
Thompson, Harry C.
Tidler, Lester E.

Twyman, Eddie F. Vagni, Domenico Weaver, DeWitt T. Weaver, Otis J. Weber, Joseph A. Whittle, Archibald Wilkins, Randolph C. Williams, Curtis M. Williams, Larkin F. Wilson, Samuel A. Wilson, Shady B. Worrell, Cliff Wright, Herbert Zollman, William M. Nusbaum, Jay S.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY

HIRST SERGEANT McKierman, Thomas F.

MESS SERGEANT— O'Hara, George E.

SUPPLY SERGEANT— Dozier, Samuel H.

STABLE SERGEANT— Ives, William J

Strgents
Murray, Robert E.
Wright, Ernest J.
Dale, Judson C.
Clibourne, James A.
Branch, Talmage E.
Chapman, George A.
Kraft, Frank

Manly, William N.
Elliot Grover C.
Corleto, Felix J.
Carstens, Henry K.
Langston, Howard P.
Crosby, Frank S.
Truitt, Edward B.
Booker, Garnett Y.
Rubin, Jacob
Cook, James W.
Jordan, Walter W.
Fletcher, Charles H.

Mechanics— Savage, Mills D. Wycocki, Paul T. Cooks— Pendleton, Clarence T. Phillips, Charles K. Warren, Bartell

Buglers— Sherk, Grant R. Whitehurst, Roland M.

Privates (First Class)—Akers, Howard A.
Alsop, Cecil L.
Bilsback, Olaf E.
Brock, Russell E.
Eure, Paul J.
Hamlet, Robert C.
Harrell, Willie W.
Harrington, Thomas J.
Hudgins, James C.
James, Harrison R.
Koontz, Barnhardt R.
McPherson, William A.
Miller, Frank J.
Murray, Oliver A.
Seott, Joseph H.
Washington, Gilbert A.
White, John
Widgeon, Jolm M.
Winn, Francis E.
Yerabek, Frank J.

PRIVATES—
Adams, John
Amperia, Loni
Ashoff, William A.
Backus, William A.
Bain, Harry E.
Blakley, Thomas R.

Blankenship, Charlie Bowen, Jack M Bracey, John R. Brown, Oral A. Caraquello, Steve Clark, Anderson Cooke, Hugh D Cooney, Matthew M. Coutts, Donald R. Daniel, Claude C Davenport, Wesley Derieux, James M Detterman, Henry A DiFranco, Luigi Dimitt, Lawrence Dini, Ezio Disaverio, Guiseppe Donahue, Cornelius G. Dudley, Jesse T. Duffy, Joseph E. Dunn, Perry L. Edwards, Robert T. Elliott, Robert B. Elliott, William C. Feazell, George G. Ferguson, Nelson C Flanagan, Ross E. Grabiak, Frank Grimstead, Louis E Harcum, William E Harry, Frank B. Henry, William II Hill, George H. Hirsh, Ivan T. Houge, James (Hongarob, Andy Jackson, Lamberth B. Kearns, John L Kennedy, James W King, James B Knick, Lawrence R Laughlin, Phillip A Leonoro, Frank Ley, Edwin 11. Lockhart, Lawrence Lombard, Frank Long, Benjamin F McClannan, Reas I McGrough, Lewis J McKec, Ross N. Marsk, John Martin, John W. Mason, Leslie L. Matthews, William E

Melotti, John Miller, Edward M Morrison, William J Orsagno, Eugenio Parker, John D Parron, Henry L Perrine, Harry S Pfaller, Leo A Pike, James L. Powers, James E Primarano, Dominico Rapp, Michael A Remele, John A Ring, William M Ritarto, Guitonio Roberts, William R Robertson, Leonard P Rodgers, Ernest Ross, Hugh Rothweilder, William E Rowe, George M. Ruyak, John Ryan, Daniel Scarberry, Edward J Scarmack, Andrew (Schoenbaum, Morris Schubert, Otto A Shay, Holden B. Silvestro, Antonio Smith, William I. Sorey, Harry X. Spahr, Merial M. Stone, William X. Stutts, Francis M Texter, Clifford R Theibert, John R. Titus, William P Torre, Antomo Turchetti, Felice Usinger, William T Utley, Bernard J. Wallin, Ernest Ó Webb, Marion E Werneth, August White, Leroy F Wiatt, Gilbert W Williams, George E Woestegoff, Arthur (Wood, John D. Wayne, Harry Yingst, Harry Zwein, Joseph Mulligan, Thomas I Norris, William J

ROSTER OF ENLISTED MEN WHO SAILED FOR FRANCE—Continued SUPPLY COMPANY

REGIMENTAL SUPPLY SERGEANTS—Ford, Charles S. Peake, Neville H. Moody, George A.

First Sprgeant— Slaughter, Henry

Mess Sergeant— Kastleberg, Joseph F.

STABLE SERGEANT— Prescott, Lester L.

Supply Sergeants— Humphries, Clifton T. Intto, Morris Parham, Bernard D. Pratt, Louie B.

Sergeants— Andrews, Charles D. Cousins, Hugh S.

Corporals—
Neflin, Robert A.
Whitlock, William L
Plageman, John A
Stringfellow, Glassell S.
Drowns, John W.

Horseshoers – Jones, Robert C. Newton, Amos Rennis, Stanley J. Robinson, James J. Shrader, Dudley G.

MECHANICS— Groves, Henry W. Padgett, Lawrence E. Reed, Joseph F.

Saddler -- William H.

Auderson, Howard C.
Anderson, Isaac S.
Asherry, George S.
Ashton, George F.
Atkins, Norman M.
Austin, Herman
Austin, Walter C.
Baker, David W.

Barnhouse, Ami J. Bauserman, Clifton Black, Gilbert P. Breeden, Daniel G. Buren, Charles A. Burton, Joseph A. Clark, William M. Clark, William T. Clay, Robert L. Cogbill, Phillip E. Cogbill, William N. Compton, Wiley R. Colbert, Arthur L. Collier, Robert Cornwell, Robert H. Cross, Robert R. Davis, William H. Dean, Benjamin M. Delp, George Dunn, Oscar J. Fawcett, Edison E. Fifer, Edward G. Gentry, Henry O. Gilbert, Otto W. Goodrich, Octavius C. Gray, John P. Guill, Jesse T. Hackney, Melvin Hatcher, Frank L. Headley, Gurney B. Hillyard, Harrison L. Holtzclaw, Ashby D. Howell, Austin W. Hume, Arthur L. Jenkins, Robert R. Jendd, Irwin W. Keller, Albert L. Kibler, Daniel P. Kivett, Benjamin P. Lake, Arthur J. Lawrence, Edward C. Lindamood, Roy Livesay, Charles E Massie, John D. McDonald, Martin J. McGrady, William Miller, Albert L. Miller, Ira M. Morris, James P. Nester, Herbert H. Nichols, James N. Palmer, Massie T. Peatross, Erin B. Patton, James H. Phend, Fred G.

Pitts, Thomas G.
Powell, Leland R.
Pruden, Colono
Secrest, Robert G.
Sheads, George M.
Sims, James M.
Sims, John C.
Smith, Sydnor L.
Summers, John
Thomas, James W.
Wall, Strother A.
Williams, James O.
Wilkins, Earl B.
Woodfin, George
Wright, Lemon H.
Yowell, John D.

(ooks

Alvis, James E. Franci, Pompillo Kyle, Marvin G. Ross, Peter Thomas, John F. Walters, John W. Wood, Raymond D.

Privates (First Class)
Barrett, Victor P.
Ellis, Morgan R.
Fry. Benjamin R.
Harker, Ralph G.
Martin, Mexander W.
Richardson, Levi
Saxby, Harold A.

PRIVATES-

Balizot, Fugenc B Barden, Junius O. Bauer, Earl Burgess, Shirley Barton, John B. Bush, Austin B. Cosby, Charles E Drumheller, Edwin B Griffith, Clarence D Hall, Harman Latimer, Julian A. Loftis, Herod P Moth, Adolph Mitchell, Russell L. Nichols, Jesse R. Perry, Albert H. Peterson, Carl Peyton, Henry W Porter, Charles S Richards, William I Rupp, Douglas II. Spinello, Antonio Spivey, Samuel E. Strickler, Charles V Sutherland, Herbert M Swift, William H Tomaselli, Samuel Torrance, Smith G Vernatter, Willard Whitt, Mack Wilcox, James 11. Workman, Martin J.

"A" COMPANY

First Sergeant -- Davidson, Worthey C.

Ex-First Sergeant— Powers, Simon P.

SUPELY SERGEANT—Gravatt, Percy C.

STRGEANTS-

Sanford, Howard M.
Murray, Seth W.
Winfield, Oscar L.
Lenz, Franklin C., Jr.
Litchett, Joseph W.
Bradley, Guy S.
Todd, Julian P.
Teloo, Thomas S.
Vyers, Ellsworth P.

Sullivan, Bernard M Johnson, William T. Campbell, Joseph C. Haynes, Samuel J

CORPORAL ---

Green, Lauric C.
White, Oscar W.
Branner, George L.
Blasenham, William L.
Brickert, Hugh R.
Cofield, Leonids P.
Farthing, Henry G.
Stone, Benjamin F.
Ammons, Edward
Almond, Patrick H.
Cole, Charles J.
Sheffield, Obic W.
Russell, Harvey H.
Allen, Laurence D.

Coffman, Gilbert K.
Farrend, Thomas H.
Neblett, William E.
Straham, Melvin C.
Youngblood, Russell C.
Walsh, William B.
Griffith, Vernon C.
Berry, James A.
Garrison, Benjamin E.
Grimsley, Charles
Lambert, George W.
Theimer, Thomas
Waggoman, Adolphus S.
Smith, Lester L.
Sprinkle, Otto

Mechanics— Shuart, Jesse E. Hottel, Paul B.

Cooks—
Bily, Paul
Harlow, Henry C.
Charles, Joseph E
Gray, Leonard L.

PRIVATES (FIRST CLASS)-Allanson, Walter Anderson, Thomas H. Barnes, Joseph F. Bohannon, Eddie R. Brenner, Benjamin F. Bruce, William B. Byrd, Joseph M. Vshby, Clarence L. Callis, Harvey W. Dean, Bernard F. Edgington, Dan Emory, John H. Farrer, James E. Flannagan, Allen W Gresham, Proctor V Harrison, George E. Hatton, Allen E. Hayden, Homer C. Hayden, William B. Howell, Robert J. Jackson, Clarence H Lawler, Norman M. Loving, William Lumsden, Jesse B. Madsen, Carl Marston, Rumsey B Massie, John F. Miller, Staler Nespoli, Pantelcone Ritenour, Roy M.

Roeller, Eugene H. Row, Thomas D. Spitler, William J. Strikler, Hubert M. Talbert, James Taylor, William J. Tuck, Mfred N. White, Holland L. Wright, John B.

PRIVATI --Adams, Joseph Amburn, Eldridge W. Ancell, Roscoe B. Ayers, Calvin J. Balducci, Silveric Bartleson, Clayton W Belfiore, Guido Bledsoe, Logan Blevins, Grant H. Bralley, Joseph S. Brittle, John B. Brubaker, Thomas C. Buck, John R. Bucking, William A. Buracher, Irraton J. E. Burkholder, Preston E. Burton, Lawrence C Campbell, Forrest J. Campbell, Robert T. Carter, Roy K. Carter, Thomas B. Chewning, Henry C Chiera, Floric Chipwalt, Jake Cline, Harrison Coble. Charlie G. Cogle. Timothy B. Collins, Raymond R Creed, Walter W Crump, Russell B. Crystalaski, John Dobyns, Travers M Doggett, Harold C. Ellis, Charlie Ellis, William L. Farley, Herbert G Fields, Frank Finney, Walter F. Fones, Albert R. Fox, Daniel I. Frank, Jeremiah A. Funari, Agostino Gerlacker, John L. Gibson, Imboden Gilliam, Williard Fl. Goerken, Harry J.

Green, John I Hall, Oscar L. Hammond, Joseph H. Here, Clarence C. Harmon, Henry Harper, Charlie C. Harvey, Dennis F. Henley, Robert Y. Hewlett, Richard F. Holiweiler, Frederick Howey, Gordon W. Ingersoll, John W Jackson, Lander H. Jarratt, Cary F. Jenkins, Voight Jewell, Brooks Johnson, George A. Johnson, Walter II. Jones, Ernest Jay, George M. Kelly, Michael B. Knight, Alexander Koshnock, Nester Kulil, George A Langforde, Russell Langfulu, John J Lawrence, Dexter Liedman, Jack M Marcium, Pelham J Margiatta, Fehce Marshall, Louis F Martin, Jesse H. Martin, William L. Mayle, Rockford McGraw, Bill McHroy, David Mollard, Emanuel Morgan, Elbert 1. Mullins, Edmund 1. Newton, Albert C Nicholson, Odic W. Noc. John I. O'Donnell, Harry A. Packer, John Parsons, Carl W. Penney, William L. Porter, George Quinn, Edgar J Ramsey, William F Redifer, Walter O.

Rees, Emis S Reeves, Eddie W. Rende, Joe Riley, Dorman X. Robinson, Charles B. Rose, Thomas E. Rosenberger, James R. Ross, Charles G Scarberry, Henry Scott, Charles L Scott, William I Shaffer, Bergie F. Shelor, Jesse C. Shipp, Wilhe J. Snyder, Walter C Spaulding, Stewart Stafford, William I. Stole, Harry M. Strother, Charles R Taylor, Wilbert T. Thomas, Robert B. Tillison, Arthur Tomko, John C Tomlinson, Lloyd Trusler, Cal II. Tucker, James A Utz. Rollie A. Verona, Enrico Walker, Archie R. Walker, Thomas W Ward, Marion J. Ward, William J Watson, Harry L. Westmoreland, William I. Wheeler, James H. White, Leander V. White, Timothy L. Wilburn, Eugene Williamson, Jethro A Woodall, George A Woodcock, Arlin E Woodward, Charles E. Woodridge, Albert Worrell, Frank Worsham, Granville

"B" COMPAXY

First Sergeant— Hewitt, Baldwin C. Supply Sugarys — Yoder, William 19

Mess Sergeant--Tuck, Thomas J.

Sergeants—
Bernstein, Isadore
Priddy, James T.
Calliher, Joseph B.
Brown, John W.
Murray, William F.
Curley, Charles D.
Clingempell, John P.
Rector, Raymond W.
Willis, Edward T.
Hamilton, Oliver S.
Proffitt, John C.
Hood, Curtis R.

CORPORALS-

Rush, Kemp B.
Townes, James E.
Baker, Robert O.
Kusterer, Leonard W.
Coyne, Richard M.
Stilson, Leon H.
Coppage, Robert E.
Merit, Thomas E.
Isbell, John C.
Schuyler, Chester B.
Welch, Golder
Ward, Oliver E.
Kelley, Jesse W.
Poff, William D.
Shelton, St. Clair D.
Jones, Robert E.
Williams, James T., Jr.
Zubal, John
Dunn, Eddie R.
Batts, David A.
Robinson, James P.
Graves, John L.

Cooks-

Rayfield, William J Whitchead, Leslie L. Towsey, Frank D.

Mechanics— Dressler, John R. Einum, Sivert

Bugler— Wigington, James W.

Privates (First Class)— Anderson, Turner J. Armentrout, Ernest M. Brinkley, William M. Bunce, Henry A Cameron, Mannie O. Dameron, Whit L. Duke, Frank R. Fischer, August J Fones, Melvin M Fox, Leonard W George, Sherman G. Goode, William A. Grigsby, Robert W. Hall, James A. Heath, Joseph L Johnson, James R. Jones, Rennie J. Knicely, Charles E. Meador, Claude F Miles, Harry B. Miller, Edwin DeW Satterwhite, Clarence F. Satterwhite, Charles W. Smith, Charles U Smith, Lupton A. Smith, Walter L. Stith, Harvey E. Thompson, Felix Turner, Ward J. Upshaw, Ernest L Williams, Herbert P.

PRIVATES-

Adkins, Boss Altenhof, Norman R. Anderson, Charlie B. Andrus, Earl T. Armstrong, Linwood W Arnold, Clarence W. August, John R. Austin, Stephen II. Baker, Herbert M Baselock, Barney F Beavers, John P. Blevins, William C. Bowler, Hunter Brooks, John A. Brown, Warner B. Bruce, David L. Butler, Howard P. Callis, Allen W. Camp, Vick Cannon, Gordon A Carmichael, Lorenzo T. Carrette, George Cash, William D. Cherry, Leonidas R Christian, William Cocherille, Herbert L. Coffey, Rhodes H.

Cole, Emmett Collins, Ray (Coyner, James D. Craft, Robert P. Craigs, Edward Curtis, William A. Darne, Jack R. Davis, Cecil R. Davis, Claude A. Davis, Hugh W Dawson, Learon E. Deale, Harry S. Dellinger, Perry G. Derry, John G. Desligee, Charles Dezern, Roy Donohue, Leo E. Duck, Lafayette E. Dulaney, Hurtha Dunlap, William W. Dyson, Frank W. Easterline, Nelson D. Edwards, Percie D. Elliott, Ashby T. Ellett, Archie Q. Ellinger, Vernon P. Ethridge, Herbert C Faulconer, Aubrey F. Ford, Leonard F Fulk, Charles D. Ganzert, Robert E. Gellis, Joseph Getts, Albert M. Getz, Earl F. Greathouse, Asa Grubbs, Richard L. Gutzov, Ermolay Hammer, Floyd H. Harmon, Harry A. Harvey, Royal P. Hawkins, Garland B. Haynes, George C. Henderson, Charles E. Holland, John M. Ittner, John M. Ivey, George T. Johnson, James A. Johnston, Patrick J. Johnston, Vaton E. Jones, Theodore T. Kantogiannis, George Kendrick, Hubert L. Knowles, Walter R. Lam, Henry E. Lambert, Henry B. Lloyd, Charles C. Long, Haven A.

Landes, John E McCarthy, Ernest McDermott, Michael McGehee, John W. McKamey, James O Martin, Thomas J. Michael, Boyd E Michael, Samuel R. Mitchell, Willie P Musolino, Jim Mutispaw, Houston M. Nanoi, Antonio Painter, Lames II. Parker, Lawrence Perkins, Clifton L. De // Powers, Richard C Prilliman, Jacob G. Profitt, Edgar A Profitt, Frank Roudabush, Howard E. Redforn, Henry D Redford, William C. Riddle, Joseph Riddleberger, Hencil D. Ridinger, Thornton G. Rowe, John H. Runion, Herman S. Rye, Earl R. Sanderlin, Wallace S. Sanger, Samuel H. Schuyler, Benjamin R. Scott, Grover C. Sewell, Joseph T Shaffer, David C Shearin, Herbert D. Shields, Lewis M. Shrum, Everett C. Silverman, Nathan Slack, Gill Slusher, Samuel Smith, Charles W. Smith, Clord R. Smith, Frank L. Smith, Howard W Smith, Stockton B. Smith, Thomas R. Serrell, Charles Southworth, Laurence E. Southworth, Willie F. Sewers, Otho T Spaulding, Irl L Spratt, John J Stab, John R Stelle, Autonio Stewart, James M Stroupe, William M

Sullivan, John H. Swain, Dillard O. Tormey, Stephen Taylor, Ulysses A. Thomas, Swanson Trader, Ezra Turner, Lonnie H. Walker, Willie D. Whitaker, Frank Wilkinson, Dixie Wilson, James H. Wiltshire, Charles R. Wise, Wort O. Wolf, Grover Woodward, Arthur W. Woodward, Luther S. Wright, Robert R. Wright, William T. Yeager, William Young, Rush S. Witt, Amos Rollins, George M.

"C" COMPANY

First Sergeant— Johnson, Claudius O.

Vance, Ralph
Canty, Paul E.
Sensabatigh, William R.
Topping, Andrew D.
Ransbottom, Russell L.
Frank, Meyer
Paddison, Emmett G.
Dillon, Grady
Joyner, Charles S.
Dickerson, Herbert M.
Horton, James C.
Donaldson, George W.
Heater, Philey S.

CORPORALS-

Mayes, James L.
Chapman, Junius B.
Chapman, George R.
Sarver, Paris B.
Hankins, Davis S.
Carter, Shelby F.
Trout. Roy C.
Parkey, Jesse J.
Simpson, John W.
Craun, Paul
Watson, William H.
Seale, Albert T.
Middleton, George L.
Thompson, Arthur
Richardson, Charlie M.
Harris, Henry E.
Strouth, William W.
Jenks, Charles
Vencill, Weaver
Smith, Joseph C
Strickler, Jesse C.
Hall, Herbert E.
Leslie, Gilbert B.

Williams, Barney Keaton, Frank Murray, Albert Z. MacDonald, James W. Steinwig, Harry W.

COOKS— Etheridge, Daniel W. Raftis, Charles A. Cooksey, Fred Thomas, George W.

Mechanics— Kelley, Otto Tracey, William J.

Buglers— Romano, Tony Wells, Howard J.

Privates (First Class)—
Bailey, John H.
Beck, John R.
Blankenship, Carl B.
Brooks, Duard
Cohen, Aaron
Compton, Lake E.
Croker, William
Dawson, Franklin L.
Fisher, Theodore W.
Garrett, Fred
Hall, Daniel H.
Harris, Daniel K.
Havener, Edward F.
Hensdill, Jeff D.
Hess, Marion
Kidd, Henry A.
King, Will
Lambert, Harvey
Lanham, Robert H.
Lester, Homer
Lewis, Robert H.

Long, Eck
McCloud, George W.
McNew, Con D.
Miller, Fred
Morley, William S.
Mutter, William M.
Pilkenton, Samuel
Rinacca, Patrick H
Robinson, Osker
Sayler, Marion F.
Scalf, Doctor R.
Shaw, Willie A.
Shomaker, Thomas F.
Stevens, Harry A.
Tate, Ernest
Taylor, Walter A.
Traylor, Walter A.
Traylor, Everett E.
Worley, William D.

PRIVITIS

Agostino, Antonio Viello, George Aippersbach, Harry E. Albright, Wilson Amendt, Frank Antonnucci, Carmine A. Backus, Robert Ball, Lester Bartoli, Vincenzo Benvers, Bently Betino, John Bittner, George Boyles, Perry L. Bragg, Clark J. Bray, Fdward J Bronson, Robert Brose, Albert J. Bryner, Russefi L Bussinger, Alfred D. Caporelli, Gaetano Capotosto, Cesare Carter, Harvey H. Casto, Mike L. Charlton, John Church, Joseph A Conway, Henry A Cowden, Hyatt S. Cox, Joseph B. Cupido, Joseph Craig, Adra T. Daum, William Day, Benjamin F. DePasqualle, Angelo Diamond, Frank H Dickerson, Will Dight, William P. Digiglio, Nicolo

Dingess, Mason DiStefano, Angelo Doran, Robert J Dulaney, Venger P Elder, William F Emigh, James W Emis, Thomas F Evans, Andy Fani, Inigi Fankhauser, Rolla E Featherstone, George W Femix, Thomas Forti, Raffeale Franklin, Charles C. Frotto, Louis Fuller, Surface Fullington, Albert Gillespie, Arthur D. Gülespie, Oley H. Gordon, John D. Green, Lyman H Harris, Ray Hartman, George W. Haynes, William Herbster, Albert J. Hensley, Stonewall Hesson, Tracy D Highton, Robert E. Hinchey, Heber H. Hoffman, Harry W Holand, Oscar C Holloway, Jack Hughes, John D Hustler, Robert F Isenherg, Roy C Jarrell, Dennie Jividen, Evert E. Jones, Nathen II. Justice, Ireland Ketterer, Otto P King, Frank Kinz, Charles Legg, Delvie O Legg, Delvie O Luckwell, Arthur S, McComb, John R McDaniel, Archie McDonald, Thomas X McFarlane, Charles A, McGough, Eugene B, McManier, Page 11. McManious, Russell Maness, Loften A Mann, Lester E. Meadows, Hamer Mellon, Samuel Mentel, Walter J. Moore, Charles W Murphy, Francis A

Neal, Pleasent I. Nesta, Angelo Nisi, Cosino Noyes, Herbert E. Payne, Colonel Payne, William H. Pentleton, John E. Phelps, Harold Plaster, Samuel G. Porter, James F. Ray, Charles A. Ray, Melvin Reddin, Hubert M. Reginald, Vincenzo Reid, Charles A. Reinhart, Sebastian A Ridge, Joseph Rieger, August C. Riffe, Lewis Riggs, Houston Robinson, James Rohm, Herman C Rosenbalm, Samuel B. Sanders, Gilbert H. Schmidelin, Jacob Schultz, William Schwartz, Anton A. Shaffer, Austin E. Shrewsherry, Jack C. Shumate, Harper

Slemp, Charles T.
Sothall, Wade F.
Spaulding, Pat
Stanley, Thomas G.
Staruch, Joseph
Steidle, Frank M.
Stump, Henry D.
Summer, Williard J.
Taylor, Henning A.
Tenney, Jay M.
Terry, Floyd C.
Tillett, Isaac E., Jr.
Trotsel, Joseph
Turner, Henry E.
Vuder, Luther J.
Wade, Jonah
Ward, Jonah
Ward, Frank G.
Ward, James F.
Weaver, Frank B.
Weeks, Alonzo M.
Williams, Lee
Willis, John G.
Winfield, Tillman
Worley, Frank
Worrell, Grover C.
Wright, Francis M.
Wright, William W.
Wyatt, Cecil S.
Wyatt, Emery M.
Young, Richard B.

"D" COMPANY

Mess Sergrant— Kellam, Garland T.

Supply Sergeant— Thrift, William E.

SERGEANTS-

Bittle, Clarence O. Fleet, William T. Parkes, Leslie G. Morris, Harry L. Bowles, John H. Murdock, Arthur C. Barnes, Broadus B. Daniels, Cassie B.

Jennings, Cassie B. Jennings, George R. Surratt, Thomas Brookes, Andrew B.

Corporal S— Taylor, Vernon C, Watts, Howard Barnes, Lemuel P, James, Orris B. Gregory, Wallace H.
Jackson, Herbert
Scott, Louis J.
Smith, Fred B.
Coates, Thomas M.
Hutt, Ernest L., Jr.
Rock, Thomas C.
Rogers, Sidney M.
Terry, Herbert O.
Moore, Lloyd R.
Satterwhite, Loonie T.
Shrieves, Tullie F., Jr.
Witham, Winfred A.
Floyd, Herman H.
Balderson, James M.
Greever, William C.
Gilman, John G.
Justice, Lawson
McNew, Bingham A.

Cooks— Samuel, George L. Sydnor, Otho L.

Brolers— Rudy, Clarence C. Ferari, James

MECHANICS—
Stewart, Cutley E.
Mills, Nicholas
Turner, Clarence K.

PRIVATES (FIRST CLASS)— \ndrews, Roland L. Belfield, Elfred H. Buchanan, Will E. Clark, James A. Coles, Arnold Dickerson, Jonah Edwards, Leland S. Hinman, George M. Isom, George L. Jeter, Chesley G Jones, Robert E. Kanode, Gratton P. Lambert, Paris H. Littreal, Rural C. Marshall, William P. Mozingo, Rannie Omohundro, John II. Powell, Willie P. Self. Andrew Southworth, Jordan M Stephens, Joseph A. Taylor, Robert S. Taylor, Walter L. Thomas, James C. Tignor, William P. Tribble, Otway T. Tull, Fred R. Waring, Lawrence W Waterfield, Marvin E. Wilson, James T. Wingfield, Lewis E Woodville, Emmett S. Woolard, Andrew W. Yates, James H. Young, Edward S

Parvytes—
Adams, Harry C
Adkins, Jess
Albright, Finley R,
Albright, George B
Andrews, Harvey A
Ball, Elden C,
Barrowman, Charles N
Beachman, Dorsey A,
Beeghley, Arthur D,
Bell, Walter S.

Blitz, Samuel Bolt, Beck K Bosco, Patsy Boyce, Alvin D Boyke, Evan Brown, John M Burruss, Grayson 1.. Butts, Charles Canada, Will Cartwright, John E. Chiensolo, Michele Chiodo, Joe Clifford, Thomas J. Coates, John E. Combs, William J. Conley, Joe Cunningham, Jacob B. Daniel, Herman H. Delaney, Harry E. Donegan, Daniel Donofsky, William Doria, John Doughty, Edward J. Jr. Dowell, David C Duncan, Harvey M Duncan, Leonard (Edwards, Phillips E. Epperson, John F. Epperson, Jesse L. Ferriso, Bernarde Folden, Lonnic B. Forte, Enrico Gardner, John T. Glasser, Harry Goodridge, John Green, Harvey E Griffin, James F. Griffith, Roy L. Hale, Samuel M. Haley, John Hall, Earl P. Hall, Luther Hanson, Stanley G. Harris, Allen M Harris, John O. Hawks, William C. Hite, Oscar L. Hodges, Andrew P Hodgson, Thomas M Hogston, Daniel C Horseley, Andrew J. Howell, Raymond Hylton, Eddie M. Isner, David W

Jackson, Frnest (Jackson, Harry J

Jones, John P

Jones, Joseph C. Jones, Rushie D. Justice, John P. Kaminski, Edward Kanede, Louis E. Kearns, John I. Keen, Elbert T. Kirk, Christian T Kirwan, William E. Kiser, Daniel G. Lacy, Luther Lada, Joe Lauretani, Romano Lekovitch, Andrew Lilly, Joseph Lindsey, Varney C. Litton, Andrew W. Litz, Beverley D. Littreal, William S. Maiorano, Frank Marion, James R. Marshall, Commodore P. Marrs, William D. McGrady, Monroe Mears, Otho S Mears, Percy T Melton, Mansfield Miller, Ralph P. Neal, Estil E. Nocera, Carmelo Norcutt, Roy Owens, John H. Pearson, Clarence S. Perrow, John A. Perry, Richard Pickett, William J. Poe. Russell B Powell, Willie E Presgrave, Frank J. Purcell, Wilbur G Ouesenberry, Claude O. Ouesenberry, Wiley E. Radziszewski, John

Raffle, George J. Ramsey, Walter P. Rayfield, William L. Redden, Azel Riddell, Bernard F. Riffle, Abraham Roark, Charley Russo, Giuseppe Saas, Benjamin F. Sammons, John Shelley, William J. Short, Claude S. Short, Julian P. Simmons, Curtis G Sisson, Joseph R. Sisson, Raymond Sluss, Everett Smith, Charles L. Snead, John G. Snead, Walter Stause, John G. Stephens, Daniel W Stevenson, Earl E. Stewart, Reuben G. Tate. Joseph W Thrift, Samuel R. Towe, Alfred E. Triplet, Roy N. Turk, John E. Tyson, James A Wade, George E Waldron, Thomas M. Ware, Lee Watson, John M Wetherill, James B. Wetherstine, Harry H Whitt, Lock E. Wilson, Arlie Williard, Alvin M. Williams, Vance Wooseley, William M. Wright, James W

"E" COMPANY

Fentress, Wilhur B. Parker, Lawrence Shipman, George E. Wood, William T. Gordon, John N. Hayes, Edwin S. Goodson, Edwin S. Gay, Richard B. Garland, William D. Johnson, Wheatley M.

Corporals— Wilkinson, Benjamin H.

First Sergeant— Burfoot, Ambrose W., Jr.

Supply Sergeant— Woodlief, Archie H.

Mess Sergeant— Harding, Ambrose P.

Serge ynts— Hoffman, Charles W. Ritchie, Walter H.

Lonergan, Harry C. Skeeter, Robert L. Flick, Walter A. Mears, Frederick F. Cooksey, John R. Galloway, Ralph E. Sims, William M. Shields, Jesse T. Stiefbold, John F. Harrell, Paul E. Phalen, William L. Johnson, Joseph B. Foster, William S., Jr. Packett, Merman W. Wright, Harold D. Barlow, Hunter G. Clark, Owen Shelton, Burley C. Wood, Basil M.

BUGLERS— Peters, Forrest E. White, Hiram T.

MECHANICS— Dorsey, Floyd J. Dereng, Adolph Clarke, Allen B.

Cooks— Filippo, Harry Long, John B. Thompson, Bertie W. McCarthy, Robert J.

PRIVATES (FIRST CLASS)-Vrmentrout, Walter E. Bain, Harry L Birch, Harry S. Blanton, Emmett Bowden, Calvin Brown, John 1. Burgess, William F. Byrd, Charles D. Carter, Edgar B., Jr. Collins, Charlie Courtney, James A., Jr. Davis, Henry A Davis, John E. Dise, Clifton C. Duling, Phillip O. Dunlevy, Wesley M Frye. Charles R. Funkhouser, Oliver E. Gardner, Homer E. Gordon, James E. Gunnell, Jefferson D.

Hagman, Junius B. Hale, Robert Hartman, Charles B. Hollowell, John D Lake, Maury M Lardin, Harry 11 Lloyd, Joseph J Madrin, Lewis C Martin, James H Mathews, Byron E. Michie, Claude D Moffett, Earl S. Morris, Arch Padgett, Lawrence E Pence, Jacob C Polen, Harry W Pullen, Jesse P Richards, William B. Runaldue, Thomas J Senne, Henry L. Somers, Roland I Spitzer, Benjamin F. Stevens, Clarence Stewart, Robert B Fanner, Jesse M. Tate, Willie Thorns, John Træler, Norrie Trickett, Alfred B. Venables, John W. Watkins, George White, Paul R. Trent, Aubray G.

PRIVATES-Allen, Percie W Mlen, Perry S Anderson, Willie E Appleby, Isaac R. Arbuckle, James Arensburg, William W Armentrout, James A Armstrong, Henry W Vstemborski, Frank Baczynski, Charles H Baczynski, Frank B. Ball, Myron L Bare, Joseph F. Bartlett, George W Bauer, Herman A Beckner, Edwards Bell, Thomas Bell, Walter W Benton, Charlie D Beresik, John J Berkey, Denny (Bernardo, Frank

Blakely, Charles C. Blankenship, Owen R. Bollinger, Eugene F. Boyd, Andrew Boyd, William H. Bradshaw, Van Bricker, Paul R. Brim, Lewis J. Brock, William J. Caldarelli, Guilio Catt. Jesse D. Cheffins, Harry S. Ciotto, Nicola Cipolla, Elia Clarke, Michael Cochran, Neil M. Cole, Willard Cornwell, Owen L. Cotter, Timothy J. Cox, James R. Craft, Herman D. Cross, Walter J. Crowley, Cornelius B. Cyrus, James G. Darden, Charlie E. DeLong, Howard A. Diliberto, Tony Dobbs, Ace B. Dodson, Charles L. Doughty, Frank L. Driss, Pete Drummond, Otho L. Duff, William B. Dunn, William J. Egan. Thomas E. Egli, Lawrence P. Elkins, Richard F. Fahey, William W. Fahrbuechel, Mathias J. Fazio, Joe Finch, Elwood Fiorette, Sebastine Ford, Andrew E. Fox, Willard A Frazier, John Fry, Russell Furr, John T. Futrelle, Rufus E. Garett, Barnard C. Geneviva, Antonio Gibson, William A. Giomette, August Glunt, Roy C. Goff, Edgar Goyer, Elmer Green, Martin Grimes, Jesse W.

Grimm, Ralph S. Grimme, Charles V. Griscom, Frederick G. Guidus, Joe Harris, Reuben R. Heflin, Kennie Hemphill, Walter H Heshizer, Clarence A. Hess, Tony Hilinski, John S. Hilty, Emmett S Hoak, John A. Huston, Harry Jenkins, Edwin T. John, Alfred L. Johnson, Otto B. Karpinski, Joseph Keller, Oscar L. Kendall, Robert M. Kennard, William C Kessler, Sylvester C Kinley, Harry A Kowałoski, Felix Kowatch, Andy Krug, Adolph 11. Lamberth, John S. Lee, Grafton F. Loyett, John C Luke, Daniel McCarthy, Frank D. McDonough, Martin J McNally, Edward J. Mace, Lewis P. Marchitis, Peter Minnick, Samuel K. Mizelle, Lillian S. Moore, Grant M. Perry, Thomas J. Puryear, Claude C. Rankin, William B. Reiss, John Rodgers, Walter H Rush, James C Sampson, David G. Senseney, Leonard M. Shope, Ernest Shipple, Isaac Smith, Claude W. Smith, John E. Snyder, John B. Spitzer, Noah E. Starboard, David H. Stark, John L. Stone, John R. Taylor, William T. Todd, Charles H. Tracey, William M

ROSTER OF EXLISTED MEN WHO SAILED FOR TRANCE-Controlled

Troy, Cliton J Utz, Robert E Walker, Lemuel E Waller, Columbus G, Wanner, Christie W, Wescott, George J. Whitehead, Loms E. Williard, Elmer Woodruff, Wilbert Young, James W. Zinck, Roy

"F" COMPANY

First Sergeant Monahan, Anthony J.

MISS SERGIANT Tyler, Earl W.

Supply Sirgfant— Derieux, Willard J.

Serot ants—
Elinn, Joseph F.
Shelor, Charles A.
Browning, Alexander W.
McClaren, Harry A.
Riel ardson, William P.
Melton, Clifton L.
Newcomb, Emory J.
Pankey, Floyd J.
Jones, Leslie L.
Blackburn, Irvin R.
Good, Frank F.
Roper, Clarke W.

Corporals—
Mills, Raymond W.
Arnold, Andrew W.
Landrum, Clarence L.
Evans, James A.
Broach, William G.
Werts, James F.
Jarvis, Floyd II
Patterson, Hugh L.
White, Fdward L.
Napier, John H.
Jones, William F.
Fisher, Hugh P.
Bowers, John H.
Updegraff, Archie
Carter, Jacob S.
Wilson, Garland C.
Price, Rufus A.
Stephens, Otis V.
Weddle, Henry S.
Tombin Alexander L.
Mitchell, Clarence F.
Dver, George B.
Watson, William L.

West, Oscar D Leber, Ira D Butler, Frank M Witzgall, Herbert J.

COOKS — Atchison, Forest J Bainbridge, William T Broaderick, Edward Padgett, Aubrey W.

MECHANICS— Crewe, Stuart C. Longest, Atlee G Saunders, Marvin A Southworth, William H

Bugger, Lawrence G. Gunn, William A

Privates (First Crass)

Bland, Joseph H

Boyle, Thomas L.

Brambill, Addison T.

Broge, William

Brooks, Floyd G

Bryant, Eugene A

Dullion, Charles L.

Burton, Noel R

Byram, Charles E

Carnaham, Lames A

Carter, Richard

Castelli, Constantine

Conna, George A

Combs, Walter H

Creghead, Charles E

Creasey, William

Crouch, Sidney L

Floyd, Lace C

Garner, Charles H

Hannah, Clarence W

Higgins, Peter F,

Hill, Benjamin

Hines, George W

Horne, Ermax C

Kersoy, Clarles C

McCauley, John G.

Lowry, Bernard F. Lowery, James McGraw, James M. Masseno, Joseph L. Massucco, Louis Mears, Leroy A Mellon, Carl M Milberger, Francis R. Milkulski, Bowman Moore, Richard A. Morgan, Frnest N Mrozinski, Charles Palmer, Fred Perkins, John W. Romer, Jesse Sharp, Homer S. Showman, John L. Singleton, George E. Sloan, Algie H. Steinbaugh, Harry A. Surber, Herbert V. Turner, Jesse E. Updike, Gilbert W. Visco, John Vittariello, Giovanni Webster, Lewis A. Williams, George S. Wilson, Ralph E. Winge, Clyde A.

PRIVATES-

Abbott, Lawrence B.
Adler, Nicholas E.
Ainsworth, William L.
Ancarrow, James K.
Angello, Guiseppe
Astin, Alonzo T.
Ayers, Ross E.
Babbitt, Frank
Bachr, Emil C.
Baker, Lewis M
Beck, Thomas J.
Beck, William
Becker, Charles A.
Bellman, Clarence G.
Bennardo, Francesco
Illack, William J.
Blackmore, Floyd H.
Brooke, Farl
Brooke, Norris M.
Burks, William S.
Burnett, Charles H.
Busler, Clifton B.
Carter, Linwood C.
Chambers, John
Chambers, William R.
Chenault, Charles P.

Clarke, John W. Cobek, Frank Colmanet, Angelo Commons, Warren J. Consolmagno, Guiseppe Cordill, William Cornelius, Albert J. Corrigan, Frank J. Constance, Giovanni Cotter, Edward J. Cowan, William Crimeni, Joseph Crouch, Rufus M. Cupec, Erlsto D'Averso, Guiglio Dekosky, William DiSefrafino, Vincenzo Domigi, Francesco Donnini, Adelmo Dougherty, Thomas P. Ellis, Charles Pairlamb, Harry C. Frae, William Gallager, Joseph Gentt, William L Golden, Francis D. Good, John G. Hackworth, Emmett R. Hambleton, Tobias T. Hatfield, Anse Hicks, Gilbert E. Hicks, Robert L. Higginbotham, Allen Hilton, Harry E. Hogan, Peter P. Hornig, Frank J. Howdyelell, Claude W Hughes, William K. Lamurri, Umberto Jarrell, Allen M. Jones, Charles G. Jones, Joseph M. Jones, Robert L. Kimbrough, Lewis T Langan, William J. McCann, Peter A. McEnery, James J. McGoldrick, Bernard McQuiston, John H. Marshall, Albert W. Massalaska, Lonnie E. Matz, Frank Maxey, George W Maxwell, Winfield R. Mieski, Frank Miller, Edwin S. Mitchell, Feris

Modugue, Domenick Mohen, Phillip II. Moran, Posser J. Morocock, Walter L. Musick, Roy S. Mussafori, Giovanni Noble, Bruce Olezak, Vincent F. O'Malley, Joseph Orient, Joseph J. Penn, John E. Peyronnet, James A. Phillips, John A Price, Otto Prista, Domenick Pulcini, Giovanni Rader, Grover C Reinehr, Eugene F Reinehr, Eugene F.
Richardson, Morton H.
Rittenour, Fred A.
Robinson, Mathew H.
Rodgers, Charles A.
Ruddy, William J.
Sackett, William F.
Sarver, Howard E.
Sarver, Lawrer T. Le Saunders, James T., Jr. Sears, Richard C.

Shuler, Francis R
Smith, Arthur A
Smith, George L
Smith, Joseph E
Spencer, Ralph H
Spring, Charles B
Stanley, Matthew M
Stewart, James H
Tallono, Rosario
Taylor, Nelson B
Thompson, Lonnie
Throckmorton, Emmett H
Tome, Robert B
Tuck, Oscar L
Vichinsky, John
Waid, Ralph G
Weber, Harry P
Whitehead, William F
Willie, Norman L
Wilson, George
Wilson, Thomas L
Wood, Charence B
Wood, Charence B
Wood, Myrtland P
Wraase, Albert F
Wright, James H
Wyke, Joseph W
Zell, Frank N
Zrockalski, Jan

"G" COMPANY

First Strotant— Conway, Fitzlingh L.

MISS SURGRANT— Clark, Samuel B.

SUPPLY SERGEANT— Holston, Cecil

Strot ants—
Quicke, Arthur L.
Morrow, Fvarts W
Hurd, Charlie
Meader, Paul
King, Herbert C
Tillman, Owen E.
Heath, Fenno F.
Borum, Charles I
Lewis, Charles W
Scay, Benjamin F.

Chambliss, George R. Harrison, Hallett W. Rainier, Otis M.

Riddick, Junius R. Butler, George E. Neatrour, George P Haywood, Charles H., Jr. Hodges, James P. Lindsay, Edward M. Lawson, William B Holloway, Albert C Parham, William S. McClean, Thomas, Jr Stultz, Russell L. Clougherty Hugh E Carter, Oliver B. Hartman, Harry (Kilby, Elwood B. McDowell, Joseph P., Jr. Foltz, Josie Fefel, Edward S Sparks, Robert T.

MFCHANUS— Bryant, Herbert F Biggs, Raymond Isley, Luther C

COOKS-

Love, Munford J. Lowery, Percy C. Lawson, Charles T.

BUGLERS-

Clem. Howard F. Presto, Frank

Privates (First Class)— Bradshaw, Willie J. Buck, William M. Bull, Edward D. Buyalos, John J. Cheek, Wesley W Crowder, Ronald N. Deitrich, Dressler B. Dooley, George C Douglas, William F. Drumeller, William J. Forrest, Winnie C. Griffin, Robert F. Harris, Terpan Huggett, William T. Jacobson, Maurice D. Jennings, James M. Jones, Lonnie McInturff, Charles Pulini, Giovanni Smith, Jesse F. Stinnett, Everett M. Tinder, Frank C. Twyman, Willie A. Williams, John H. Curtis, Woodfin D. Davidson, Jett N Davis, Julian R. Blackman, Bennett E. Eanes, Harry W. Griffith, Newton E. Griggs, James W. Hole, Hilton Laughlin, Harry L. Lipscomb, Elisha D. McDaniel, John L., Jr. Mercer, Stephen Moody, John S. Newman, George . Shackleford, John M. Thomas, Malvin W Haskins, Carter

PRIVATES-

Anthony, Charles L. Atkinson, Benjamin J Avery, Sydnor H. Ayers, Elijah H. Baldridge, Harry R. Bishop, William E. Byrum, Algie E. Callis, Robert L. Capriglione, Beniamine Ciliberto, Frank Carlin, Charles J Casey, Clyde H. Cassell, Frank B. Clanton, Samuel N Clay, Charles T Cousins, Azor R. Clarke, Travis T. Crouch, Richard H. DeAngelis, Mariano Devito, Joe Eiseman, Lawrence J. Fears, John L. Forrest, John R. Francis, Joseph H. Freeman, Sam Glazier, William M Hackway, William E. Harris, Charles H. Harris, Ernest T. Haynes, Schuyler T. Hess, Russell D Hogge, Marion F James, Howard V. Johnson, Frank A. Juliene, Phillip Kain, Arthur J Kenney, Edward Kestler, Joseph A. Klemann, Howard H Korch, Mike Kozan, Frank J. Kramer, Christ C Kramer, Walter H. Kudluck, Andy J. Lacey, Orie H. Laney, Russell W. Lang, George M Leathers, Englar K. Laprad, Kelly Lee, Richard D LeFride, Leona Limbacher, Lewis M Lintz, William C. Lipovich, Frank Lockaton, Daniel Lockaton, Joseph Lucia. Tomasco McDonough, Thomas McElroy, Bernard A MacFeeters, Phillip D. McDonald, William

McGeary, James H. McKinney, Frank C. McLaughlin, Michael D. Marelli, Vincenzo Markel, John F. Martello, Samuel Masca, Antonio D. Masiello, Rocco Mataldi, Nazzareno Mateer, Jesse C. Meade, Charles E. Miadi, Bruno Miller, Henry J. Mills, Christopher J. Mizer, William II. Montgomery, Harry Moore, McDowell Morris, Stephen D. Murphy, John P. Murray, Matthew A. Napurkowski, Anthony Neville, James J. Neville, John B. Nonnenberg, Fred Norris, Robert N Norsavacos, Vincent Norvell, John W. O'Brien, Joseph J. Oatting, Wyman H. Owen, Ward B. Paosano, Gastano Paone, Michals Parson, Harry W. Penn, Norman E. Penny, Henry L. Perkinson, George L. Petrone, Salvatore Prethore, Thomas C. Price, Howard A. Pursley, James Radumski, James Rancy, Herbert E Reagan, Henry V. Rizzo, Salvatore Robbins, Reas V Robinson, Harry H. Romans, John Roth, Albert L. Salmon, Anthony Schank, George M

Schmitz, George J Schuster, Lawrence 1. Schuster, Max M Scott, William J Shamblin, James Shedlock, Albert P Sheets, Charles T Shepherd, John A Smeck, Charles II Spencer, John W. Stanton, Charles Starti, Paolo Steltano, Tony Stephenson, Rufus B. Stewart, Edward C. Stinner, Angustus E. Strathen, Frank P. Strejeck, Joseph Sullivan, Daniel A Sullivan, Joseph M Sullivan, Thomas J. Sutton, Raymond A. Terzigni, Francesco Thomason, Matthew L Thompson, William T. Tomeo, Nick F. Torrance, David K Turbic, Walter Varhola, John Vellender, Charles J. Vescio, John Virgona, Domenico Vollmer, William Voltz, William R. Wachter, Harry E Wagner, Frank V. Wainwright, Wilton T Wallace, John B. Walthall, James H. Werner, Otto C Wheless, Robert L. Wiest, George L. Wilkinson, Golden S Williams, Cecil G. Wilson, Eugene E. Wise, Harry W. Wittman, Gerard P Young, Bernard A. Young, John W. Young, Ralph G

H" COMPANY

First Strgfant— Waidley, Frank Supply Sergeant— Gregory, Leonard N

Sergeants—
Matthews, Everett T.
Waller, Roy O.
Salyer, Pierce S.
Twyman, Marshall G.
Wuibaut, Fred J.
Hinton, Richard H.
Gardner, Raleigh W.
Beal, Edmund P.
Searless, Wilson M.
Kruse, Michael
Williamson, William R.
Walker, Cecil F.

Corporals→

Easterly, Daniel E.
Payne, William F.
Clarke, Claude R.
Russell, Conway
Ellis, Willie B.
Williams, Clarence E.
Rudd, John W.
Watkins, William A.
Switzer, Hugh I.
Dix, Russell B.
Waters, James E.
Tatem, Edwin J.
Vates, James E.
Ramsey, John H.
Foltz, Mohler L.
Snead, John W.
Bryant, Lawrence B.
Selden, Kirby S.
Woodward, William H.
Guy, Selby C.
Huddleston, Henry W.
Fleming, John P.

RUGLERS— Carlson, Harry F. Boyts, Henry C.

MECHANICS— Longerbeam, Anthony J. Everhart, William E. Coard, Dorsey S. Henderson, John L.

COOKS— Allanson, Willie Scott, Paul B. Lloyd, Charles L. Brandon, John J.

Privates (First Class)— Ashby, Hezekiali Atwell, Denzil L.

Beatley, Clarence A. Bloxom, Estel G Boyce, Kenneth R Bradford, Emerson W Buracker, Benjamin F. Campbell, John T. Casda, Raleigh T. Cooper, Joseph L. Crowson, John R. Ewell, George U. Fulk, Bruce C. Gunter, William W Harcum, George R Heiskell, Frank P. Hilliards, Eddie W Henderson, Roland A. Hensley, James G. House, John L. Jett, James O. Jones, James H. Jones, Benjamin B. Kerchaval, Leonard S Leonard, Frank L. Locke, Ernest F. Marshall, Charlie C Marsh, Roland H. Neale, Joseph T. Price, Samuel D. Smith, Gilbert L. Smith, Herman C. Taylor, Burleigh Taylor, William A. Turner, Willie M. Weatherford, Henry W. Woods, Calvin C.

Privates—
Adams, Andrew
Anderson, Horace B
Andy, Nick
Archibald, John
Ballard, Leon O.
Beck, James W.
Bellemy, John
Beyer, Marcellus V.
Bishop, Harry N.
Blundon, Henry H.
Brockwell, William E.
Bucy, Clarence R.
Cassidy, John
Ceyrolles, William
Corazola, Basil J.
Creamer, Charles R.
Crump, Isaac W.
Cummings, Archie
Curry, James M.
Cutler, Joseph

Daley, James G. Day, Arlie I. Degidio, Tommasco Dellagetta, Joseph DeVol, John A. Dichiera, Frank Dickson, James N. Dismario, Kalph Dively, John W. Dixon, Walter B. Dobzinski, Joseph Donaldson, Howard B. Donofrio, Giovanni Dressing, Harry O. Dugar, Benjamin F, Duhig, Martin Dye, James W, Dyer, William S, Early, Wiley V, Edwards, Charles Engle, Joseph 11. Evans, Warner S. Faber, Gabriel L'abiano, Frank Faulkner, William H. Ferrell, Conn. W. Eleming, Americus V. Flick, George W. Foltz, George Foran, Arthur L. Freeman Edward L. Fulkerson, Jerry O. Gallager, William Gallier, Archer W. Galeza, John Garn, James M Gaughan, John W. Gillard, James J. Golembiwski, Barth Goldstein, Abe Golvash, George Goodrich, Willie B. Gordon, Fred T. Greco, Andru Green, Thomas Grimm, William G. Guido, Salvatore Haden, James H. Hall, Charles Halstead, Joseph W. Harris, James II. Hart, George Hastings, Oscar S. Hatcher, Elbert M. Hauensein, Monsey Heckert, Albert Heflin, Lewis

Hemke, Harry Hendricks, Lewis J Herman, Joe Hickey, Francis W Hickey, John Hilderhoff, Henry W Helcowitz, Joseph A. Holden, George W. Hollerau, John J. Holt, Colie W. Holt, Wade J. Horensky, John Hosken, Frank L Houlihan, Harry J. Hughes, Frank B Isdell, George G. C Jablonowski, Lucian Johnston, Harry Jones, Robert M Jordan, Lewis W. Kehn, Henry Koontz, Henry Kunnis, Gustave Lambert, James R. Lancaster, Charles C Latham, Archie I. Lawson, Joseph E. Logan, Jesse Long, Randolph T. Longanecker, John J. Lowery, John K. Mabee, Kyle H. Marino, Loreto Marshall, Lorenzio Matto, Mike Maudesley, Orin E. Meadows, Luther E. Mills, Hugh M Mitchell, Gaston 11. Morton, John Morgan, Carl Mounte, Hearford Moulder, Lawrenec O Murphy, Thomas A Muschek, William T. McConnell, John L. McDonald, Nelson McDonnell, Leo F. Owens, Roy L Page. Harry J Perdue, Alfred M. Pettit, Arthur N. Pierce, Alfred K Powers, David W. Redford, James G. Reed, David Ritter, Frank C.

Rickmond, Samuel H. Roark, Vurner V. Roeder, Louis Rogers, Raymond Russell, Ephriam S. Sadler, Edgar H. Scott, Anderson Shepherd, Connie M. Sisley, Henry G. Simmons, Arthur D. Smith, Henry J. Spaulding, Burbage Spradlin, Thomas J. Stollings, Charles
Staton, John C.
Stephens, James L.
Sublett, William A.
Taylor, William A.
Terry, Flarvey V.
Thorsby, Edward N.
Tibbetts, Lester L.
Utz, Granville H.
Weaver, Howard F.
Weible, Charles H.
White, Kennis V.
White, William J.

"I" COMPANY

First Sergeant— Schutte, George C.

MESS SERGEANT— McGuire, Lindsay T.

SUPPLY SERGEANT—Gill, Marvin A.

Sherwood, Charles H.
Rogers, Benjamin F.
Ashby, Harry N.
Nichols, William E.
McCormick, Daniel G.
Simmons, Charles H., Jr.
Capley, James E.
Verell, James H.

Verell, James H. Stoneburner, Samuel Powell, Ralph T Sale, Thomas B.

CORPORALS-

MeAllister, Oscar E.
Lacy, Harold M.
Price, Louis G.
Brown, Elmer N.
Williams, James S.
Hodges, Norman B.
Hawkins, Ernest Y.
Miffleton, James L.
Mack, James H.
Alley, William A.
Shankle, Clyde C.
Lewis, Archibald G.
Proffitt, Chastain D., Jr.
Biggs, Elmer H.
Baltz, Louis G.
Pierce, Virgil S.
Lewis, Howard T.

Layton, Edward G. Coiner, Whitney Clement, Wallace S. Costley, Bernard T. Elliott, Edward C. Claterbaugh, Erman W. Odom, Chester

Buglers— White, Herbert P Cherry, Charles E.

MECHANICS— Mitten, George S. Beck, Anthony F. Jessee, James E.

COOKS—
Young, Raymond II
Johnson, James E.
Nace, Jesse J.
Carico, Charles M.

Privates (First Class)—Armstrong, Bernard Barker, James M.
Brown, James F.
Budman, Isaac Carter, Clarence W.
Cordle, Fred B.
Davis, Linwood E.
Duggins, Olney C.
Hogan, Luke J.
Howell, Johnnie W.
Hudgins, Leonard C.
Jordan, Edward G.
Lambert, Farley
Miller, William S.
Miles, William J.
O'Brien, William C.

Pegau, Frederick C. Price, Edward A. Jr. Pride, Nathan Protzman, Henry H. Roberts, John R Shackleford, John F. Stafford, John L. Treakle, Ernest C Viar, James 11. Washington, Henry B. Wilbourne, Tommie B. Ziegler, Robert R.

PRIVITES-Abrams, Joseph Addison, Hugh Addison, Thomas A Akers, Eddie L. Mlison, James G. Amberg, Otto P. Amos, Samuel C. Amy, Albert Anderson, Alfred W. Angelo, Joseph Annison, John Atkinson, Albert V. Bashforth, Edgar C. Heck, George Berggren, John A. Bishop, Clair. Blankenship, Sidney Bock, Lawrence E Boland, William T. Boyersmith, Neil L. Bowman, Sidney L. Boyle, Carl. Brannon, Clarence D. Breedlove, Samuel Brown, Peter Bruno, Tognetti Buckrop, Gustavo Buonocore, Vincenzo Busking, Emil Callio, John G. Cappuco, Geno Caruso, Vincenzo Cassel, Charles C. Catanese, Guiseppe Celletti, Franco Chambers, George M. Cherubini, Flavis Chirdon, Clarence J. Ciccotelli, Salvatore Ciuffetelli, Agostino Clarke, James J. Cochran, Samuel S Cogbill, Nathan E.

Cook, Lawrence S Cooper, Amos W Creasy, James E Crux, Raymond G. D'Emila, Vincenzo Denham, Andrew W Dimmick, Charlie Dodds, William N Duncan, Harrison Dundon, Maurice L Dunmire, Robert B. Facciolo, Antonio Faber, Henry J. Faggiani, Guido Fallara, Tony Frender, Frank T Garrett, Ewell Gay. Eugene E Coray, George P Gormley, James Graboski, John A. Grago, Frank Graham, David F Haines, Paul M Hall, Silven Heck, Christian L Hoffman, Walter W Heckler, Paul Jaynes, Samuel L. Jenkins, James B. Jenkins, Robert E. Johnson, Arthur S. Johnson, Joseph P. Johnson, James I Johnson, Loyal G Kesler, Everett E Kilgore, Conley King, Charles M. Knapp, Charles F. Lanc, Roy C Lavelle, Stephen Leonard, John J. Lochner, Charles N Lytle, William D McFarland, Albert McFeak, Charles J. Mertig, Somers F Milliron, Harry C Milteer, Wallace Morgan, John H Morgan, Benjamin F Moses, Flov I L. Murray James Nace, Howard M Nagel, Edwin E Napier, James Neal, Wiley S

Neel, Suddeth W. Nelson, David E. Oligery, Arthur Olsen, Herman G. Owens, Otis C. Owens, Pleas Palazzo, Dominick Parks, Thomas Parsons, Olen Parsons, Palmer L. Patek, Ferdinand Pennington, William R. Phillips, Richard T. Pierce, Arthur E. Pirschl, Josef Populo, Frank Pote, Christian B. Powers, Charles G. Powers, Joe Pruitt, Posey Randall, Frank G. Rodgers, Alexander Root, Frank Ross, George T Roush, George W. Russell, Robert J. Samson, Amos E. Scaletti, Antonio Scarberry, William Schaeffer, Charles T. Schaffranek, John Schavey, Harry Schell, Albert D. Schmidt, Joseph

Schultz, Adolf F.
Sermule, Joseph
Shepos, Andrew H.
Skinkis, Elias
Smith, George W.
Soforie, Frank
Spaniel, Adam
Stromberg, Charles A.
Swanson, Leonard A.
Talarico, Dave
Tampasta, Alex
Tebarri, Thomas
Thompson, James
Thompson, John F.
Tolari, Mario
Trollenger, Clarence E.
Uhlman, Fred P.
Urmson, Thomas S.
Vainieri, Umberto
Vali, Thomas
Valsko, John
Vernon, Ralph R.
Vickers, Thomas C.
Vitarelli, Antonio
Volpe, Vito
Weaver, Joseph
White, Ellis C.
Whitlock, William J.
Winning, Alexander W.
Withrow, Rogers A.
Wolfinger, John
Worms, William S.
Young, Albert
Yousko, Steve J.

"K" COMPANY

First Sergeant— Rosenberg, Sam

Mess Sergeant— Rue, Charles D.

Supply Sergeant— Tull, Walter

Serge ants—
Trammell, Clarence A.
Durrer, Russell A.
Glasscock, Aubrey G.
Homes, Irvin
Keys, Charlie R.
Brown, Leo A.
Lynch, George O.
Pattie, Nestor C.
Gregory, John L.

Corporals—
Murane, Jolin A.
Rudacille, Luther E.
Pierce, McCov A.
Whipple, William J. Jr.
Waldon, Warren B.
Lea, William T.
Babber, Hal T.
Holland, Lawrence E.
Pauley, Rush F.
Roads, Edward A.
Rush, Samuel R.
Zirkle, Doll M.
Dimsey, Guy O.
Cold, Frank E.
Kenyon, Irving L.
Wilson, John L.
Keel, Samuel D.
Neill, Frank F.

Tait, George S. Choate, Conrad B. Owens, Eustace C. Arrington, Ernest R. Baugher, Ernest G. Davis, Orville N. Grimsley, William

COOKS-

Powell, William C. Pearson, Nelson S.

Michanics— Poc. Lewis I. Follin, Warren A.

BUGLERS-

Barrett, Willie R. Henson, William E.

PRIVATES (FIRST CLASS)-Anderson, Graydon Anderson, Juan R. Butler, Charles R. Carlton, Robert H. Chappell, Josiali C. Daniels, Harvey Davis, Frank L. Deane, Sinkler K. Dowell, Percy L. Forrest, Lemuel E. Griggs, John F. Hankins, Charles O. Henry, Harry W. Hinkle, John E. Hinkle, Peter R. Hummer, Joseph M. Johnson, William L. Kendall, Stark Lacy, Tolbert Morgan, James E. Jr. Orr, Oscar L. Patterson, John W Powell, Ralph H. Powell, Walter B. Randall, Wallace J. Reasor, Irvin H. Rodier, Louis Shiflett, Phillip H. Sisson, Olive M. Simpson, Eugene Smith, Maurice P. Stanly, Lloyd L. Thompson, Myron B. Walker, Addison H. Waugh, Arthur C.

Wolf, John Wood, Claude R.

PRIVATES-

Veey, Charlie Adcock, William H. Amelio, Carmono Antunici, Stefano Ashbrook, William S. Bailey, Sherman T. Baker, Raymond C. Banton, Emmett E. Barkley, Rufus O Beal, George E. Belcher, William I. Benicci, Diego Berryman, Willie H. Black, Charles E Bogdan, John Brickers, Charles F. Brown, Earl E. Browning, Howard A. Brumet, Roy Bruisk, John Bryant, William E. Bryant, William E.
Burke, Bartholomew J.
Burke, Mark E.
Byers, Joseph A.
Carroll, John W.
Carter, Durward
Clark, Leonard
Cornell, John E.
Cornell, John E. Corun, Joseph H. Crossman, William H. Darrow, William L. Diana, Louis Dignan, Donald M. Dimanno, Curato Dishong, Herbert E. Doss, Phillip 11. Dudek, Joe Faltin, Stephen S. Fox, Gerald W. Foy, John M. Frada, James V. Frankel, Isadore Frech, Samuel B. Gallagher, Thomas W Gibson, John J. Gillenwater, Joseph A. Golabienski, Teefil Gottdiener, David Gottdiener, Louis Gray, George H. Greger, William J. Gribsby, Henry Gross, Sylvester P.

Hairfield, Clarence R. Harkinson, Henry G. Hanlin, Francis J. Henderson, Harry H. Hendricks, Garfield Herrell, Thurman Hucy, John E. Hughes, William D. James, Roger Jett, Admol L. Johnson, Frank P. Keningham, Willie C. Kimmel, James R. King, Incian I. Klimof, Peter Koschalk, Stephen J. Krinock, Andy Krivecki, Ivan Krufka, Joseph Kurilovich, Mike Lamer, William D. Lantzy, Anicetus C. Leake, Ennis Lenhart, Jacob M. Lesnewski, Władisław Link, Walter R. Lione, Guiseppe McCaig, John Molskey, John T. McClure, Stanford S. McClure, Wilbert O. McDonald, Francis L. McGinnis, Merle McGough, Tlomas D. McVay, William B. Mann, Robert E. Maples, Sam M. Mareum, William R. Mattiucio, Emidio Maxey, Thomas C. Metcalf, Wilbur R. Miller, Charles G. Miller, Marcellus J. Minosky, Joe Molneock, John Moore, James Morivianna, Charles Morris, Francis P. Moss, John T. Mura, Guiseppe Myers, Robert R Newton, John E.

Newak, John Nusser, Albert Pacifici, Antonio Parker, Lafayette Passoloca, Bartalo Paul, Robert R. Peabody, Benjamin F. Pemberton, Archie D Pennetti, Angelo Phillips, Lester R. Piermarini, Romelo Pollak, Indvig K. Ramsell, Thomas H. Reaves, John R. Rigby, John W Ritenour, William F. Robin, Samuel O. Rogalle, Thomas J. Rose, Fred H Russa, Frank Scroggins, Donald S. Shaffer, Walter Shafferman, Guy M. Sharp, Erna Shiflett, Duey Smith, Edgar L Springer, Albert A. Stevens, Jacob J. Stevens, Robert B. Stoernall, Patrick Strawn, Ray Sutton, Charlie Tasso, Eocco Thompson, James H. Tullie, Louis Vaughan, James W. Viselow, Steve Voltz, James W Wallace, William C. Westherholtz, Arch E. Whetzel, Jasper L. Whetzell, Lory F White, Clarence S. Wilhelm, Robert L. Williams, Virgil J. Williamson, George T. Wilson, Sol Winters, George W. Womax, Carl L Wood, Charles H Woolridge, Flarry D. Wright, Parker

"L" COMPANY

FIRST SERGEANT— Kern, Lohr E. MESS SERGEANT— Deal, St. George

Supply Surgrant— Edwards, Harold R.

STRGEANIS

Whitfield, Walter W. Rees, Samuel E. Berrey, Ray Chappell, John A Clowser, Earl J. Hillyard, Ashby H. Printt, Ulie J. Owen, William A. Ford, Benjamin P. Gatewood, Harry C. Brown, James W. Mason, Eugene R.

CORPORALS-

Bristow, Cuthbert
Gravatt, Walter T.
Crickenbarger, Oswald L.
Johnson, Robert F.
Hoffman, Eli B.
Hicks, Harry W.
Watkins, James S.
Brown, Lacy J.
Brown, John I.
Printz, Isaac G.
Miller, Walker
Sowards, Jeonard N.
Fink, Lanner H.
Snyder, John F.
McAloy, Harry J.
Furr, William E.

BUGLERS--

Atchison, Lyndon G. Ayler, Pattic V.

MECHANICS— Dawson, Henry C. Tinder, Leslie S.

Cooks

Armel, Benjamin H. Marshall, Frank O Cornwell, William J. Lindamood, Harry M.

Privates (First Class)—
Boyd, Alex
Brill, William E.
Bushong, Albert B.
Conley, Robert
Cooper, Beverly S., Jr.
Courtney, John P.
Davis, Melvin N.
Dodson, Render L.
Dotson, Kinney

Fancette, William B Glass, Artic W. Jackson, Ralph M Lacke, Clarence W. Lee, Frank Marsh, Roy B Owens, Lindel M Passagaluppi, William A. Seal, James M. Sibert, Trosbelle Turner, Addino H. Vaughan, James M.

PRIVATES-

Anderson, Edgar Anderson, Stanley Baldwin, Cavil C Barton, Solomon Bettis, John B Blackburn, John A Bragg, William C Bristow, Christian L. Burianek, Frank Calabrese, Leonardo Calloway, Ralph O. Camisa, Antonio Canterbury, George W Carpenter, Pressely W Clark, John A Conely, Frank Craft, Lacey Crown, Joseph W Croker, Charles Crouse, Edward Cullers, Harry E Davis, Joseph H. Davis, John W DiMarco, Gioachinno Dodd, Maurice Donathan, Walter Duncan, William Durst, Frank E. Elliot, Jesse B Ellis, James M Fallon, Byron T. Fawcett, Lewis G Fowler, William J Freels, Lum Frisco, Nick Gallilee, James F. Garnett, Thomas H George, Thomas V Gi:ki, Mike Glenn, Charles Gousha, Ralph W Grenberg, Axel H Guill, Samuel E. Hall, John E

Hall, Jacob F

Hambleton, Perry P. Hartman, Carl C Harwood, Carlos B. Heflin, Willie W. Hetzlein, Joseph Himelwright. Duncan S. Hodge, Charles W. Hopkins, William Horn, Harry S. Hough, William J. Hovermale, Earl Hubbard, Otho M. Hudson, Festus Jamison, Walter M. Jarrell, Cohert H. Jefferies, John R. Jendricks, Steven J. Johnson, Chapman L. Kaminski, Joseph Kanline, Merrill Karambales, Kereekes Keenan, Frank Keenan, Patrick J. Kel, Walter Keller, Henry G. Kello, Stanley Klein, Andrew H. Kline, Roger A. Knepper, Francis C Knighton, James A. Knell, Sylvester A. Koehler, Charles E. Kopera, John A. Kowalski, John Kunkel, Henry H. Kuntz, Aloysius F. Kwiatkowski, Walter Lacey, Grant Leibl, Charles Lewis, James Lewis, Ralph G. Lienhard, William H. Loomis, Samuel L. Loughrey, Russell L. Lyons, James P. McCarty, Harry W McCauley, Harry C McClafferty, Bernard McCormack, William W McCoy, Herbert MeDonough, Leo J McMillian, Arby G. Marssa, Joe Maulis, John J. Miller, Ernest E. Miller, Frank J. Miller, James C

Miller, Landon A., Jr. Moffitt, Mark H. Montague, Phillip Moore, Guy Moyer, James L. Munz, Albert A. Marawski, Wicienti Myers, John L. Nochuke, Andrew Newman, Wesley Nawson, Rhodes Nibert, John W. Niggel, Walter H. Novosal, George O'Brien, John P. O'Brien, Leo M. Ogrodowski, Michael Osborne, Robert Paone, Nick Parcell, James F. Pardick, George H. Parker, James H., Jr. Parks, James Pawlowski, Ewdokim Poe, Crockett E. Price, Harry B. Pugh, Dean A. Rapp, Emil L. Rapp, Louis Recinella, Fedele Reese, Butler Rhall, Theodore J. Ribblet, Leslie B. Rimoldi, Victor Roach, William M. Rosati, Giovenali Rumley, Benjamin II. Russo, Angelo Ryder, Haywood E. Sacchini, Nicola Sadler, Van B. Sanders, Patrick X. Sanker, Gorman S. Savage, Joseph Schlereth, John B. Schneider, Frank L. Schohn, Edward V. Scorpa, Anriglici Seitz, Vincent J. Settelmaier, Charles M. Shackleford, Dave Sheppard, Walter J. H. Sinclair, Joseph S. Smeed, George Smith, Edwin G. Smith, John L. Solof, Isadore

Spino, Angelo Stauley, Richard E. Stefanakis, Steve Stoker, Edward A. Stone, John B Stricker, Martin Sullivan, Joseph Sutherland, Walter R. Talley, Grover C. Taylor, Joseph L. Thacker, Engene J. Ropolino, Antonio Triple, John B. Trzienski, John Tuns, Garland Vetter, Charles A Weakland, Earnest S Weaklen, Daniel P. Williamson, Charles W Wilson, Samuel E. Wolfe, Charles E. Workman, Alvis Zimberlin, John A.

"M" COMPANY

1 (ST Serea and Galleher, William C.

Mrss Sergeant— Erye, Leon H.

SUPPLY SERGEANT Wood, Percy C.

Serge ants— Wilkinson, Robert J. Boyd, Ernest Z. Crabill, Ralph B. Jones, Frederick I.

Neale, Judson B.
Ficke, George G.
Levi, Rice W.
Bear, Robert H.
Beck, Walter B
Chilcotte, Clyde V.
Poe, Robert E.
Redford, Oscar C.
White, William E.
Delano, Orrin G.
Neff, Ernest

BUGLERS
Carpenter, Lon G.
Tribby, John S.

Sanders, Samuel H.

MECHANICS— Ashworth, Guy M.

Tate, Henry W. Young, Bernard E. Reynolds, Marvin R. Wolfrey, William T.

Privates (First Class)— Adams, Robert Aylor, Benjamin W.
Beall, Olin W.
Bland, Virginius L.
Estes, John C.
Funkbouser, Taylor S.
Garrow, James F.
Hale, Lawrence F.
Heltzer, Rudolph G.
Jenkins, James
McCartney, Harry G.
Marple, Charles A.
Ritenour, Arthur R.
Steed, William M.
Summer, Guy H.

PRIVATES-Adams, Paul Adams, William Adler, Charles Altman, William J. Armentrout, Luther E. Arrowsmith, Albert Atkinson, Ira R. Aurin, Edgar L. Aylor, Wharton A Bailey, James A. Banatis, John A. Bann, Edward Barlow, James II Baronitis, Antanian Barr, William R. Bartlenes, Bazzini Bayer, Bernard J. Beitell, John J. Beler, Gustave A. Bell, Frank Berry, Francis S. Bickley, Claybourn M Billeter, Charles L. Blake, Robert L. Belyard, Noah H Bosson, Engles D. Brashear, Maurice J. Brenn, Stuart R.

Brooks, Allie A. Brown, John A. Brown, John A.
Buettner, William J.
Bartner, Roy H.
Burbey, William E.
Butler, Alvis C.
Butler, Thomas F.
Butler, William H. A.
Cyin, Frank M. Cain, Frank M. Cameron, John N. Cave, Albert R. Cline, Joseph E. Coats, Wallace E. Cooper, Charlie R. Corder, Richard L. Coughlan, John Cox, Benjamin R. Cox, Lambert W. Craig, Thomas P. Crigger, David H. Crowether, James B. Darlington, Charles E. Donnely, Vincent Dungee, Silas W. Elsbeck, William E. Embrey, Clarence S. Farrell, Bernard Fehrman, Oscar Fleming, Roy Flynn, Michael L. France, Joseph Frazier, Ashby A. Fry, Frank H Gavin, James R. Gochenour, Harry Gordon, John P. Geraser, William S. Grimm, William H. Grubb, Willie L. Guegold, Oscar P Guido, Eugene Hackworth, Frank W Hawkins, James E. Herring, Robert Higgs, Arthur C. Hinkle, Willie C. Ingram, Posie M. Isenhart, John W. Ish, Samuel T. Johnson, Hugh F. Knox, Tom Leonard, David F. Leonard, Elmer J. Lewis, Harvey T. Lindsey, Robert E. Linn, Charles W. Locke, William R.

Lonas, Edgar E. Long, Amos E. Lupaitis, Joseph Luts, James È. McCartney, Deward J. McCune, Harry R. McDonald, Charlie McNally, James J. Maher, Guy P. Malcolm, Charles W Malinowski, Alex Maley, Carl Mannarino, Francessco Mardl, Joseph Markey, Emmet Marks, Henry W Mairinch, Stanley Mayes, Roy W. Meek, Roy Menaer, Fayton A Menefee, Horace B. Middleton, George W Miller, Herbert G Miller, William N. Minck, Carl P. Mitchenson, John B. Mitter, Russell G. Mitzcawicz, Staney Molisee, George W Mulchay, Thomas H. Mulchay, Thomas H. Mumaw, Lester G. Metzel, Arvid C. Norris, Harvey North, James T. Novitskey, Joseph P. Olsen, Gustav . Otto, Leonard H. Owings, Frank D. Patrick, Pete Payne, Dennis J. Payne, Julien E. Payne, Raymond D. Pell, Van E. Phillips, Irvin C Potter, James R Powers, Edward S. Puffinburger, Tharman L Pullin, Joseph W. Racey, Madison M Ralston, Kline Raymond, William E. Reed, Archie D. Reed, Benjamin H. Riley, Walt W. Ringer, Joseph R. Rinker, Samuel D. Roadcap, Clyde W

Roth, Eric M. Ruebush, Edgar W Satterwhite, Oscar Scarborough, Robert S. Scharf, William A. Schellhouse, Elmer Schubert, Ernest Senger, Joseph II. Shaffer, Boyd G. Shealor, Jesse B. Sheets, Hugh L. Shrader, Walter Shreve, Anthony K. J. Sigler, Elmer K. Sigley, Candil Signorelli, Francis Signorino, Peter Signormo, Peter Simeral, Andrew F. Skews, Harry A. Smay, Wilber Smith, Harry J. Smith, Walter B. Sonner, Lewis Sours, Harold A. Stoner, John N. Strickler, Harry W. Tapscott, Thomas G. Thompson, Nicholas Thrift, James H.

Towsey, Thomas B. Turnberger, Mark Tusing, Jesse L. Vestal, Charles D Wade, Thad C. Wakefield, Benjamin Warner, John F. Washoloski, Ignatz Watson, Prentice R. Watson, Walter W. Weir, George E. Whetzel, Hallie B White, Arthur J. White, Irvin D Wiley, Leon E. Williams, Frank B. Williams, Raymond Williams, Henry R. Wood, James E. Woods, Grover Worms, Joseph A. Worth, Walter A. Wynkoop, Cornelius Wyszynski, Benifaci Youolto, Andrio Zmyewski, Dominiek Zoleski, Mex Zurawski, Frank

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Sergeant (First Class) -- Dickens, Harry II.

Stroff and Strong Stron

Surgical Assistants Privates (First Class) Geiger, Sylvester E. Gross, Narcissus D. Moore, George F.

Cooks Girard, William N.

PRIVATUS (FIRST CLASS)—Barger, James J.
Black, Charles
Clibourne, Norman S.
Davis, Morton T.
Gary, Arther B.

Jones, William C. Keys, James M Leigh, Peyton C. Merrill, Earl D. Moyer, Cccll E. Stahl, Howard A. Stanfield, Albert Tucker, James C Whisenant, Robert A.

Privatis—
Chamberlaine, John M. Charles, Jackson A. Chatham, Walter D. Cooper, Milton H. Davis, David C. DeJoseph, Ernest Doughtery, James S. Doyle, John J. Else, Frank Evans, Herbert W. Fallon, Thomas J. Gaskins, Joseph L. Haines, John T. Hyde, Alfred D.

Jones, George L. Kennedy, Arthur R. Levine, Victor G. McGowan, Walter F. McKenna, Frank J. Monahan, Charles F. Neylon, James L. O'Neill, Daniel O'Rouke, John E. Owen, Thomas H. Pierce, Chambliss F. Redford, Phillip C. Rose, John R. Sutterlin, Oscar R.

ENLISTED DETACHMENT, ORDNANCE CORPS

ORDNANCE SERGEANT— Taylor, Hunter I.

Privates (First Class)— Grant, Loren O. Matthews, William H. Privates—
Dixon, Ernest McD.
Godfrey, Isaac N.
Hatcher, Riley F.
Sonner, Howard S.

APPEXDIX III

Casualties Occurring Between July 25th and August 18th, 1918

WHILE IN TRAINING ON THE BRITISH FRONT, ALBERT SECTOR

KILLED IN ACTION, OR DIED OF WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION

KILGED IX ACTION, OR DIED OF	WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION	
2nd Lieut, Clemmer, Jay F., Jr I 1st Lieut, Hubbard, Samuel H C Pyt, Lang, George M G Pyt, McQuiston, John H F	Pvt. Penn, John E	H
WOUNDED II	X ACTION	
Ist Lieut Merrell, Clarence W. G. Corpl. Allen, Perry S. E. Pyt. Armstrong, Henry W. E. Pyt. (1st CD. Brooks, Floyd G. F. Pyt. Caldarelli, Guilio. E. Pyt. Carnso, Vincenzo. I. Pyt. Ciliberto, Frank G. Corpl. Clark, Owen E. Corpl. Cornwell, Owen L. E. Pyt. Craft, Herman D. E. Pyt. (1st CD. Curtis, Robert Hg. Pyt. (1st CD. Finch, Elwood E. Pyt. (1st CD. Finch, Elwood E. Pyt. (1st CD. Finch, Elwood E. Pyt. (1st CD. Funkhouser, Oliver E. E. Corpl. Grubbs, John A. G. Corpl. Hartman, Harry C. G. Pyt. Haskins, Carter G.	Pyt. (1st Cl) Hill, Benjamin Pyt. (1st Cl) Hill, Benjamin Pyt. (1st Cl) Johnson, Otto B, Pyt. Langan, William J Pyt. Massalsky, Lonnie E, Corpl. Mayes, James L. Pyt. (1st Cl) Moffett, Earl S Pyt. Owens, Andrew F, Pyt. Palazzo, Pietro Corpl. Parlam, William S. Corpl. Richards, William B. Corpl. Stiefbold, John F.	E E Hq. L

APPENDIX IV

Casualties Occurring Between September 26th and October 11th, 1918

DURING THE FIRST PHASE OF THE MEUSE-ARGONNE OFFENSIVE

KILLED IN ACTION, OR DIED OF WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION

tst Lieut, Culbertson, Tingle W. H. Pyt. Heffin, Kennie E. E. 2nd Lieut, Croker, Byron P. F. Sergt, Heishman, Charles E. 11q. Capt, Crum, John F. F. Sergt, Heishman, Charles E. 11q. Stat Lieut, Moomaw, Clovis D. Pyt. Hughes, William K. F. F. Stst Lieut, Neubauer, William O. E. Pyt. Jenkins, Edward T. Hq. Pyt. Angelo, Joseph I. Pyt. Jividen, Evert E. C. Pyt. Ashbrook, William S. K. Pyt. Johnson, Loyal G. I. Pyt. Barger, Lawrence G. F. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Joy, George M. A. Bugler Barrett, Willie R. K. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Kersey, Charles O. F. Pyt. Bartleson, Clayton W. A. Pyt. Knight, Andrew H. L. L. Pyt. Bartleson, Clayton W. A. Pyt. Knight, Alexander A. Pyt. Bruno, Togneti D. E. Pyt. Koehler, Charles E. L. Pyt. Bruno, Togneti D. E. Pyt. Korch, Mike G. Pyt. Bruno, Togneti D. Sergt, Lewis, Charles W. G. Corpl. Buyalos, John J. G. Corpl. Mardl, Joseph M. Corpl. Carter, Jacob S. F. Pyt. Martlello, Samuel G. Pyt. Cassell, Frank B. G. Pyt. Martlello, Samuel G. Pyt. Collips, Frank B. G. Pyt. Martlello, Samuel G. Pyt. Colley, Fred II. Hq. Sergt, Melton, Clifton L. F. Pyt. Cummings, Archie D. Pyt. Misski, Frank F. Pyt. Collips, Raymond R. A. Sergt, Melton, Clifton L. F. Pyt. Cist Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pyt. Misski, Frank F. Pyt. Cist Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pyt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pyt. Binnario, Ralph H. Pyt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pyt. Binnario, Ralph H. Pyt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pyt. Binnario, Ralph H. Pyt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pyt. Binnario, Ralph H. Pyt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pyt. Egh, Lawrence P. E. Pyt. Noreutt, Roy F. Pyt. Noreutt, Roy F. Pyt. Pyt. Glington, Albert C. Pyt. Porter, James F. C. Pyt. Frada, James V. K. Pyt. Pyt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pyt. Sergt, Reeter, Raymond W. E. Pyt. Frada, James V. K. Pyt. Quinn, Edgar J. Sergt, Reeter, Raymond W. E. Pyt. Pyt. Quinn, Edgar J. Sergt, Reeter, Raymond W. E. Sergt, Reeter, Raymond W. E. Sergt, Reeter, Raymond W. E. Pyt. Pyt. Quinn, Edgar J. Sergt, Reeter, Raymond W. E. Sergt, Reeter,	Co.	Со
rst Lieut, Culbertson, Tingle W. H. Pyt. Heffin, Kennie E. Send Lieut, Croker, Byron P. F. Sergt, Heishman, Charles E. Hq. Capt, Crum, John F. Pyt. Higginbotham, Allen F. Ist Lieut, Moomaw, Clovis D. Pyt. Hughes, William K. F. Ist Lieut, Neubauer, William O. E. Pyt. Jenkins, Edward T. Hq. Pyt. Angelo, Joseph I. Pyt. Jividen, Evert E. C. Pyt. Ashbrook, William S. K. Pyt. Johnson, Loyal G. J. Bugler Barger, Lawrence G. F. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Joy, George M. A. Pyt. Bartleson, Clayton W. A. Pyt. Klein, Andrew H. L. L. Pyt. Bartleson, Clayton W. A. Pyt. Knight, Alexander A. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Bloxom, Estel G. H. Pyt. Koehler, Charles E. L. Pyt. Bruno, Tognetti J. Pyt. Bruno, Tognetti J. Pyt. Bruno, Tognetti J. Sergt, Lewis, Charles W. G. Corpl. Buyalos, John J. G. Corpl. Mardl, Joseph M. Corpl. Carter, Jacob S. F. Pyt. Martlello, Samuel G. Pyt. Cassell, Frank B. G. Pyt. Martlello, Samuel G. Pyt. Colley, Fred H. Hq. Pyt. Colley, Fred H. Hq. Pyt. Colley, Fred H. Hq. Pyt. Colley, Frank S. M. G. Pyt. Milesh, Frank S. Pyt. Cummings, Archie H. Pyt. Morean, Clifton L. F. Pyt. Cist Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pyt. Milesh, Frank S. M. G. Pyt. Milesh, Frank S. M. G. Pyt. Milesh, Frank S. M. G. Pyt. Milesh, Frank S. Pyt. Cist Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pyt. Milesh, Frank S. Pyt. Cist Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pyt. Milesh, Harry B. B. Pyt. Cist Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pyt. Milesh, Harry B. B. Pyt. Morean, John H. J. Pyt. Morgan, John H. J. Pyt. Morgan, John H. J. Pyt. Morgan, John H. J. Pyt. Pyt. Morgan, John H. J. Pyt. Pyt. Pyt. Pyt. Pyt. Pyt. Pyt. Pyt	1st Lieut. Bebout, James DD	Pvt. Hofler, Emmet V
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Pvt. (1st Cl) Bloxom, Estel G. H Pvt. Boyd, William H. E Pvt. Bradshaw, Van E Pvt. Bruno, Tognetti I Sergt. Lewis, Charles W. G Pvt. Bruno, Tognetti I Sergt. Lewis, Charles W. G Pvt. Buttler, William H. A. M Pvt. Lucia, Tomasco G Corpl. Buyalos, John J. G Corpl. Mardl, Joseph M Corpl. Carter, Jacob S. F Pvt. Martello, Samuel G Pvt. Cassell, Frank B. G Pvt. Martello, Samuel G Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B Pvt. (1st Cl.) Massie, John F. A Pvt. Colley, Fred H. Hq. Sergt. Matthews, Everett T Pvt. Collins, Raymond R. A Corpl. Crosby, Frank S. M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G Pvt. Miles, Harry B. B Pvt. Cummings, Archie H Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L Corpl. Dyer, George B. F Pvt. Moore, Charles W. C Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H Pvt. Worgan, John H Pvt. Morgan, John H Pvt. Morgan, John H Pvt. Pryt. Thomas J. B Pvt. Faggiana, Guido H Pvt. Prerry, Thomas J. B Pvt. Frada, James V Pvt. Fullington, Albert C Pvt. Fullington		Pyt Knight Meyander
Pvt. Boyd, William H. E. Pvt. Korch, Mike G. G. Pvt. Bradshaw, Van E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Lambert, Harvey G. Pvt. Bruno, Tognetti I. Sergt. Lewis, Charles W. G. G. Gorpl. Buyalos, John J. G. Corpl. Mardl, Joseph M. G. G. Gorpl. Carter, Jacob S. F. Pvt. Martello, Samuel G. Pvt. Cassell, Frank B. G. Pvt. Martello, Samuel G. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Massie, John F. A. Pvt. Collins, Raymond R. A. Sergt. Melton, Clifton L. F. Corpl. Crosby, Frank S. M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pvt. Miles, Harry B. B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pvt. Morgan, John H. G. Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H. Pvt. Morgan, John H. G. Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E. Pvt. Norcutt, Roy D. Pvt. Faggiana, Guido I. Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt. Rector, Raymond W. E.		Put Kuphler Charles E
Pvt. Bradshaw, Van E Pvt. Bruno, Tognetti I Sergt. Lewis, Charles W. G Pvt. Bruno, Tognetti I Sergt. Lewis, Charles W. G Corpl. Buyalos, John J. G Corpl. Carter, Jacob S. F Pvt. Cassell, Frank B. G Pvt. Cassell, Frank B. G Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B Pvt. Collins, Raymond R. A Pvt. Collins, Raymond R. A Sergt. Melton, Clifton L Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E Pvt. Mileski, Frank F Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E Pvt. Miles, Harry B Pvt. (1st Cl) Dawson, Franklin L Pvt. (1st Cl) Dawson, Franklin L Pvt. Dismario, Ralph Pvt. Dismario, Ralph Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P Pvt. Faggiana, Guido Pvt. Pvt. Prerry, Thomas J Pvt. Frada, James V Pvt. Frada, James V Pvt. Fullington, Albert C Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J Pvt. Pullington, Albert C Pvt. George Raymond W Pvt. Fullington, Albert C Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J		Dut Forel Mike
Pyt. Bruno, Tognetti		Dut that Cl. Lamburt Harvey (
Pyt. Butler, William H. A. M. Pyt. Lucia, Tomasco G. Corpl. Buyalos, John J. G. Corpl. Mardl, Joseph M. Corpl. Carter, Jacob S. F. Pyt. Martello, Samuel G. Pyt. Cassell, Frank B. G. Pyt. Martlin, Thomas J. B. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Massie, John F. A. Pyt. Collins, Raymond R. A. Sergt. Matthews, Everett T. H. Pyt. Collins, Raymond R. A. Sergt. Melton, Clifton L. F. Corpl. Crosby, Frank S. M. G. Pyt. Mieski, Frank F. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pyt. Mieski, Frank F. Pyt. Cummings, Archie B. Pyt. Mitchell, Willis P. B. Pyt. Usimario, Ralph H. Corpl. Dyer, George B. F. Pyt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pyt. Dismario, Ralph H. Pyt. Morgan, John H. J. Corpl. Dyer, George B. F. Pyt. Noble, Bruce M. F. Pyt. Faggiana, Guido B. Pyt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pyt. Porter, James F. G. Pyt. Frada, James V. K. Pyt. Pullington, Albert C. Sergt. Rector, Raymond W. F.		Canal Lamb Classics W (
Corpl. Buyalos, John J	D. b. Dawler William H. A. M.	Dut Luciu Tomusau (
Corpl. Carter, Jacob S. F. Pvt. Martello, Samuel G. Pvt. Cassell, Frank B. G. Pvt. Martin, Thomas J. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Massie, John F. A. Pvt. Collins. Raymond R. A. Sergt. Matthews, Everett T. H. Pvt. Collins. Raymond R. A. Sergt. Melton, Clifton L. F. Corpl. Crosby, Frank S. M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pvt. Miles, Harry B. B. Pvt. Cummings, Archie B. Pvt. Miles, Harry B. B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pvt. Moore, Charles W. C. Pvt. Dismario, Ralph B. H. Pvt. Moore, Charles W. C. Pvt. Dismario, Ralph B. F. Pvt. Noble, Bruce M. F. Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E. Pvt. Norcutt, Roy D. Pvt. Faggiana, Guido B. Pvt. Pvt. Prry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pvt. Porter, James F. C. Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. E.		Card Morall Joseph
Pvt. Cassell, Frank B. G Pvt Martin, Thomas J. B Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B Pvt. (1st Cl.) Massie, John F. A Pvt. Collins, Raymond R. A Sergt. Matthews, Everett T. H Pvt. Collins, Raymond R. A Sergt. Melton, Clifton L. F Corpl. Crosby, Frank S M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E G Pvt. Mieski, Frank F Pvt. Cummings, Archie B Pvt. Miles, Harry B B F Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L C Pvt. Mitchell, Willis P. B Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L C Pvt. Moore, Charles W C Pvt. Dismario, Ralph B Pvt. Morgan, John H B Pvt. Morgan, John H B Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P E Pvt. Norcutt, Roy B Pvt. Faggiana, Guido B Pvt. Prry, Thomas J E Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W C Pvt. Perry, Thomas J E Pvt. Frada, James V Sergt. Rector, Raymond W E		Corpi. Martin, Joseph
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Emmett B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Massie, John F. A. Pvt. Colley, Fred H. Hq. Sergt. Matthews, Everett T. H. Pvt. Collins. Raymond R. A. Sergt. Melton, Clifton L. F. Corpl. Crosby, Frank S. M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pvt. Miles. Harry B. B. Pvt. Cummings, Archie H. Pvt. Miles. Harry B. B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pvt. Mitchell, Willis P. B. Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H. Pvt. Morgan, John H. J. Corpl. Pver, George B. F. Pvt. Norcutt, Roy B. Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E. Pvt. Norcutt, Roy D. Pvt. Faggiana, Guido H. Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. E.		Pyl. Martello, Samuel
Pvt. Colley. Fred 11. Hq. Sergt. Matthews. Everett T. H Pvt. Collins. Raymond R. A Sergt. Melton, Clifton L. F Corpl. Crosby. Frank S M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E G Pvt. Miles. Harry B. B Pvt. Cummings. Archie 11 Pvt. Mitchell, Willis P. B Pvt. (1st Cl) Dawson, Franklin L C Pvt. Moore, Charles W G Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H Pvt. Morgan, John H I Corpl. Dyer, George B F Pvt. Noble, Bruce M F Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P E Pvt. Norcutt, Roy D Pvt. Faggiana, Guido I Pvt. Perry, Thomas J E Pvt. (1st Cl) Fisher, Theodore W G Pvt. Porter, James F G Pvt. Frada, James V K Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J A Pvt. Fullington, Albert G Sergt. Rector, Raymond W E		TVI Martin, Thomas J
Pvt. Collins. Raymond R. A Sergt. Melton, Clifton L. F. Corpl. Crosby, Frank S M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pvt. Miles. Harry B. B. Pvt. Cummings, Archie 11 Pvt. Mitchell, Willis P. B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pvt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H. Pvt. Morgan, John H. J. Corpl. Pyer, George B. F. Pvt. Noble, Bruce M. F. Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E. Pvt. Norcutt, Roy D. Pvt. Faggiana, Guido I. Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pvt. Porter, James F. G. Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt. Rector, Raymond W. E.		Pvt. (1st Cl.) Massie, John C
Corpl. Crosby, Frank S. M. G. Pvt. Mieski, Frank F. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pvt. Miles, Harry B. B. Pvt. Cummings, Archie 11 Pvt. Mitchell, Willis P. B. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pvt. Moore, Charles W. G. Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H. H. Pvt. Morgan, John H. J. Corpl. Dyer, George B. F. Pvt. Noble, Bruce M. F. Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E. Pvt. Norcutt, Roy B. Pvt. Faggiana, Guido 1 Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. G. Pvt. Porter, James F. G. Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert G. Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. E.		Sergt. Matthews, Everett 1
Pyt. (1st CL) Crowder, Ronald E. G. Pyt. Miles, Harry B. B. Pyt. Cummings, Archie 11 Pyt. Mitchell, Willis P. B. Pyt. (1st Cl) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pyt. Moore, Charles W. C. Pyt. Dismario, Ralph H. H. Pyt. Morgan, John H. J. Corpl. Dyer, George B. F. Pyt. Noble, Bruce M. B. Pyt. Egli, Lawrence P. E. Pyt. Norcutt, Roy Dyt. Faggiana, Guido 1 Pyt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pyt. Porter, James F. C. Pyt. Frada, James V. K. Pyt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pyt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. E.		Sergt. Melton, Clifton L
Pvt. Cummings, Archie 11 Pvt. Mitchell, Willis P. B Pvt. (1st Cl) Dawson, Franklin L. C Pvt. Moore, Charles W. C Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H Pvt. Morgan, John H. J Corpl. Dyer, George B. F Pvt. Noble, Bruce M. F Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E Pvt. Norcutt, Roy D Pvt. Faggiana, Guido 1 Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C Pvt. Porter, James F. C Pvt. Frada, James V. K Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A Pvt. Fullington, Albert C Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. B		Pyt. Mieski, Frank
Pvt. (1st Cl) Dawson, Franklin L. C. Pvt. Moore, Charles W. C. Pvt. Dismario, Ralph H. Pvt. Morgan, John H. J. Corpl. Pyer, George B. F. Pvt. Noble, Bruce M. F. Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E. Pvt. Norcutt, Roy E. Pvt. Faggiana, Guido I. Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pvt. Porter, James F. C. Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Pvt. Guinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. E.		Pvt. Miles, Harry B.
Pyt. Dismario, Ralph H Pyt. Morgan, John H. L. Corpl. Dyer, George B. F Pyt. Noble, Bruce M. F Pyt. Egli, Lawrence P. E Pyt. Norcutt, Roy D. Pyt. Faggiana, Guido I Pyt. Perry, Thomas J. E Pyt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C Pyt. Porter, James F. C Pyt. Frada, James V. K Pyt. Guinn, Edgar J. A Pyt. Fullington, Albert C Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. F		Pyt. Mitchell, Willis P
Corpl. Dyer, George B. F Pyt. Noble, Bruce M. F Pyt. Egli, Lawrence P. E Pyt. Norcutt, Roy D Pyt. Faggiana, Guido I Pyt. Perry, Thomas J. E Pyt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C Pyt. Potter, James F. C Pyt. Frada, James V. K Pyt. Quinn, Edgar J. A Pyt. Fullington, Albert C Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. F		Pvt. Moore, Charles W
Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P. E Pvt. Norcutt, Roy II Pvt. Faggiana, Guido I Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C Pvt. Porter, James F. C Pvt. Frada, James V. K Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A Pvt. Fullington, Albert C Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. E		Pvt. Morgan, John H
Pvt. Faggiana, Guido I Pvt. Perry, Thomas J. E. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W. C. Pvt. Porter, James F. C. Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt, Rector, Raymond W. E.	Corpl. Dyer, George B	Pvt. Noble, Bruce M
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Fisher, Theodore W	Pvt. Egli, Lawrence P	Pvt. Norcutt, Roy
Pvt. Frada, James V. K. Ryt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Pvt. Fullington, Albert C. Sergt. Rector, Raymond W. P. Pvt. Pullington, Albert C. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Sergt. Rector, Raymond W. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Sergt. Rector, Raymond W. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J. A. Sergt. Rector, Raymond W. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt. Pvt		Pvt. Perry, Thomas J
Pvt. Fullington, Albert		Pvt. Porter, James F
Pvt. Fullington, Albert	Pvt. Frada, James VK	Pvt. Quinn, Edgar J.
	Pvt. Fullington, Albert	Sergt. Rector. Raymond W
Sergt. Garland, William D E Pyt. Roberts, William K	Sergt. Garland, William DE	Pvt. Roberts, William R M. G
Pvt. Gaskins, Joseph L Med. Det. Sergt. Sale, Thomas B	Pvt. Gaskins, Joseph L Med. Det.	Sergt. Sale, Thomas B
Pyt. Gibson, William A. F. Pyt. Salver, Pierce S	Pvt. Gibson, William AE	Pvt Salver, Pierce S
Corpl. Grimsley. Charles	Corpl. Grimsley, Charles	Corpl. Selden, Kirby S
Sergt, Havnes, Samuel I	Sergt. Haynes, Samuel J	Pvt. Sheets, Charles T
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Haynes, William Corpl. Shield, Jesse T	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Haynes, WilliamC	Corpl. Shield, Jesse T

KILLED IN ACTION, OR DIED OF WO	UNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION Continued
Corpl. Sims, William M	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Tanner, Jesse M. Pyt. Thompson, Lemme II. I. Pyt. Turbis, Walter
MISSING IN ACTION, NO	OT YET ACCOUNTED FOR
Pyt Bazelock, Barney B	Co. Pvt. (1st Cl.) Bohannon, Eddic R A
Wotzbeb	IN ACTION
2nd Lieut, Bagwell, Carl D	Pyt Amburn, Eldridge W. A. A. Pyt. Amperia, Loui M. G. Pyt. Anderson, Erik H. H. Pyt. Anderson, Horace B. H. Pyt. Anderson, Horace B. H. Pyt. Angello, Guiseppe F. F. Pyt. Angello, Guiseppe F. F. Pyt. Amison, John J. Pyt. Appleby, Isaac R. E. Pyt. Archibold, John Pyt. (1st Cl.) Armstrong, Barnard Corpl. Arnold, Andrew W. F. Pyt. Arrowsmith, William A. M. Mechanic Ashby, Clarence I. A. Bugler Atchison, Lyndon G. L. Bugler Atchison, Benjamin J. G. Mechanic Atkinson, Benjamin J. G. Mechanic Atkinson, Benjamin J. G. Mechanic Atkinson, Ira R. M. M. Wagoner Austin, Herman Sup. Pyt. Aylor, Benjamin W. M. Fyt. Backus, Robert C. Corpl. Bailey, Grover C. H. M. G. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Bailey, John H. C. Pyt. Bailey, James A. M. G. Pyt. Bailey, James A. M. G. Pyt. Baker, Herbert N. B. Fyt. Baker, Lewis M. F. Pyt. Baker, Lewis M. F. Pyt. Barnard, James C. H. M. Pyt. Barnard, James C. H. Pyt. Corpl. Batts. David Batts. Batts. Batts. Batts. David Batts.

Co.	Co.
Pvt. Beavers, Bentlay	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Campbell, Forest JA
Pyt. Beavers, John P B	Sergt. Campbell, Joseph C
Pyt. Beck, George	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Campbell, Robert TA
	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Cameron, Mannie OB
Pyt. Beckner, EdwardE	Sergt. Candill, Corbet
Pvt. Beeghley, Arthur D D	
Pyt. Bell, FrankM	Pvt. Caporelli, Gaetano
Pvt. Bell, ThomasE	Pvt. Cardona. Albert M
Pvt. Bell, Walter W E	Corpl. Carstens, Henry K M. G.
Pvt. Bellamy, JohnH	Pvt. Carnahan, James AF
Pvt. Beresik, John J E Pvt. Berkey, Denny C E	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Carter, Edgar P., JrE
Pvt. Berkey, Denny CE	Pvt. Carter, Thomas B
Corpl. Berry, James A	Pvt. Casey, Clyde H
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Bishop, William EG	Pvt. Cassel, Charles C
Corpl. Bittner, George	Pyt. (1st CL) Cave, Albert RM
Corpl. Blackman, Bennett E	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cenna, George AF
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Bland, Virginius LHq.	Pvt. Ceyrolles, William
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Blankenship, Carl BC	Corpl. Chapman, Junius B
Pvt. Blankenship, SidneyI	Pvt. Chappell, Josiah C K
Pyt (1st Cl.) Blanton, EmmettE	Corpl. Chenault, Charles P F
Pyt. Blevins, William CB	Pvt. Chirdon, Clarence J
Sergt. Booker, Garnett Y M. G.	Pvt. Chitty, Robin B
Sergi. Booker, Garnett 1	Pvt. Church, Joseph A
Corpl. Booker, Thomas J	Corpl. Clanton, Samuel N
Pvt. Boyd, William HE	Corpl. Clarke, Claude R
Sergt. Bradley, Guy S	
Corpl. Bradshaw, Willie J	Pvt. Clarke, Travis T
Pvt. Bralley. Joseph S	Det (1st Cl.) Change 1 Deleb Ho
Pvt. Brandon, John L	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Claypool, Ralph Hq.
Sergt. Branch, Talmage G M. G.	Pvt. Cline, Joseph E. M.
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Breedlove, Samuel1	Pvt. Cloney, Lawrence P
Pvt. Brilhart, Harry B	Corpl. Coates, Thomas M
Pyt. Brim. Louis JE	Pvt. Coats, Wallace E M
Pvt. Brizzi, Primo	Pvt. Cockerille, Herbert LB
Pvt. Brockwell, William E	Corpl. Cockran, Neil M E
Pvt. Bronson, Robert	Pvt. Cofield, Leonidas P
Pvt. Brown, Basil A	Pvt. Cogle, Timothy E
Corpl. Brown, Elmer N	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cohen, Aaron
Pet. (1st Cl.) Brown, lames F	Corpl. Coiner, Whitney I
Pvt. Brown, John LE	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cole, Willard E
Pvt. Browning, Howard A	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Collins, CharlieE
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Bruce, William B	Pvt. Collins, Roy C
Corpl. Buck, William MG	Pvt. Colmanet, AngeloF
Pyt. Bucking, William A	Pvt. Colquitt, John C
Pvt. Bucy, Clarence R	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Combs, Walter HF
Corpl. Buettner, William J	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Combs, William JD
Pyt (1st CL) Bullion, Charles F F	Wagoner Compton, James R Sup.
Pvt Buracker, Ira J	Pvt. Conway, Henry A
Pvt. Burks, William SF	Sergt. Cooksey, John RE
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Busking, Emil	Pvt. Cooper, Charlie R
Sergt. Butler, George E G	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cooper, Joseph LH
Pvt. Butts, CharlesD	Pvt. Cooper, Milton H Med. Det.
Pyt (1st CI) Byers, Joseph AK	Corpl. Coppage, Robert E
Corpl. Byrd, Charles DE	Pvt. Corbin, Russell J
Corpl. Byrd, Joseph M	Corpl. Corleto, Felix L
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Byrum, Algie E G	Pvt. Cornelius, Albert J
Pvt. Cain. Frank M	Pvt. Cornell, John E
Corpl. Callio, John G	Corpl. Costley, Bernard T
corpu camor join si mannini	

Pvt (1st CI) Consins, Azor R	Interpreter Ducuine, Leopold Att. Reg
Pyt Cowan, William L	Pyt. Dudek, Joe
Pvt. Craig. Adra T	Pyt Dugar, Benjamin F
- Pyt. Creed, Walter W	Pvt Duncan, William V
Pyt. Craft, Robert R	Pyt. Dungee, Silas W M.
Pyt Cross, Walter J. E. Pyt. (1st CL.) Crouch, Sidney L. F.	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Dunlop, William W. R.
Number of Charles States L F	Pvt. Dunn, Perry I. M. G.
Mechanic Crowe, Stuart C	Pyt. Dunn, William J
Pyt. Crump. Russell B A	Pyt. (1st CL) Fanes, Harry W. G.
Pyt. Crux, Raymond G	Pyt. Early, Wiley V H
Pyt. Curry, James M H	Pyt Easterline, Nelson B
Pvt. Cunningham, Jacob B D	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Edwards, Leland S. D. Pyt. Edwards, Newton H
Pvt. Cupec, Kristo	
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Cupido Toseph C	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Ellis, William I
Pvt. Cyrus, James G	Pyt. Elliott. Ashby T
Pvt. Cyrus, James G E Sergt. Dale, Judson C M. G. Pvt. Daniel, Claude C M. G.	Corpl. Elliott, Grover (M. G. Pyt (1st Cl.) Emory, John H A
Pvt. Daniel, Claude C M. G.	Pvt (1st Cl.) Emory, John H V
Pvt. Parne, Jack RB	Pvt. 1st Cl.) Epperson, Jesse L. D.
Pvt. Davidson, Jett H	Pvt. Etheridge, Herbert C
Pvt. Davis, Cecil R	I'VI. (1st Cl.) Eure, Paul I M. G.
Pvt. Davis, Joseph H	Mechanic Everhart, William E H
Mechanic Dawson, Henry C L	Pyt. Faber. Gabriel II
Pyt (1st CL) Day, Arlie L	Det Robon William W
Pyt. DeAngelis, Mariano	Pyt Eurlas Confron
Pvt. DeToseph, Ernest Med. Der	Pyt (1st Cl.) Earley Herbort (
Mechanic Dereng, Adolph E	Pyt. Faber. Gabriel II Pyt. Fabiano, Frank K. III Pyt. Fabiano, Frank K. III Pyt. Fahey, William W. E Pyt. Farley, Cyphers IIq. Pyt. (1st Cl.) Farley, Herbert G. A Corpl. Farthing, Henry G. A
Corpl. DeVol. John A	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Feaself, George G. M. G.
Pvt. Devito, Joseph	Pvt. Fee, lames Ha
Pvt. Dezern, Roy	Corpl. Fefel, Edward S
Pyt. Dickerson, Will	Pyt Fentress Wilbur B F
Pyt. (1st CL) Dickerson, Jonah. D. Pyt. Dichiera, Frank H.	Bugler Ferrari, James
Corpl. Dietrich, Dressler B	Pvt. Ferrell, Conn W II Pvt. (1st Cl.) Ferrice, Bernardo D
Pvt. Dimanno, CuratoK	
Pvt. Dimitt, Lawrence	
Pvt. Dinkler, August 11a	Cornl Eletcher Charles II N. C.
Pvt. Dishong, Herbert E. K. K. Pvt. Diveley, John W. H.	FVI. Plynn. Michael I. M.
Pvt. Diveley, John W	Corpl Foltz, Josie F
Corpl. Dix. Russell B	Corpl. Foltz, Josie F. G. G. Pyt. Fones, Melvin N. B.
Pyt. Dixon. Walter S	Pyt. Forrest, Winnie C
Pvt. Dobzinski, Joseph H Pvt. Dobyns, Travers N. A	Pyt. Forte, Enrico
Pvt. Dodson, Charles L E	Corpl. Foster, William S. Jr E
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Donohue, Cornelius G., M. G.	LYL POY, JOHN M
Pvt. Donahue, Leo E	Pyt. Frank, Jeremiah A V Pyt. Franklin, Charles C C
Pvt. Donaldson Howard R 44	Pyt. Franklin, Charles C
Sergt, Donaldson, George W. C.	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Fry. Russell . E
t'vt. (1st (1.) Donnini Adelmo - F	Pyt (1st Cl.) Fuller, Surface (
Pvt. Doran, Robert L	Pyt. Funari, Agostino
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Dorsey, Floyd I F	Pyt. Funkhouser, Rolla E
Corpl. Dotson, Kinney 1	Pyt. Gallagher, William 11
Pvt. Dougherty, Thomas P F	Pyt. Gallilee, James F
TYG USECET DOWEIL DRIVING C D	Sergt Galloway, Ralph E F
Corpl. Drummond, Alfred H Hq.	Pvt. Gantt, William B

Co.	Co.
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Gardner, John TD	Pvt. Hatcher. Elbert M 11
Sergt, Gardner, Raleigh W	Pyt. Hatfield, Anse
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Garrett, Fred	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Hatton, Allen
Pyt. Garrison, Benjamin M	Corpl. Hawkins, Ernest Y
Sergt. Gay, Richard B E	Pyt. Hawks, William C
Pyt. George, Sherman G	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Hayden. Homer CA
Pyt. Getz. Earl T	Pvt. Haynes, Schuyler T
Pvt. Gilliard, James J	Pvt. Haywood, Charles H., Jr
Corpl. Gilman, John G D	Corpl. Heiskell, Frank P H
Pvt. Giometti, August E	Mechanic Henderson, John L H
Sergt, Glascock, Aubrey G K	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Henderson, Ronald AH
Pvt. Golden, Francis D F	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Hensley, James C
Pvt. Goldstein, Abe H	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Hensley, StonewallC
Sergt, Goodson, Edwin S E	Pvt. Herensky, John H
Pyt. Goray, George P	Pyt. Herman, Joe
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Gordon, Fred T H	Pvt. Hicks, Gilbert EF
Sergt Gordon, John N E	Pvr (1st CL) Highton, Robert EC
Pvt. Gormley, James	Pvt. Hilderhoff, Henry W H
Pet Gover Elmer	Pyt. Hilinski, John S E
Pvt. Grago, Frank	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Hill, BenjaminF
Pyt. Greco, Andru	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Hilliards, Eddie WH
Pyt. Green, John 1	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Himelwright, Duncan S., L.
Corpl Green Laurie C	Corpl. Hinkle. Peter RK
Pet (1st (L) Green, Lyman H	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Hirsh, Ivan T M. G
Sergt, Gregory, John E	Corpl Hite, Oscar L
Pet (1st Cl.) Griggs, lames W	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Hockaday, George E Hq.
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Gress, Narcissus D. Med. Det.	Corpl. Hodges, Norman B
Pyt. Groves, Arvin M Hq.	Corpl. Hoffman, Harry W
Puoler Gunn William AF	Pyt Hogge, Marion F
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Hackney, William RG	Pyt, Hogston, Daniel C
Pyt Haden James H	Pyt. Holand, Oscar C
Pyt. Haines, John T Med. Det.	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Hole. Milton
Pvt Hall Charles	Corpl. Holland, Lawrence E K
Pyt. Hall, James A	Pyt. Holleran, John J
Pvt. Hall, LutherD	Corpl. Holloway, Albert C
Pvt. Hambleton, Perry PL	Pyt. Holt, Colie W
Pvt. Hammond, Joseph AA	Pvt. Holt, Wade J
Pyt. Hammond, Mansfield	Pvt. Horensky, John
Pyt. Hanlin, Francis J	Pyt. Horsley, Andrew J D
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Hannah, Clarence WF	Corpl. Hottel, John T
Bugler Hanson, William E	Pyt (1st Cl.) House, John L
Pyt. Harcum, William EM. G.	Corpl. Howard, John A E
Pvt. Hare, Clarence CA	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Howell, Johnnie W
Pvt. Harmon, Harry A	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Howell, Robert JA
Sergt, Harrell, Paul E E. Pyt. Harris, Charles II	Corpl. Hudson, FestusL
Pyt. Harris, Ernest T	Pvt. Hughes, John D
Corpl. Harris, Henry E.	Corpl. Hughes, William D K
Pyt. Harris, James H	Pyt. Isdell, George G. C H
Pyt. Harris, John O	Pvt. Isner, David W D
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Harris, Ray	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Isom, George LD
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Hartman, Charles BE	Pvt. Ivey, George T
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Harrington, Thomas J. M. G.	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Jackson, Clarence HA
Corpl. Harrison, Hallett W	Pvt. Jackson, Walter G
Corpl. Haskins, Carter	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Jacobson, Maurice DG
Pvt. Hastings, Oscar S H	Fyt. James, Howard V

(*(),		(1)
	Corol Lorden Horry W	1.15
Pyt James, Roger	Corpl Lardin, Harry W.	K
TVI Jarrett, Cary F X	Pyt. Lantzy, Ameetus	(1
Pvt Jarrett, Cary b Y. Pvt. Jarrell, Allen M	Pyt. (1st Ch.) Laughlin, Harry J.	
Pvt. Jarrell, Cobert H	Pyt. (18) CI) Lawler, Norman M.	\
Corpf Jasper, Ladd	Pyt Lawson, Frank B	\
Pvt. Jaynes, George C B	Pvt. Leake, Fllis W	11q.
Pyt Jenkins, Vorght A Sergt, Jennings, George R D Mechanic Jessee, Lames E	Pvt. Leathers, Englar K	1.7
Sergt, Jennings, George R	Corpl Leber, Ira D	. }-*
Mechanic Jessee, Lames E	Pyt. Lee, Richard D	(1
Pyt. Tett. Admol L. K.	Sergt, Lenz, Franklin C., Jr	\
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Jewell, Brooks A	Corpl Leonard, Elmer J	7.1
Pyt. Johnson, Arthur S 1	Pyt Lesnewski, Władisław	K
Pyt. Johnson, Frank P K	Pyt. Lester, James C	Hq
Pvt. Johnson, George A	Corpl Lewis, Howard T	1
Combatan Williams L	Pyt. Litz, Beverly D)
Corpl. Johnson, William L K		Ϊĺ
Pvt. Johnston, Harry	Pyt. Lloyd. Charles L	11
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Jones, James H., JrH	Corpl. Locke, Ernest F	M G
Bugler Jones, James L	Pyt (1st Cl.) Lombard, Frank	
Corpl. Jones, John P D	Corpl Lonergan, Harry C	. Е
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Jones, Lonnic	Pyt. Long. Benjamin E	M. G.
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Jones, Robert E	Pyt (1st Cl.) Long, lick	. (`
Pvt. Jones, Robert M	Mechanic Longest, Atlee G	. J·
Pvt. Jones, Theodore T B	Pyt. Loomis, Samuel L	[,
Pvt. Jones, William C Med. Det.	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Loving, William	1
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Jordan, Edward GI	Pvt Lowery, James	. 1-
1st Sergt. Joyner, Charles S	Pvt Luckwell, Arthur S	()
Pvt. Justice, Ireland C	Sergt Lynch, George O	K
Corpl. Justice, Lawson D	Pyt. Lytle, William D	Ī
Pyt. Kain, Arthur J	Pvt McChristian, Albert E	Ha
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Kanode, Graton PD	Corpl. McClean, Thomas, Jr.	, Ćr
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Kanode, Louis E D	Pyt. McCloskey, John J	K
Corpl. Keaton, Frank C	Pvt. (1st Cl.) McCloud, George	('
Corpl. Keel, Samuel D	Pyt. (1st Cl.) McClannan, Reas L.	M G.
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Keller, Oscar LE	Pyt McDonald, Francis L	K
Sergt Kelly, James J	Pvt McDonald, Thomas	
Pyt. Kendall, Stark K	Pvt McDonald, William	1
Pyt. Kessler, Sylvester C E	Pvt. McDonough, Martin J.	G E
Pvt. Kessler, Sylvester C E Pvt. Ketterer, Otto P	Corpl. McDonnell, Lee F	. Н
C		K
	Pyt. McGinnis, Merle	(,
Corpl. Kilby, Ellwood B	Pyt. McGough, Eugene B	M G
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Kilgore, Conley	Pyt. McGough, Lewis J	
EVERTISECT FRIBE, WHILE .	Pvt McGough, Thomas D	K
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Kingan, Neil M	Pyt. McKamey, James C	В
Pyt. Kinz, Charles	Pyt. (1st Cl.) McNew, Con D.	. (
Pyt. Kirk, Christian T D	Corpl. Mabes, Kyle II	H
Pvt. Knicely, Charles E B	Pvt. Marchitis, Peter	ŀ.
Pvt Knowles, Walter R B	Pyt. Marcum, William R	K
Pyt. Kohn, Henry II	Pvt Marelli, Vincenzo	. (7
Pyt. Kolin, Henry	Pvt. Margiatta. Felice	1
Sergt. Kraft, Frank M. G.	Pvt. Marion, James R	[)
Corpl. Krause, George M	Pvt. Marino, Loreto	H
Pyt Kuhl, George	Corpl. Marsh. Roland H	H
Pvt. Lacey, Oris H	Pvt. Marshall, Albert W	Ţ.
Pvt. Lambert, Henry B B	Pvt (1st Cl.) Marshall, Clarles C	11
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Lambert, Paris H D	Sergt, Marshall, Commodore P	[]
Pvt Lambert, James R	Bugler Marshall, Louis 1.	\

Co.	(°0,
Pyt. Martin, William L	Pyt. Owens, Otis C
Pyt. Masiello, Rocco	Corpl. Owen, Ward B G
Pvt. Mattiucio, Emidio K	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Palmer, Fred F
Pyt. Matto, Mike	Pyt. Paone. Michele
D. M. t. D. d.f. at	Pyt. Parker, John D
Pyt. Mayle, Rockford	Sergt. Parker, LawrenceE
Pyt. Meade, Charles E	Sergt. Parkes, Leslie G
Pyt. Meadows, Hamer	Pyt. Parks, JamesL
Corpl. Mears, Frederick FE	Pyt. Parks, Thomas
Private (1st CL) Mears, Percy T	Pyt. Parron, Henry L
Pvt Mears, Otho S	Pyt. Parron, Henry L.
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Melton, MansfieldD	Pvt. Parsons, Olen
Pyt. Michael, Samuel R B	Pvt. Parsons, Palmer L
Pvt. Middleton, George W	Pvt. Patrick, Pete
Corpl. Miffleton, James L	Sergt. Pattie, Nester C
Pvt. Miller, Charles GK	Pvt. Payne, Colonel
Pvt. Miller, Edward M M. G.	Corpl. Payne, William F
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Miller, Frank J., JrM. G.	Pvt. Pell, Van E M
Corpl. Miller, William H	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Penney, William LA
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Miller, William S	Pvt. Perrow, John A
Pvt. Milteer, Wallace	Pvt. Perry, Richard
Corpl. Minnick, Samuel K	Rugler Peters, Forrest E E
Pvt. Mitchem, John B	Corpl. Peyronnet, James AF
Mechanic Mitten, George S	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Phalen, Timothy B Hg.
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Mitter, Russell G M	Pvt. (Pickett, William J D
Pvt. Mizelle, Lillian S E	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Pilkenton, SamuelC
Pvt. Molisee, George W M	Pvt. Poe. Russell B
Pyt. Monahan, Charles F Med. Det.	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Polen, Harry WE
Pvt. Montgomery, HarryG	Wagoner Porter, Charles S Sup.
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Moody, John SG	Bugler Presto, Frank
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Morgan, Benjamin FI	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Price, Howard A
Pyt. Morgan, Carl	Sergt. Price, Louis G
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Morgan, Ernest HF	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Price, Samuel D
Corpl. Morgan, James E., Jr	Corpl. Proffitt, Chastain D., JrI
Pvt. Moriviana, CharlesK	Corpl Proffitt, Edgar A B
Corpl. Morris, Arch E	Pyt. Proflitt, FrankB
Pyt. Moulder, Lawrence O	Sergt. Proffitt, John C
Pvt. Moyer, Cecil E Med. Det.	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Puffinburger, Thurman L., M.
Pvt. Mulligan, Thomas F M. G.	Corpl. Pullen, Jesse P E
Sergt Murdock, Arthur C	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Purcell, Wilbur GD
Pyt. Murphy, Thomas A	Pvt. Pursley, JamesG
Sergt. Murray, Allan A	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Quesenberry, Wiley ED
Sergt. Murray, Robert EM. G.	Sergt. Quicks, Arthur L
Pyt. Musick, Roy S F	Pvt. Rager, Herbert VL
Sergt, Neal, Pleasant 1	Corpl. Ramsey, John H
Sergt. Neale, Judson B M	Pyt. Randall, Frank G
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Nespoli, PanteleoneA	Corpl. Randall, Wallace JK
Pvt. Newman, George A	Pyt. Rapp. LouisL
Pyt. Newman, Joseph A	Pvt. Raymond, William E M
Pvt. Norris, Harvey	Pvt. Reasor, Irvin HK
Pyt. Norris, Robert N	Pyt. Redford, James G
Pyt. Norsavacos, Vincent	Corpl. Redford, Osear C. M. Pvt. Redford, William C. B.
Pyt. O'Brien, Joseph J	Pyt. Redford, William C B
1st Sergt. O'Hara, George EM. G.	Pvt. Reed, David
Pvt. Olczak, Vincent FF	Pvt. Reese, Ennis S
Pvt. O'Rourke, John E Med. Det.	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Reginaldi, VincenzoC
Corpl. Orr. Oscar L K	Pyt. Reinhart, Schastian AC

	(0,
Pyt Rende, Joe X Pyt, Rhall, Theodore J L Pyt Ribblet, Leslie B L Pyt, Richardson, Morton H F	(),
I'M Felide, Joe	Pyt Sheppard, Walter J. H. J. L. Bugler Sherk, Grant R M. G. Sergt, Sherwood, Charles H
Tyt. Khall, Theodore J	Bugler Sherk, Grant R M. G
Pyt Ribblet, Leslie B	Sergt. Sherwood, Charles H1
Pyt. Richardson, Morton H P	Sergt, Shipman, George E E.
Pyt. (1st (1.) Rickmond, Samuel HH	Sergt, Sherwood, Charles H
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Ridge, Joseph C	Corpl Shomaker, Thomas b C Pvt Shrewsberry, Jack C
Pyt. Ridinger, Thornton G B	Pvt Shrewsberry, Jack C
Corpl Rieger, August C	Pvt. Shumate, Harper
Pvt. Ritter, Frank C	Pyt. Signorino, Peter
Pvt. Roark, Charlie D	Pyt. (1st CL) Simmons, Arthur D
Pyt. Robin, Samuel O K	Pyt. Shumate, Harper
Corpl. Robinson, Charles B	Pyt Skinkis, Elias
Corpl. Robinson, Oscar	Pvt (1st CL) Slemp, Charles T C
Pvt. Rodgers, Alexander	Pyt Smeck, Charles II
Pyt. Roeder, Louis	Corpl. Smith, Claude R
Pyt. Rogers, Raymond	Pyt Smith Claude W F
Corpl. Rogers, Sidney M D	Pyt. Smith, Claude W E. Pyt. Smith, Edgar L
Pvt. Ross, Charles G	Pyt. Smith, George W
Pvt. Roth, Albert L	Pvt Smith, Henry J
Coral Day Theory D	Caral Smith Harman C
Corpl. Row, Thomas D A. Pvt. Rowe, George M M. G.	Corpl. Smith, Herman C L
	D. 6 (1. 6 (7) Coulds See det a. D. D.
Corporal, Rudaeille, Luther E K	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Smith, Stockton B B
Corpl. Rudd, John W	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Smith, Sussex II
Bugler Rudy, Clarence C	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Smith, Walter L B
Corpl. Rush, James CE	Pyt. Snyder, John B E
Corpl. Russell, Conway	Pyt. Southworth, Lawrence E B
Pvt. Russell, Robert J	Pyt. Spaulding, Burbage H
Pyt. Russo, Guiseppe	Pvt. Spring, Charles BF
Pyt. Ryan, Daniel M. G	Corpl. Sprinkle, Otto A
Pvt Sackett, William E	Pyt (1st Cl.) Spencer, John W G
Pyt. Sadler, Fdgar H	Pyt Starti, Paolo
Corpl. Sammons, John	
Sergt, Sarver, Parris B	Pyt. Stephenson, Rufus B
Corp. Saunders, James 1, Jr	Pyt Stewart, James II F
Mechanic Saunders, Marvin A	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Stewart, Robert B E
Pyt. Schaffer, David C	Pyt. Stickley, Mervin J
D. C. Schaff, William A M	Pyr (1st Cl.) Stilson, Leon H B
Pyt Schultz, Adolph F I Pyt Schuyler, Benjamin R B	Pvt Stone, John B L. Sergt Stoneburner, Samuel
EVU SCHUYICT, Benjamin K	by State at the state of the st
Pyt. Scarpa, Aurigliei	Pyt. Strejeck, Joseph
Dec Seeds I at II I a	Corpl. Strickler, Harry W
Pyt. Scott, Joseph H., Jr., M. G.	Pvt Strole, Harry M A. Pvt Stromberg, Charles A I.
Pvt. Scroggins, Donald S K	TVI Stromberg, Charles A
Corpl. Scale, Albert T	Corpl. Strouth, William W.
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Senne, Harry L E	Tyt. Stump, Henry D
Sergt, Sensabaugh, William R	Tyt. Sullivan, Damel A G.
Pyt (1st Cl.) Shackelford, John M. G.	Tyt. Sullivan, Joseph M G
Corpl. Shaffer, Boyd C	Pyt Stromberg, Charles A I Corpl. Strouth, William W C Pyt. Stump, Henry D C Pyt. Sullivan, Daniel A G Pyt. Sullivan, Joseph M. G Pyt. Sutton, Charlie R Pyt. Sutton, Charlie R
Pvt. Shaffer, Bergie F	TAT Sutton, Kaymond A D
Pyt Shamblin, James	Corpt. Switzer, Hugh L
Pvt. Sharp, Fred K	Corpl. Lait, George S
Corpl. Snemeld, Ovie W	Pyt. Talarico, Dave
Pyt. Shelor, Jesse C	Pyt Sutton, Raymond V. D. Corpl. Switzer, Hugh I. H. Corpl. Tait, George S. K. Pyt. Talarico, Dave I. Pyt. Tallono, Rosario F. Corpl. Tapscott, Thomas G. M.
Pvt. Shelor, Jesse C A Corpl. Shelton, Burley C E Pvt. (1st Cl.) Shepherd, John A G	D. Corpl. Tapscott, Thomas G
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Shepherd, John A. G.	Pvt. Tarbell, James
Pvt. Shepos, Andrew H	Pvt. Tasso, Rocco K

	Co
Pyt. Taylor, Nelson B	Pyt. Ward, Marion J.
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Taylor, Walter A	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Washington, Gilbert A.M. G
Pyt. Taylor, William T E	Pyt. (1st Cl.) Washington, Henry B1
Pvt. Taylor, William 1	Corpl. Watkins, William A
D.A. Taylor, Clysses A	Pyt. Watson, John M
Pyt. Taylor, Wilbert	Pyt. Watt. Amos
Pyt. Tebarri, Thomas	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Wayne, Harry M. G.
Corpl. Terry, Herbert O	Pyt. Weaver, Howard F
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Thomas, James CD	Pvt. Webb, Marion F
	Corpl. Weddle, Henry SF
Corpl. Thompson, Myron B K Pyt. Thompson, William J	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Weir, George EM
Pyt. Thompson, Witham J	Corpl. Wertz, James F
Pyt. Tibbetts, Lester L H	Pvt. Westmoreland, William LA
Pyt. Tidler, Lester E	Pyt. Whetzel, Jasper L K
Sergt, Tillman, Owen E	Pyt. Whetzel, Lory F K
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Tinder, Frank G G	Pvt. (1st Cl.) White, Ellis C
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Todd, Charles IIE	Pyt. White, Leander V.
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Torrance, David KG	Pyt. Wilburn, Eugene
Pyt. Triplet, Roy M	Pvt. Wiley, Leon E
Pyt Trollinger, Clarence E	Pvt. (1st Cl.) Willard, ElmerE
Corpl. Troy, Clinton J E	Pyt. Williams, Cecil G
Pyt. Trusler, Cal II.	Pvt. Williams, George E M. G.
Pyt. Tuck, Oscar LF	Corpl. Williams, Lee
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Tull, Fred R	Sergt, Williamson, William R H
Pyt. Tullie, LouisK	Corpl. Williams, Raymond
Pyt. Turbis, Walter	Pvt. Williams, Henry R M
Corpl. Turner, Aldine H L.	Pvt (1st CL) Wilson, James TD
Mechanic Turner, Clarence K D	Pyt. Wilson, Nicholas P
Pyt. Turner, Henry E	Pvt. Wittman, Gerard P
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Turner, William MH	Pvt. (1st CL) Wolf, JohnK
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Turner, Ward J B	Pvt. Wolf, Grover
Sergt, Twyman, Marshall G	Pvt Wolfe, Charles RL
Pvt. Upshaw, Ernest LB	Pyt. (1st CL) Wood, Ceeil G
Pvt Utz, Robert EE	Pvt Wood, John D M. G.
Sergt. Vance, Ralph	Sergt Wood, Percy C M
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Vaughan, James ML	Pvt. Woodall, George A
Pvt. Vaughan, James W K	Pvt. Woodruff, WilbertE
Corpl. Vencill, Weaver	Pyt. Woodward, Charles E
Pvt. Virgona, Domenico	Corpl. Woodward, William H
Pvt. Vitarelli, Antonio	Pvt. Woolridge, Albert
Pvt. Vollmer, William(r	Pyt. Worsham, Granville
Pvt. Volpe, Vito	Pvt. Wright, James H
Pvt. (1st Cl.) Voltz, William RG	Pvt. Yancey, Arthur V A
Sergt. Wagstaff, Samuel T	Corpl Yates, James E
1st Sergt Waidley, Frank H	Suo. Sergt. Yoder, William F
Pyt. Wakefield. Benjamin M	Corpl. Yerabek, Frank J M. G.
Pyt. (1st Cl.) Waldron, Thomas ND	Pyt (1st Cl.) Young, Ralph GG
Pvt. Waller, Columbus GE	Corpl Youngblood, Russell C A
Pyt (1st Cl.) Walthall, James 11G	Pyt Zrockalski, James F
	Pyt. Zwein, Joseph

APPENDIX V

Record of Operations of the 318th Infantry Regiment

SEPTEMBER 25-20, 1018-OCTOBER 12, 1018

Covering Attack North of Bethencourt-Suptranges-Nantillois

> Maps—Mezieris 1 50,000 Verdun A 1 20,000 Verdun B 1 20,000

1018.

Sept. 25 Regiment in camp in Bots 10's Sartelles.

Marched at 7 P. M. to camp south of Vionivhie-Germonville road, north of the Bouchet Woods (6160), via Fromerfyelle.

Order of March:

Headquarters Company (st Battalion, M. G. Co. attached 2nd Battalion 3rd Battalion Supply Company

Last units in camp at 11:30 P M., at which hour artillery preparation along the whole front commenced.

Sept 26—Order received over telephone to be in readmeess to move at 5:30 A. M. (150th Brigade in reserve.)

At 6 A. M. troops formed by battalions and held in readiness to move.

Assignment of Units:

Attack: 1st Battalion (with 1)2 platoons M. G.'s, 12 platoon Pioneers, 2 Stokes Mortars and 2 37-mm, guns, attached) constituting attacking battalion.

Support: 2nd Battalion (with 1 37-mm, gun and 2 Stokes Mortars, attached) constituting supporting battalion.

Reserve—3rd Battalion—less detachment of 3 platoons for flank haison, 12 platoon for carrying party for 37-mm, guns, 1 platoon for 313 M. G. Battalion for carrying party.

Verbal order over telephone at 7:30 Å. M. to move at once and take over 317th Infantry P. C. at Pt. 8881—Visoux B.

Movement completed at 8:30 A. M.

Battalions located in ravine southeast in Square 87 (northeast of Vigneville). Remained there in readiness until about 2-30 P. M. (Order to move which should have reached the regiment at about 10.30 Å. M. not received until 2 P. M.

At 2.30 P. M. on verbal order given to Colonel Worrilow, moved to new position at Hill 205 on Bethincourt-Esnes Road, one kilometer south of Bethincourt. Movement made along western boundary line of the division, a distance of six kilometers

Headquarters Company and Staff arrived at Hill 205 at 5 P. M.

At 5/15 P. M. note received directing 318th Regiment to proceed a distance of two kilometers to a position north and east of Bethincourt.

Arrived Bethincourt 5:45 P. M. and received verbal order from Commanding General, 150th Brigade, to proceed to Cursy and report to Commanding General, 4th Division. Distance, 4[†]2 kilometers.

Movement completed by regiment by 2 A. M. morning of 27th.

Delay caused by traffic congestion at Bethincourt,

Troops bivonaced for night in ravine east of Cursy and north of Cursy-Bethincourt Road. P. C. on steps of church in Cursy night of 20 27th.

Sept 27--On verbal order Commanding General, 4th Division, this regiment attached to the 8th Brigade and constituted Brigade Reserve.

Troops moved into trenches on hill just south of CUISY-BETHINCOURT Road, and orders issued to be in readiness to move on a moment's notice.

By order of Commanding General, 8th Brigade, one company ("C" Company) sent on outpost duty to west of Cursy.

Conditions unchanged balance of day and night.

- Sept. 28—Colonel Worrilow called to Brigade Fleadquarters at 2:30 A. M. and returned with orders. Field Order No. 1 sent out at 3:30 A. M. to all units, and unit commanders assembled at P. C. at CA. M. Division order received at 4 A. M. cancelling Brigade order. Troops held in readiness until 3:15 P. M., at which time, upon verbal order C. G., 8th Brigade.
 - 1st Battalion with attached units, namely, 2 37-mm, guns, 2 Stokes Mortars, ½ Pioneer Platoon, were ordered to leave packs and report at once to C. O., 59th Infantry Regiment at P. C. at about 5286—Verdun A. (Northeast of Cursy.)
 - Ba'ance of regiment, less packs, to proceed to Siptsarges and take up position as outpost north and west of Siptsarges, in accordance with written orders of Commanding Officer, 318th Regiment, as follows:

To "Hatheld" (2nd Battalion) Commanding Officer:

"You will post your battaion and Machine Gun Company, attached, as an ontpost to the north and west of Septsarges, so as to protect the left flank of 'Dixon' (50th Infantry) from possible counter-attack from the west or northwest. Take up a position in general from 2001-3103. You will be supported by the 3rd Battalion, disposed in depth to north and west of Septsarges."

- To Hanseom (3rd Battalion) Commanding Office)
- "You will post your battalion to the north and west of Sept Mac, along the general line 30(2-38)3 in support of the 2nd Battalion, in CMI of a possible counter-attack from the west or northwest."
- Regimental P. C. closed at Cr (sy at 4/30 P. M. and opened up in School building in Septsakors at 6 P. M.
- Sept. 20— At 2 A M. attack order of the 8th Brigade received. Did not affect this regiment Received order 7 20 A M. from C. G., 8th Brigade, to maintain communication with elements of 58th and 50th Infantry Regiments, but remain in position until further orders.
 - 8 A. M. ordered to send patrols to NANTHOOS and ascertain whether town was occupied by troops of 70th Division. 2nd Battalion was ordered to send patrols.
 - At 9:10 P. M. notified that "Deacon" and "Dixon" (58th and 50th Infantry) did not attack as planned; positions unchanged.
 - and Battalion moved from their first position to Hill 205. 3rd Battalion remained in approximately same position first taken.
 - At 11:20 P. M. order received that no attack would be made the following day, and time should be spent in consolidation and reorganization.
 - Vote.—On 20th, 1st Battalion, attached to 50th Regiment, which attacked in the morning, found themselves in the front line, instead of in support, due to the fact that units of the 58th and 50th Infantry did not get started on time to follow the rolling barrage. Battalion rather badly shot up, but managed to hold its ground and gave a good account of itself.
- Sept 30--Day largely spent in reorganization and consolidation and sending out patrols to obtain information of flank units, which was secured and proved of considerable value
- Oct. 1—Positions un hanged and no action beyond patrolling and reconnaissance. Were, is on previous days, under intermittent shelling, which resulted in a number of casualties—including the death of Captain Crum.
- Oct. 2—Nothing special. Details of about ½ platoon sent to "Denver" (8th Brigade) as liaison agents. Shelling continuous. Otherwise quiet day.
- Oct. 3--At about 9 A. M. order received from 8th Brigade for 318th Infantry, less 1st Battalion, to proceed at once to CC(sV) three kilometers. Special units attached to 1st Battalion were ordered to return to their company.
 - Move began at 10 A. M. by separate units and was completed by 1 P. M. Regiment located in ravine south of Cuisy-Bethincourt Road, about two kilometers southeast of Cuisy.
 - At 1:30 P. M. Colonel Worrilow receives verbal order, C. G., 150th Brigade, to have majors make reconnaissance of ground between CUSY and NANTILIOIS preparatory to taking up position there night of 3, 4th.
 - Verbal order, Commanding General, 150th Brigade-this regiment proceeded at

- o P. M. to Nantillots, 6 kilometers. 2nd Battalion (with Machine Gun Company, 2-37-mm, guns, 2 Stokes Mortars and 1/2 Pioneer Platoon, attached) formed the attacking battalion with orders to proceed to Nantillots and relieve two companies of 4th Infantry, 3rd Brigade, at that time holding the front line or ridge immediately north of Nantillots.
- 3rd Battalion with 1 37-nan, gun, 2 Stokes Mortars, attached, formed the supporting battalion (less detachments, amounting to one company and three platoons).
- Regimental P. C. closed at position southeast of CUSY at 8 P. M. and opened in Nantillois along Nantillois-Brieulles Road, at 3 A. M.
- Oct. 4—Conference of Battalion Commanders with Regimental Commander at 4 A. M., at which conference the final orders of Brigade and Regiment were issued. Attack scheduled to be preceded by barrage of 20 minutes, same to start at 5:25 A. M., October 4, 1018.
 - Barrage actually started at 5:45 A. M.
 - 318th Infantry in position and ready to move at 4:30 A. M. Moved out behind barrage and reached Hill 274 at 7:30 A. M.
 - Up to 7 A. M. 317th Infantry had not crossed the hill immediately north of NANTILIOIS, namely, the starting position, which left the right flank of the 318th Infantry in the air.
 - At 7:35 A. M. message No. 2 from 2nd Battalion stated, "No signs of 317. I am enfiladed 3 ways on hill by machine guns--Wise."
 - At 7:50 A. M. message No. 4 from 2nd Battalion, "Held up by machine guns in Bois des Ogons, rear slope, under observation and heavy shelling. You must turn wood from right or left—Wise."
 - At 8 A. M—"Practically all of 3rd Battalion has been sent by me to my right—Wise."
 - Message No. 1 to "Hattield" (2nd Battalion): "Harper 'One' (C. O., 317th Infantry) states his battalion not yet in position—Worrilow." Time 5:55 A.M.
 - Note.—2nd Battalion attacked with "F" Company on right, "G" Company on left—1st wave; with "E" and "H" Companies—2nd wave. Leading platoons of "F" and "G" Companies entered the Bois des Ogons—no troops on right or left. Remainder of battalion unable to advance and leading elements either wiped out or forced to withdraw, due to machine gun fire from 3rd and 4th Division sectors and from fme. de Madeleine and la Ville aux Bois Farm to north. All company commanders lost during morning. 3rd Battalion in position in ravine 500 meters south of NanthLois. Advance of 1 kilometer was made before attack was stopped by enflade machine gun fire from right flank.
 - e 21 A. M.—"Hammond" (318th Inf.) to "Hanscom" (3rd Bn.): "Prevent your battation being absorbed by attacking battation—'Harper' (317th Inf.) is advancing on your right."
 - Above sent in reply to "Hatheld's" message of 8:45: "Practically all of Hanscom has been sent by me to my right."
 - From "Harold" (150th Brigade) to "Hammond One," 0:50 A. M.: "Units on

TOTS

- right and left asked to assist you. Reserve battalion directed to report to Harper' (317th) for duty"
- From "Harold One" to "Hammond One" (C. O., 318th), to A. M. "One battalien 31cth Infantry ordered to report to you. 313th M. G. Battalion (2 companies) ordered to report to 'Harper.' Push."
- Hammond One" to "Hanseom One" (3rd Bn.), 11-40 Å M. "Support attack of 'Hatfield' on Bois des Ogons from west, withdraw your support after the attack"
- "Hammond One" to "Harold One" (150th Bgc), 12.41 P. M.: "Request counterbattery work on batteries east of Mense."
- 3 45 P. M. "Hamilton One" (C. G. 80th Divn.) to "Halibut One" (C. O. 2nd Bn. 3(0th)); "Move your battalion within regimental sector, two companies in first wave, two in second wave. Pass through 2nd and 3rd Battalions, 'Hammond,' and attack Bois des Ogons following barrage which will start at 4:30 P. M.
- 7/15 P. M.—"Halibut One" to "Hammond One"; "Troops now advancing to Bois des Ogons. Will keep you informed."
- 8 (5 P. M. "Hamilton" (C. G., 86th Div.) to "Haver One" (C. O., 1st Bn., 3(8th); "Hold your battalion in readiness to move to left of 'Hamilton' sector in support."
- Oct 5-12.25 A. M. ""Halibut" to "Hammond": "Two companies in wood to left of line running through center of division sector."
 - 5 30 A. M.—"Halibut" to "Hammond": "Battalion in woods with companies of 317th and 318th. Unable to mop up machine guns. Have no support left." 9:15 A. M.—Authorizing use of "Haver" as right flank of 150th Brigade to attack through Bors be Pays.
 - 10 A. M.-Order to "Haver" to attack through Bois de Pays.
 - 10.05 A. M.-"Halibut" to "Hammond": "My battalion and 317th have retired from woods, due to M. G. are from north and northwest."
 - 2:30 P. M.—Phone message from "Harold" (150th Bge.) "Re: Second attack on Bors des Ogons preceded by heavy barrage."
 - 7:15 P. M.-"Hatfield" to "Hammond" (C. O. 2nd Fn. to C. O. 318th): "Halibut entered woods in good order, following barrage."
 - 8:45 P. M.—Report from "H" Company: "Halibut has reached objective and is digging in."
- Oct. 0--12.05 A. M.—"Hammond" to "Haver": "You will take your battalion to area southeast of Montfaucon."
 - 10 38 A. M—"Harold" to "Hammond" "Organize Hill 274 as a strong defensive position and send stokes mortars out to combat pill boxes in your front."
 - 1) 50 A. M.—"Harold" to "Hammond": "Have 'Halibut' withdraw temporarily to permit artillery concentration on pill boxes." This was done and ground reoccupied and reorganized.
 - 2.30 P. M.—"Hammond" to "Halibut": "Re. Reorganization of ground in Bois des Ogons.
 - Relief of "Hammond" by "Haddie" (310th Infantry) completed at 12 midnight and regiment, less 1st Battalion (already moved), proceeded to area southeast of Unisy and south of Cursy Bethincoart Road.

- Oct. 7-In bivouac southeast of Cuisy resting and checking up organization.
- Oct. 8-Moved to area south of Montfaucon at 10 A. M. (Bois de Cuisy).
- Oct. o-In bivouae in area south of Montfaucon. Moved into Bois de Cuisy south of Malancourt.
- Oct. 10-In camp in Bois de Cuisy south of Malancourt.
- Oct. 11—In camp in Bois de Cuisy south of Malancourt. Had battalion maneuver attacking machine gun nests, witnessed by all officers and non-commissioned officers of the regiment.
- Oct. 12—Regiment left Bois de Cuisy at 4:45 P. M. and proceeded to Bois de Hesse by marching. All troops and transport in camp by 10 P. M.

E. H. LITTLE,

Captain, Infantry, U. S. A., Operations Officer.

APPROVED:

C. L. MITCHELL,

Licut.-Col., Inf., U. S. A., Commanding.

APPENDIN VI

Divisional, Brigade and Regimental Attack Orders

MEUSE-ARGONNE OFFENSIVE, NOVEMBER 1-8, 1918

P. C. HAMILTON, A. E. F. (Post Command—Soth Division) 2nd November, 1918

Field Order No. 31

Mais: Buzancy-1 20,000 Raucourt-1 20,000

- 1. The enemy on our front continues his retreat. The American First Army continues the advance to-morrow, in conjunction with the 4th French Army. The American 5th Corps, 2nd Division, advances on the right and 77th Division on the left of the 80th Division.
- 2. This division will continue the attack at 5:30 A. M. to-morrow and push forward artillery, gain and maintain contact with the enemy and attack him vigorously whenever found.

The Eastern Boundary of the Division and of 1st Army Corps: "Sivry-lez-Buzancy inclusive, Buzancy inclusive, E 6786, V 0800, Vaux en Dieulet inclusive, V 2020, Beaumont exclusive.

The Western Boundary of the Division: Thenorgues exclusive, Harricourt inclusive, Co-ordinates E 6780, E 6000, Fontendy exclusive, Z 7200, Z 8020, La Polka Eme, inclusive, Yongo.

- 3. (a) The 150th Brigade, with two battalions of 320th Infantry and attached artillery, will be the attacking Brigade. It will push forward in its present area and gradually attain its proper position within the divisional boundary stated in Par. 2. Combat liaison will be maintained with the units on the right and left.
- (b) The 160th Brigade, less two battalions of 320th Infantry and Machine Gun Battalion, will constitute the divisional reserve. Reorganization of units of the 160th Brigade will continue and it will be prepared to follow the attack on two hours' notice.
- (c) The remaining units of the division will continue their present tasks and await further orders.
- (d) The 157th Field Artillery Brigade will support the attack. Arrangements will be made with the Assistant Chief of 5 taff, G-3, at the forward P/C as to the details of the initial supporting artillery fire. Batteries will be pushed boldly forward and support the infantry by direct fire whenever practicable.
 - 4. No change in administrative arrangements.

5. P. C.'s of the leading Brigade and Regiments will be pushed forward as the troops advance. P. C. of the Division and 160th Brigade and the 157th Field Artillery Brigade will be at IMPCOURT.

A. CRONKHITE, Major-General.

P. C. HAROLD (Post Command—150th Infantry Brigade) American E. F. 2nd November, 1018

Field Order No. 15

- 1. Reports indicate enemy in full retreat. The First American Army continues its advance to-morrow, the 2nd Division advances on the right and the 77th Division on the left of the 80th Division.
 - 2. This division will continue its advance to-morrow.

The Eastern Boundary of the division Sivry lez Buzancy (incl.), Buzancy (incl.), E 0780, V 0800, Vaux en Dieulet (incl.), V 2020, Beaumont (excl.).

The Western Boundary of the division, Thenorgues (excl.), Harricourt (incl.), E 6780, E 6990, Fontenoy (excl.), Z ;200, Z 8020, LA Polka Fme. (incl.), Yong (incl.).

- 3. (a) The 156th Brigade will lead the advance and will push forward vigorously maintaining contact with the enemy at all times.
- (b) The advance will be made with the regiments side by side in column of battalions, the 317th Infantry on the right, the 318th Infantry on the left.
- (c) Regiments will be deeply echeloned, will maintain contact with adjoining units and will protect flanks by constant patrolling.
 - (d) The following troops are attached to the regiments:

318th Infantry: Companies B and C. 313th M. G. Bn., Battery F, 321st F. A. 317th Infantry: Companies A and D, 313th M. G. Bn., Battery E, 321st F. A.

Note.—The above attachments will enable each battalion to be organized as a complete combat unit, similar distribution of auxiliary arms within the regiments is suggested.

- (e) The rear battalion of each regiment will be subject to the orders of the Brigade Commander and will march as Brigade Reserve. (Battalions may be rotated in the advance but rear battalion will constitute reserve as above mentioned.)
- (a) Combat trains will accompany units. Field trains will follow at suitable distances.
 - (b) Details of supply arrangements will be issued later.
 - 5. (a) Axis of liaison—Sivry Lez Buzancy-Buzancy-Sommauthe.
 - (b) P. C. Brigade-SIVRY.

EDMUND A. BUCHANAN,

Lieut.-Col., Infantry, U. S. A., Commanding.

P C HAMMOND (Post Command-318th Infantry) American E. F. 2nd November, 1018

I ald Older

MAPS BUZANCY-1 20,000 RALCOURT 1 20,000

- I. The (50th Brigade continues the advance to-morrow in conjunction with the 1st Division on the right and the 77th on the left.
- 2. This regiment will advance on the western boundary of the 80th Division sector with 317th Infantry on our right. The regiment's sector is about one-half (12) of the divisional sector.
- 3. (a) The regiment, less 2nd Battalion (in Brigade Reserve) will advance in column of battalions, 3rd Battalion in advance, 1st Battalion in support. Each battalion with two (2) companies, side by side. The leading battalion will leave Sivky by 5 A. M. The supporting battalion will follow 1,500 meters in rear of advance battalion
 - (i) Zone of advance (see MAP).
- (c) Battalions will be disposed in depth, each battalion will protect its own flanks by combat patrols, composed of a detachment of infantry and a section of machine guns.
 - (d) The following units will be attached to the battalions:

To the 3rd Battalion: 2 Guns Battery F 321st F. A. Co. B. 313th Machine Gun Bn., 2 37-mm. guns, 2 Stokes Mortars, 12 Pioneer Platoon.

To the 1st Battalion: Co. C. 313th Machine Gun. Bn., t. 37-mm. gun, 2 Stokes Mortars.

To the 2nd Battalion: Machine Gun Co., 318th Infantry, 2 Stokes Mortars. Detachments from 2nd Bn. attached to M. G. Co. and 37-mm. Platoon will report back to 2nd Bn

- 4 Combat trains of 3rd and 1st Battalions will follow in rear of supporting battalion. Field trains as indicated later.
 - 5. (a) Axis of liaison Sinky the Buzaney-Buzaney-Sommauther.
 - (b) Regimental P. C. at Sivry until further notice.

TOXES. Colonel, Commanding.

APPENDIX VII

Report of Operations of 318th Infantry Regiment

NOVEMBER 1-8, 1918

Attention is invited to detailed report of operations of this regiment from November 1 to 8, 1018, inclusive.

The attack ordered by Field Order No. 16 these headquarters started at 5:20 A. M., November 3d, with the movement of the leading battalion (3d Battalion, Major Burdick commanding). About 8 A. M. the battalion moved forward on its objective, on the left of the 317th Infantry and right of 77th Division.

The attack continued during November 3d, 4th and 5th, the front line being relieved by the 1st Battalion (Major Sweeny commanding) on November 4th, and by the 2nd Battalion (Major Wise commanding) on November 5th.

The attack started from the HARRICOURT-BAR Road (0766-7565) and progressed until the regiment was passed through by the 18th Infantry, 1st Division, at 6:15 A. M., November oth, at 2315-3208-3800, after which the regiment was assembled at La Polka Farm.

The enemys' resistance consisted of fire from machine guns and 77s, and at the end, some 155s. It was moderately strong at many points during the advance, but the progress of the advance was retarded at only two points, the front of the woods in squares 94 and 04 and Hill 278, and the advance of the 2nd Battalion from La Bagnolle-Warniforet Road to the point at which it was relieved by the passage of lines executed by the 18th Infantry, 1st Division.

At the first mentioned points, squares 04 and 04 and Hill 278, the resistance from machine gun nests was sustained and very vigorous and necessitated the use of the supporting artillery. At the last mentioned point, LA BAGNOLLE-WARNIFORET Road, the enemy resisted vigorously from Hill 275 and the woods south of same, and this point was reduced by direct fire of our accompanying guns and battalion artillery.

There was delay in getting the accompanying guns into action on November 4th, due to the failure of these guns to report for duty in time to be of service. After this the support of the artillery was excellent throughout.

	CASUAI	LTIES		
	Killed	Wounded	Missing	Strength in Action
Officers	5	9	0	73
Men				

PRISONERS

4 Captured November 5th (13th Mecklenburg Dragoons (enemy rear cavalry).

CAPTURED MATERIAL

- 8 Field Guns, on side of road F Sto2 Brzyxcy i 20,000
- 1 Field Gun, Sommarthe.
- 2 Trench Mortars, Sommartine.
- 70 Heavy Machine Guns, depots Bar-les-Buzancy, Fonthary, Sommauthe read from Sommauthe to Les Pentes Samelles.
- 150 Light Machine Guns, same depots.
- 200 Machine Gun Carts
- 13000 Rounds Artillery Ammunition.
- 2000 to 3000 Rifles.
 - Many lumdred thousand rounds ammunition.
 - 1 Engineer dump of lumber and construction material at Yoxeq R. R. crossing.
 - 15 Hospital Wagons.
 - to Transport Wagons.
 - 1 Complete R. R. Station.
 - 2 Cavalry Mounts, complete.

TOWNS TAKEN OR OCCUPIED BAR, HARRICOURT, SOMMAUTUE, WARNICORET.

CONCLUSIONS

The work of all the units of this regiment was executed with commendable skill and speed, but our leading troops were many times delayed by the flanking elements not keeping up with our advance. Combat liaison was maintained throughout by the use of combat patrols from the supporting companies and support battalion, the line being practically continuous at all times

Liaison from the front to rear was excellent and the Regimental Commander was never at any period of the attack without control of the advancing troops. Weather conditions were deplorable and increased the arduous work of maintaining liaison, the advance being very rapid throughout and it being impossible to maintain wire communication forward. In this connection the Commanding Officer calls attention to the necessity of providing wire connection from Brigade to Regiment. The Regimental personnel being insufficient to work both to front and rear, all our wire was used constantly in keeping connection with brigade and left none for service forward to battalions.

Attention is invited to the fact that the mission given this regiment was accomplished with comparatively light casualties, considering the nature of the operation. This is attributed not only to the excellent judgment displayed by unit commanders, but to the employment of formations of companies in half-platoons, and the equalization and coordination of the arms of each half-platoon unit, which insured proper distances and intervals.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The Regimental Commander desires to express his great appreciation of the zeal and spirit of the officers and men of this regiment without exception during every phase of the action. Orders were promptly and intelligently executed, and the high degree of

mitiative and spirit shown by all ranks was very gratifying. The following officers and men are, in the opinion of the Regimental Commander, deserving of special mention and the divisional citation, for the efficient performance of duty during the progress of the operation:

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL MITCHELL

This officer was especially zealous in seeing that the orders of the Regimental Commander were carried out by the leading and support battalions. He accompanied the advance and established the advanced Regimental P. Cs. and by his example and influence aided materially the successful consummation of the operation.

Major Chaires Swiens

Commanding First Battalion

This officer displayed rare tactical ability in handling his battalion. He met with strong opposition at one point in his attack, and the fact that he gained ground with as few casualties as he had reflects great credit on his ability and judgment.

MAJOR CHARLES SWEENY

Commanding First Battalion

This officer gained his objective with dash and ability. He showed excellent tactical judgment and initiative in exploiting the success of his advance after reaching his objective, which action enabled the relieving troops of the 1st Division to make immediate progress without serious opposition.

MAJOR HENRY II. BURDICK

Commanding Third Battalion

This officer must be particularly commended, not only for his good tactical judgment in the advance of his battalion, but for the excellent control exhibited, which enabled him to maintain contact by putting in combat patrols when ordered by the Regimental Commander and establishing liaison with our flanks.

CAPTAIN EDWARD H. LITTLE

Regimental Operations Officer

This officer was of invaluable assistance to the Regimental Commander. He showed rare tactical ability during the action, and maintained a grasp of the situation that was of material assistance to the success of the operation.

CAPTAIN JOHN McBRIDE

Regimental Supply Officer

This officer, by his indefatigable zeal, was able to keep the regiment supplied during the advance, notwithstanding insufficient transportation, bad road conditions, and the extreme rapidity of the advance. It is an extreme comfort to me as Regimental Commander to know that the Supply Company of this regiment is in such able hands.

FIRST LIEUTINANT MARION S. BOISSIAU

Regimental Intelligence Officer

This young officer's services were of great value. His initiative and zeal were responsible for the prompt recept and dissemination of information and intelligence, and his functions were excellently performed.

First Lieutenant Juderson E. Brown Regimental Signal Officer

This officer was in charge of one of the most important functions of our advance, the duty of keeping the advancing troops in touch with the Regimental and Brigade Commanders. I recommend him for special consideration for duty excellently performed, often under fire and throughout under immeasurably difficult conditions.

H. C. JONES,

Colonel, Infantry, U. S. A., Commanding.

DETAILED REPORT COVERING OPERATIONS OF 318TH INFANTRY REGIMENT, NOVEMBER 1 TO 8, 1918

- Nov. 1—In camp on Chateau-Chenery-Cornay Road. Proceeded by marching to road fork 500 yards north of Fleville. Constituted Brigade Reserve.
- Nov. 2—Proceeded at 12 noon to ravine southeast of St. Juvin. 1:30 P. M. received memorandum to send reconnaissance parties to Surry-left-Buzancy, 13 kilometers. Troops in bivonac at 10 P. M. Ordered to attack following morning between 317th Infantry and 2nd Division. Order changed at 10 P. M. to attack between 317th Infantry and 77th Division. Field Order No. 16 issued covering attack. Lieutenant Niven killed and twelve (12) officers wounded about 11.50 P. M. by direct hit on building during conference on attack for following day.
 - P. Cs: road fork 500 yards north of Fleville till 12 noon, ravine southeast of St. Juvin until 3 P. M., Sivry-lez-Buzancy.
- Nov 3—Leading Battalion (3rd) under command of Major Burdick cleared Sinry-Lez-Buzancy at 5:20 A. M., moving into position on left of 317th Infantry at 7:15 A. M. Moved forward to the attack at 8 A. M., distance from camp to jump-off position 5 kilometers. Advanced during day from starting position on Harrocourt-Bar Road to country road running southeast from St. Pierremont (5 kilometers) with patrols north of St. Pierremont-Sommauther Road. Encountered considerable machine gun resistance from woods north of road fork in square 78 (Buzancy 1 50000).
 - Field Order No. 17 covering relief of 3rd Battalion by 1st Battalion (under command of Major Sweeny) and continuation of attack, issued. Runner with this message was captured at cross-roads 0123 at about 10 P. M., the other runner succeeded in escaping.
 - Order "Hammond to "Haver" (3)8th Infantry to 1st Battalion): 'Am requesting through Brigade for heavy artillery fire on woods north of parallel 05 to-night. Am arranging with supporting artillery for concentration on points of woods

as indicated on attached sketch (i. e., edge of woods in squares 04 and 04). If it can be arranged concentration will be laid down on indicated points between 8 and 8 30 A. M. This in anticipation of possible M. G. nests at those points."

P. Cs.: Sivry-lez-Buzancy until I. P. M., Bar. Forward P. C.-Fontenov,

Nov 4—3rd Battalion reported at 6-30 A. M. having mopped up machine guns on left. Relief of 3rd Battalion by 1st Battalion completed by 8 A. M. and attack started but unable to advance on account of M. G. fire from woods in squares 64 and 64 and Hill 278, which 77th Division had not taken and Hill 314 on our right. 1st Battalion flanked and took Hill 314 and town of Sommauthe, turning same over to "D" Company of 317th Infantry. Continued advance slowly during day and line at 6 P. M. was point 262-266, 77th Division held up along ridge 278 by M. G. and artillery fire. During night La Polka Fme, and Fme. D'Isly were captured in spite of strong resistance supported by flank fire from Hill 278. Advance to line 8150—Fme. D'Isly—6747-1142 in spite of heavy M. G. fire.

Field Order No. 18 co. ering relief and continuation of attack on November 5th. P. Cs.: Bar until 6 A. M., Fontenoy until 1 P. M., then point 9216

Nov. 5—Relief completed and attack started at 0:30 A. M. After overcoming brief M. G. resistance, 2nd Battalion advanced, in conjunction with 77th Division, through woods to LA BAGNOLLE-WARNIFORET Road, original objective, which was reached about 0:30 A. M. Four (4) prisoners were captured during advance (from 13th Mecklemburg Dragoons) and town of Warniforet was mopped up.

At 11.15 A. M. order was received stating that our new objective was the Yorko-Beat most Road. Western boundary line Yorko, inclusive, and eastern boundary La-Theraubent Farm. Order immediately dispatched to attacking and supporting battalions.

At 1:15 P. M. 2nd Battalion reorganized on LA BAGNOLIT-WARNIFORET Road and prepared to advance to new objective, with two companies, 3rd Battalion, advancing along Yoneq Road and two companies advancing along road running northeast from LE Gros Faux. In spite of heavy M. G. fire from Hill 275 and right flank and artillery hire from front, small advance was made. Position at 6 P. M. 0502-2002—LA THIBAUDINE Fine. During night patrols were sent to Hill 275 and towards Meuse and line advanced to 2315-3208-3800, at which point it was leap-frogged by 1st Division at about 6:15 A. M. P. Cs.: pt. 0216 till o A. M., Sommauthe till I P. M., pt. 1168 till relief complete.

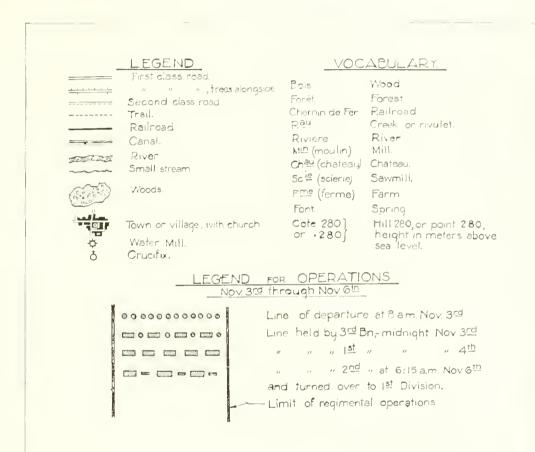
Nov. 6-Relief completed at 6:30 A. M.

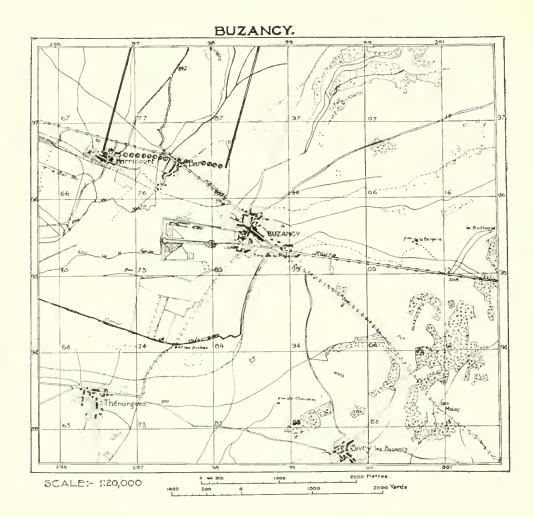
At 7:30 A. M. marched to LA POLKA Fine, and bivouaced.

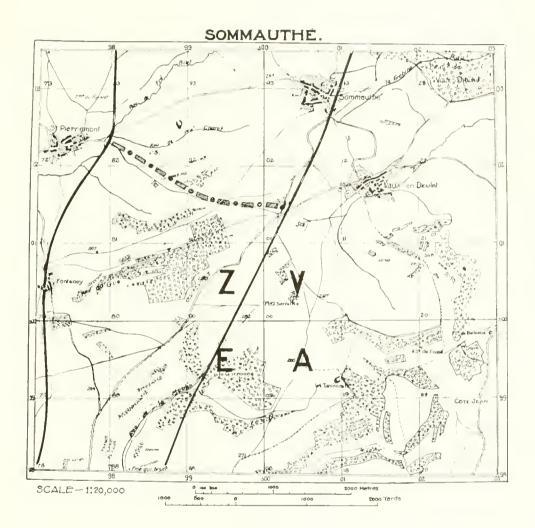
Nov. 7-In camp at Ly Polky Fme.

Nov. 8—Proceeded from LA Polka Fine, by marching at 8 A. M. to Briguenay. Regiment in billets might of 8th at Briguenay.

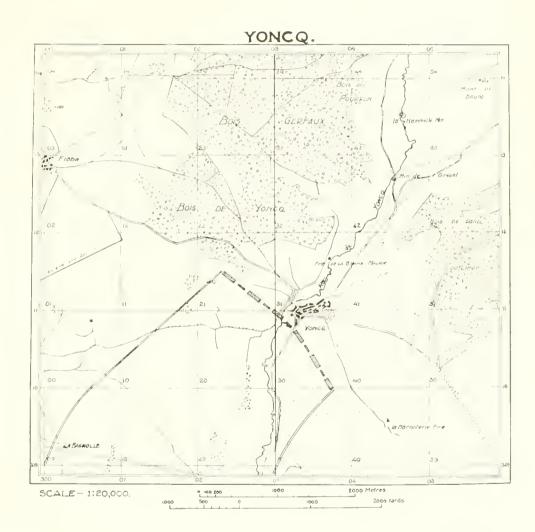
APPEXDIX VIII











APPENDIX IX

Casualties Occurring Between November 1st and November 11th, 1918

SECOND PHASE OF THE MEUSE-ARGONNE OFFENSIVE

KILLED IN ACTION, OR DIED OF WOUNDS RECEIVED IN ACTION

Pyt. Veith. Henry F	Pyt. Hagman, Julius B
WOUNDED	IN ACTION
2nd Lieut, Benson, Arthur R	Pyt. Colstad, Oscar E

WOUNDED IN ACTION—Continued



ABBREALATIONS

Battn Ba	Battalion = Battalion	G S Hg
Bde	. Brigade	Ini .
B. G	Brigadier-General	1. G
Brig. Gen	Brigadier-General	I.t
B. TO	Battalion Transport Officer	Lieut
Bty	Battery	Lt Col
Capt	Captain	L T M B Light
(°G)	Commanding General	Maj
(°, (),	Commanding Officer	M G
(()	Company	M.M
Criv.	Company	M O
€al. :	Colonel	X (() X
Corp.		0. 6
Cpl.	Corporal	Chir
	empany Quartermaster Sergeant	Th. /
	Chief of the Royal Engineers	P (
	Company Sergeant-Major	Pt
	Enlisted	Pyt.
		Pyt. r.cl.
		Q Mr
	(Farm)	R. F
		Regt
	General Officer(s) Command'g	Sergt
G-3	Operations Officer of a Division —	Sgt
	or higher unit	T. M

G S	Gener Statt
Hq	Headquarters
Int .	e Infantry
Hg Int L. G	Lewis Guin
l.t.	Lieutenant
Laure	Licenterment
Lt Col	Lientenant Colonel Light Trenel Mortar Battery
1 7 M B	Ludy Troud Morter Butters
Mai	Maior
Mari	Major Machine Gun
MM	Millimeter
M O	Modical Officer Non-Commissioned Officer
X ((),	Non-Commissioned Officer
17. 1	Unicer Communiquing
CHE	Othcer
OR	Other Ranks (Finlisted Men):
P (.	
Pt.	and the second s
Pvt.	Private
Pyt. r.cl.	Private Lirst Class
Q Mr	Quartermaster
Ř. F	Royal Engineers
Rest	Regiment
Serut	Regiment Sergeant
Sot	Sergeant
T \1	Trench Mortar









